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Photocouplers InGaAs Infrared LED & Photo Transistor

# **TLP387**

#### 1. Applications

- · Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs)
- I/O Interface Boards
- · Home Electric Appliances

#### 2. General

TLP387 is a photocoupler that consist of a InGaAs infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a darlington transistor. Housed in a SO6L (4 pin) package, it has a high noise immunity and a high insulation. With the high brakdown voltage between the collector and emitter, TLP387 is suitable in applications such as 100VDC output modules of programmable controllers.

#### 3. Features

- (1) Collector-emitter voltage: 300 V (min)
- (2) Current transfer ratio: 1000 % (min) (@I<sub>F</sub> = 1 mA, V<sub>CE</sub> = 1 V)
- (3) Isolation voltage: 5000 Vrms (min)
- (4) Operating temperature range: -55 to 110 °C
- (5) Safety standards

UL-approved: UL1577, File No.E67349

cUL-approved: CSA Component Acceptance Service No.5A File No.E67349

VDE-approved: EN60747-5-5, EN60065 or EN60950-1 (Note 1)

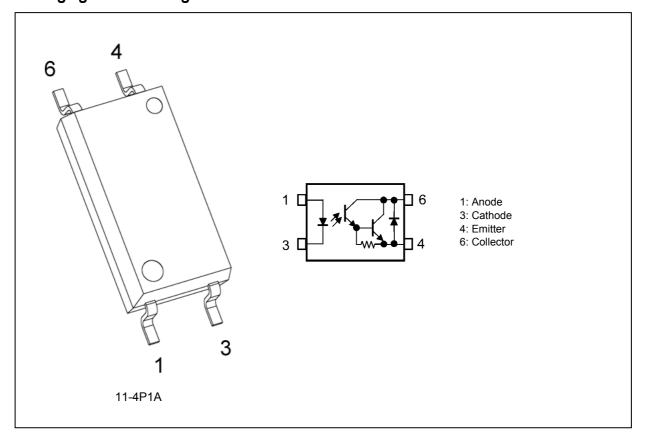
: EN62368-1 (Pending) (Note 1)

CQC-approved: GB4943.1, GB8898 Thailand Factory (Pending)



Note 1: When a VDE approved type is needed, please designate the **Option (D4)**.

## 4. Packaging and Pin Assignment



## 5. Mechanical Parameters

| Characteristics              | Min | Unit |
|------------------------------|-----|------|
| Creepage distances           | 8.0 | mm   |
| Clearance                    | 8.0 |      |
| Internal isolation thickness | 0.4 |      |



## 6. Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note) (Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)

|          | Characteristics                      |                                  | Symbol                      | Note     | Rating     | Unit  |
|----------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|------------|-------|
| LED      | Input forward current                |                                  | I <sub>F</sub>              |          | 50         | mA    |
|          | Input forward current derating       | $(T_a \ge 90  ^{\circ}C)$        | $\Delta I_F/\Delta T_a$     |          | -1.43      | mA/°C |
|          | Input forward current (pulsed)       |                                  | I <sub>FP</sub>             | (Note 1) | 1          | Α     |
|          | Input power dissipation              |                                  | $P_{D}$                     |          | 100        | mW    |
|          | Input power dissipation derating     | $(T_a \ge 90  ^{\circ}C)$        | $\Delta P_D/\Delta T_a$     |          | -2.85      | mW/°C |
|          | Input reverse voltage                |                                  | $V_R$                       |          | 5          | V     |
|          | Junction temperature                 |                                  | Tj                          |          | 125        | °C    |
| Detector | Collector-emitter voltage            |                                  | V <sub>CEO</sub>            |          | 300        | V     |
|          | Emitter-collector voltage            |                                  | V <sub>ECO</sub>            |          | 0.3        |       |
|          | Collector current                    |                                  | Ic                          |          | 150        | mA    |
|          | Collector power dissipation          |                                  | P <sub>C</sub>              |          | 150        | mW    |
|          | Collector power dissipation derating | $(T_a \geq 25~^{\circ}\text{C})$ | $\Delta P_{C}/\Delta T_{a}$ |          | -1.5       | mW/°C |
|          | Junction temperature                 |                                  | Tj                          |          | 125        | °C    |
| Common   | Operating temperature                |                                  | T <sub>opr</sub>            |          | -55 to 110 | °C    |
|          | Storage temperature                  |                                  | T <sub>stg</sub>            |          | -55 to 125 |       |
|          | Lead soldering temperature           | (10 s)                           | T <sub>sol</sub>            |          | 260        |       |
|          | Total power dissipation              |                                  | P <sub>T</sub>              |          | 250        | mW    |
|          | Total power dissipation derating     | $(T_a \geq 25~^{\circ}\text{C})$ | $\Delta P_T/\Delta T_a$     |          | -2.5       | mW/°C |
|          | Isolation voltage                    | AC, 60 s, R.H. ≤ 60 %            | BV <sub>S</sub>             | (Note 2) | 5000       | Vrms  |

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 1: Pulse width (PW)  $\leq$  0.1 ms, f = 1000 Hz

Note 2: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, and pin 4 and 6 are shorted together.

## 7. Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)

|          | Characteristics                     | Symbol               | Note | Test Condition                                  | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|----------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|------|---|-----|------|-----|------|
| LED      | Input forward voltage               | V <sub>F</sub>       |      | I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA                          | 1.1 | 1.25 | 1.4 | V    |
|          | Input reverse current               | I <sub>R</sub>       |      | V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V                            | _   | _    | 10  | μΑ   |
|          | Input capacitance                   | Ct                   |      | V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz                              |     | 30   | _   | pF   |
| Detector | Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub> |      | I <sub>C</sub> = 0.1 mA                         | 300 |      |     | V    |
|          | Emitter-collector breakdown voltage | V <sub>(BR)ECO</sub> |      | I <sub>E</sub> = 0.1 mA                         | 0.3 |      |     |      |
|          | Dark Current                        | I <sub>DARK</sub>    |      | V <sub>CE</sub> = 200 V                         | _   | 0.01 | 0.2 | μА   |
|          |                                     |                      |      | V <sub>CE</sub> = 200 V, T <sub>a</sub> = 85 °C | _   | _    | 20  |      |
|          | Collector-emitter capacitance       | C <sub>CE</sub>      |      | V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz                              | _   | 10   | _   | pF   |



## 8. Coupled Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, Ta = 25 °C)

| Characteristics                      | Symbol                              | Note | Test Condition                                  | Min  | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------|---|------|------|-----|------|
| Current transfer ratio               | $I_C/I_F$                           |      | I <sub>F</sub> = 1 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V    | 1000 | 4000 | _   | %    |
| Saturated current transfer ratio     | I <sub>C</sub> /I <sub>F(sat)</sub> |      | I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA, V <sub>CE</sub> = 1 V   | 500  |      |     | %    |
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>                |      | I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA, I <sub>F</sub> = 1 mA   | _    | _    | 1.0 | V    |
|                                      |                                     |      | I <sub>C</sub> = 100 mA, I <sub>F</sub> = 10 mA | 0.3  | _    | 1.2 |      |
| OFF-state collector current          | I <sub>C(off)</sub>                 |      | V <sub>F</sub> = 0.7 V, V <sub>CE</sub> = 200 V |      |      | 20  | μΑ   |

## 9. Isolation Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $T_a = 25$ °C)

| Characteristics                     | Symbol | Note     | Test Condition                      | Min                  | Тур.  | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|--------|----------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|-------|-----|------|
| Total capacitance (input to output) | Cs     | (Note 1) | V <sub>S</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz     | _                    | 0.6   |     | pF   |
| Isolation resistance                | Rs     | (Note 1) | V <sub>S</sub> = 500 V, R.H. ≤ 60 % | 1 × 10 <sup>12</sup> | 1014  |     | Ω    |
| Isolation voltage                   | BVS    | (Note 1) | AC, 60 s                            | 5000                 | _     | _   | Vrms |
|                                     |        |          | AC, 1 s in oil                      | _                    | 10000 | _   |      |
|                                     |        |          | DC, 60 s in oil                     | _                    | 10000 | _   | Vdc  |

Note 1: This device is considered as a two-terminal device: Pins 1 and 3 are shorted together, and pins 4 and 6 are shorted together.

## 10. Switching Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C)

| Characteristics | Symbol           | Note | Test Condition   | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|------------------|------|--|-----|------|-----|------|
| Rise time       | t <sub>r</sub>   |      | V <sub>CC</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>C</sub> = 10 mA,              | _   | 40   | _   | μS   |
| Fall time       | t <sub>f</sub>   |      | $R_L = 100 \Omega$   | _   | 15   | _   |      |
| Turn-on time    | t <sub>on</sub>  |      |  | _   | 50   | _   |      |
| Turn-off time   | t <sub>off</sub> |      |  | _   | 15   | _   |      |
| Turn-on time    | t <sub>on</sub>  |      | See Fig. 10.1  | _   | 5    | _   |      |
| Storage time    | t <sub>s</sub>   |      | $R_L = 180 \Omega$ , $V_{CC} = 10 V$ , $I_F = 16 \text{ mA}$ | _   | 40   | _   |      |
| Turn-off time   | t <sub>off</sub> |      |  | _   | 80   | _   |      |

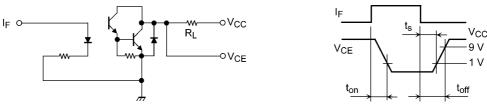


Fig. 10.1 Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveform

## 11. Characteristics Curves (Note)

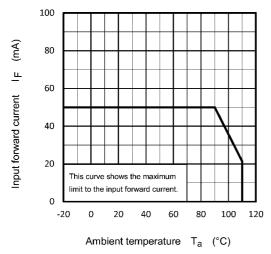
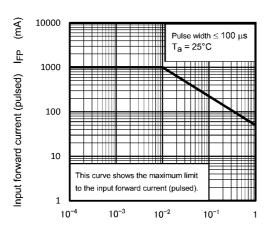


Fig. 11.1 I<sub>F</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>



Duty cycle ratio D<sub>R</sub> **Fig. 11.3** I<sub>FP</sub> - D<sub>R</sub>

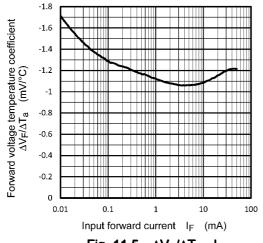
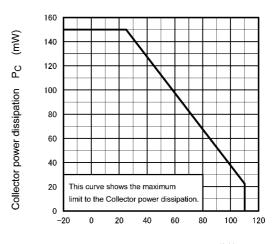


Fig. 11.5  $\Delta V_F/\Delta T_a - I_F$ 



Ambient temperature  $T_a$  (°C) Fig. 11.2  $P_C - T_a$ 

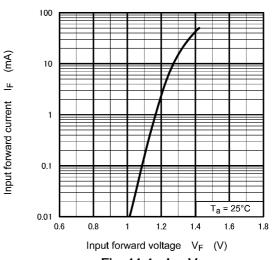


Fig. 11.4 I<sub>F</sub> - V<sub>F</sub>

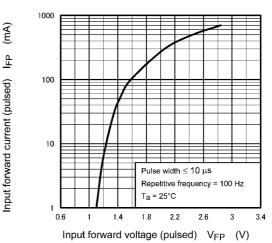


Fig. 11.6 IFP - VFP

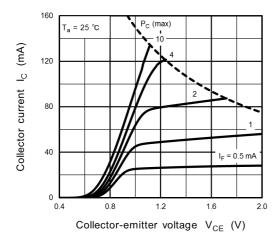


Fig. 11.7 I<sub>C</sub> - V<sub>CE</sub>

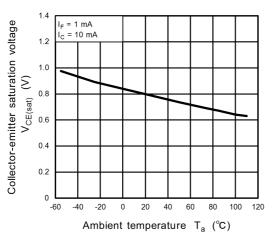


Fig. 11.9 V<sub>CE(sat)</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

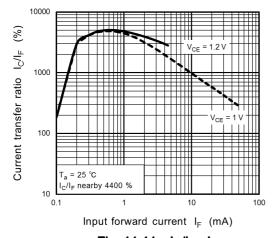


Fig. 11.11 I<sub>C</sub>/I<sub>F</sub> - I<sub>F</sub>

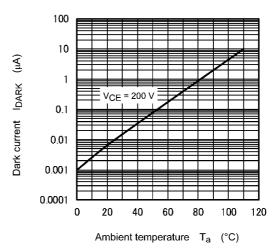


Fig. 11.8 IDARK - Ta

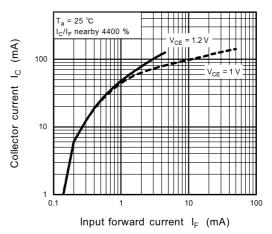


Fig. 11.10 I<sub>C</sub> - I<sub>F</sub>

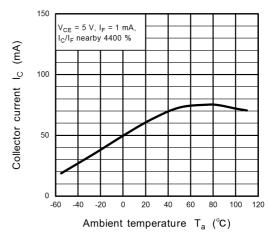


Fig. 11.12 I<sub>C</sub> - T<sub>a</sub>

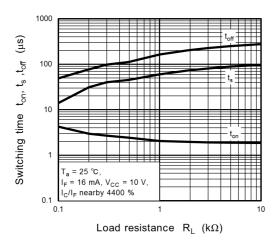


Fig. 11.13 Switching Time - RL

Note: The above characteristics curves are presented for reference only and not guaranteed by production test, unless otherwise noted.

### 12. Soldering and Storage

### 12.1. Precautions for Soldering

The soldering temperature should be controlled as closely as possible to the conditions shown below, irrespective of whether a soldering iron or a reflow soldering method is used.

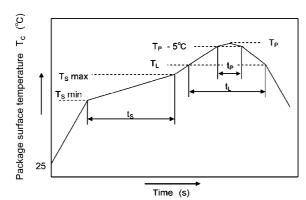
· When using soldering reflow.

The soldering temperature profile is based on the package surface temperature.

(See the figure shown below, which is based on the package surface temperature.)

Reflow soldering must be performed once or twice.

The mounting should be completed with the interval from the first to the last mountings being 2 weeks.



|  | Symbol         | Min | Max | Unit |
|--|----------------|-----|-----|------|
| Preheat temperature                                      | Ts             | 150 | 200 | °C   |
| Preheat time   | ts             | 60  | 120 | s    |
| Ramp-up rate (T <sub>L</sub> to T <sub>P</sub> )         |                |     | 3   | °C/s |
| Liquidus temperature                                     | TL             | 2   | 17  | °C   |
| Time above T <sub>L</sub>                                | tL             | 60  | 150 | s    |
| Peak temperature   | T <sub>P</sub> |     | 260 | °C   |
| Time during which $T_c$ is between $(T_P - 5)$ and $T_P$ | t <sub>P</sub> |     | 30  | s    |
| Ramp-down rate (T <sub>P</sub> to T <sub>L</sub> )       |                |     | 6   | °C/s |

Fig. 12.1.1 An Example of a Temperature Profile When Lead(Pb)-Free Solder Is Used

· When using soldering flow

Preheat the device at a temperature of 150 °C (package surface temperature) for 60 to 120 seconds. Mounting condition of 260 °C within 10 seconds is recommended.

Flow soldering must be performed once.

· When using soldering Iron

Complete soldering within 10 seconds for lead temperature not exceeding 260 °C or within 3 seconds not exceeding 350 °C

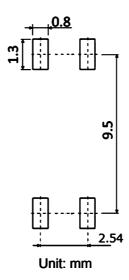
Heating by soldering iron must be done only once per lead.

#### 12.2. Precautions for General Storage

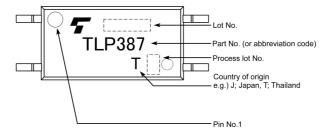
- Avoid storage locations where devices may be exposed to moisture or direct sunlight.
- Follow the precautions printed on the packing label of the device for transportation and storage.
- Keep the storage location temperature and humidity within a range of 5 °C to 35 °C and 45 % to 75 %, respectively.
- Do not store the products in locations with poisonous gases (especially corrosive gases) or in dusty conditions.
- Store the products in locations with minimal temperature fluctuations. Rapid temperature changes during storage can cause condensation, resulting in lead oxidation or corrosion, which will deteriorate the solderability of the leads.
- · When restoring devices after removal from their packing, use anti-static containers.
- · Do not allow loads to be applied directly to devices while they are in storage.
- If devices have been stored for more than two years under normal storage conditions, it is recommended that you check the leads for ease of soldering prior to use.



## 13. Land Pattern Dimensions (for reference only)



## 14. Marking



**TLP387** 



## 15. EN60747-5-5 Option (D4) Specification

Part number: TLP387 (Note 1)

• The following part naming conventions are used for the devices that have been qualified according to option (D4) of EN60747.

Example: TLP387(D4-TPL,E(T

D4: EN60747 option

TPL: Tape type (L direction)

E: [[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE (Note 2)

T: Domestic ID (Country/Region of origin: Thailand)

Note 1: Use TOSHIBA standard type number for safety standard application.

e.g., TLP387(D4-TPL,E(T  $\rightarrow$  TLP387

Note 2: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.

| Description   | Symbol   | Rating  | Unit     |
|---|--|---|----------|
| Application classification  |  | I-IV  | _        |
| for rated mains voltage ≤ 150 Vrms<br>for rated mains voltage ≤ 300 Vrms  |  | I-III   |          |
| Climatic classification   |  | 55 / 125 / 21   | _        |
| Pollution degree  |  | 2   | _        |
| Maximum operating insulation voltage  | VIORM  | 1230  | Vpeak    |
| Input to output test voltage, Method A $V_{pr} = 1.6 \times V_{IORM}, \text{ type and sample test} \\ t_p = 10 \text{ s, partial discharge} < 5 \text{ pC}$ | V <sub>pr</sub>                                      | 1970  | Vpeak    |
| Input to output test voltage, Method B $V_{pr} = 1.875 \times V_{IORM}, \ 100 \ \% \ production \ test$ $t_p = 1 \ s, \ partial \ discharge < 5 \ pC$       | V <sub>pr</sub>                                      | 2310  | Vpeak    |
| Highest permissible overvoltage (transient overvoltage, t <sub>pr</sub> = 60 s)   | V <sub>TR</sub>                                      | 8000  | Vpeak    |
| Safety limiting values (max. permissible ratings in case of fault, also refer to thermal derating curve)  | 1.   | 250   | mA       |
| current (input current I <sub>F</sub> , P <sub>SO</sub> = 0) power (output or total power dissipation) temperature  | I <sub>si</sub><br>P <sub>so</sub><br>T <sub>s</sub> | 400<br>150  | mW<br>°C |
| Insulation resistance $V_{IO}$ = 500 V, $T_a$ = 25 °C $V_{IO}$ = 500 V, $T_a$ = 100 °C $V_{IO}$ = 500 V, $T_a$ = $T_s$                                      | R <sub>si</sub>                                      | ≥ 10 <sup>12</sup><br>≥ 10 <sup>11</sup><br>≥ 10 <sup>9</sup> | Ω        |

Fig. 15.1 EN60747 Insulation Characteristics



Table 15.1 Insultion Related Specifications (Note)

| Insulation Related Specification | Symbol | TLP387 |
|----------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Minimum creepage distance        | Cr     | 8.0 mm |
| Minimum clearance                | CI     | 8.0 mm |
| Minimum insulation thickness     | ti     | 0.4 mm |
| Comparative tracking index       | CTI    | 175    |

Note: This photocoupler is suitable for **safe electrical isolation** only within the safety limit data.

Maintenance of the safety data shall be ensured by means of protective circuits.



Fig. 15.2 Marking on packing for EN60747

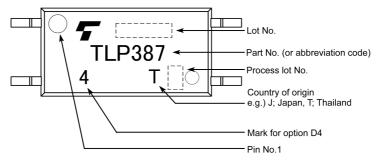
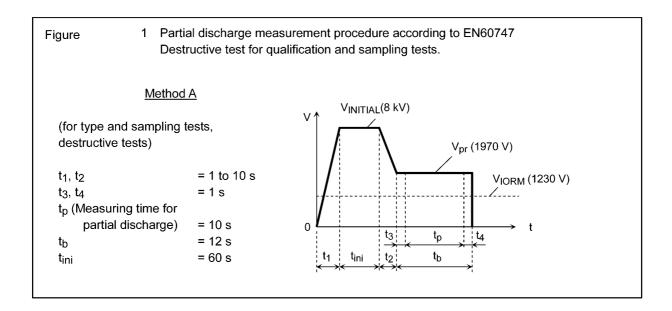
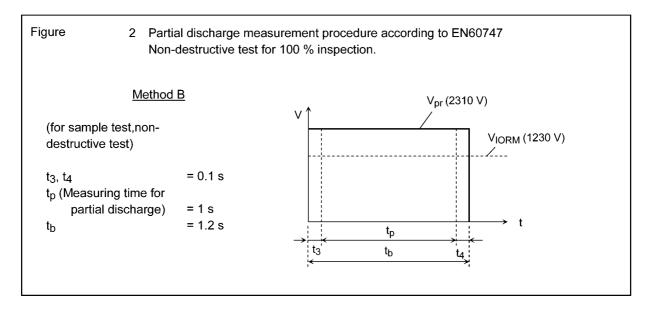


Fig. 15.3 Marking Example (Note 1)

Note 1: The above marking is applied to the photocouplers that have been qualified according to option (D4) of EN60747.





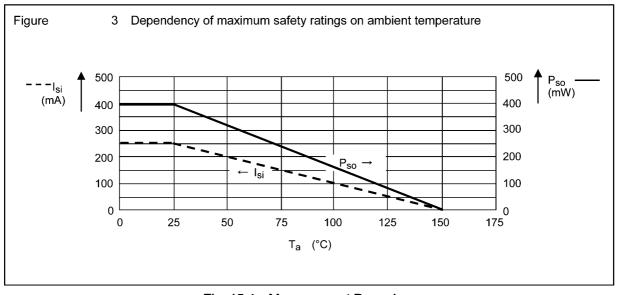


Fig. 15.4 Measurement Procedure



## 16. Embossed-Tape Packing (TPL),(TPR) Specification for Mini-Flat Photocouplers

## 16.1. Applicable Package

| Package Name | Product Type                    |
|--------------|---------------------------------|
| SO6L         | Long creepage mini flat coupler |

#### 16.2. Product Naming Conventions

Type of package used for shipment is denoted by a symbol suffix after a part number. The method of classification is as below.

Example) TLP387(TPL,E(T

Part number: TLP387 Tape type: TPL

[[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE: E (Note 1)
Domestic ID (Country of origin: Thailand): T

Note 1: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.

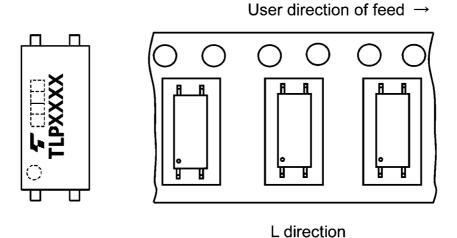


## 16.3. Tape Dimensions Specification

| Таре Туре | Division    | Packing Amount<br>(A unit per reel) |
|-----------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| TPL       | L direction | 3000                                |
| TPR       | R direction | 3000                                |

#### 16.3.1. Orientation of Device in Relation to Direction of Feed

Device orientation in the carrier cavities as shown in the following figure.



User direction of feed →

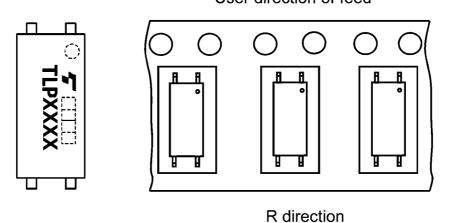


Fig. 16.3.1.1 Device Orientation

## 16.3.2. Empty Cavities

| Characteristics                                    | Criterion                | Remarks  |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Occurrences of 2 or more successive empty cavities | 0 device                 | Within any given 40-mm section of tape, not including leader and trailer |
| Single empty cavity                                | 6 devices (max) per reel | Not including leader and trailer   |

## 16.3.3. Tape Leader and Trailer

The start end of the tape has 25 or more empty cavities. The hub end of the tape has 20 or more empty cavities and 1 empty turns for a cover tape.



## 16.3.4. Tape Dimensions

Tape material: Plastic (for protection against static electricity)

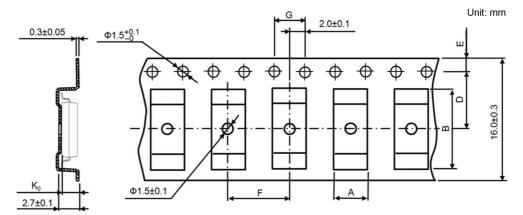


Fig. 16.3.4.1 Tape Dimensions

Table 16.3.4.1 Tape Dimensions (unit: mm, tolerance: ±0.1)

| Symbol         | Dimension | Remark   |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| Α              | 4.24      | _  |
| В              | 10.4      | _  |
| D              | 7.5       | Center line of embossed cavity and sprocket hole       |
| E              | 1.75      | Distance between tape edge and sprocket hole center    |
| F              | 8.0       |  |
| G              | 4.0       | Cumulative error +0.2/-0.3 (max) per 10 sprocket holes |
| K <sub>0</sub> | 2.4       | Internal space   |



## 16.3.5. Reel Specification

Material: Plastic

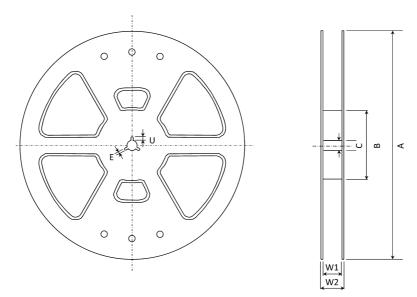


Fig. 16.3.5.1 Reel Dimensions

Table 16.3.5.1 Reel Dimensions (unit: mm)

| Symbol | Dimension  |
|--------|------------|
| Α      | φ330 ± 2   |
| В      | φ100 ± 1   |
| С      | φ13 ± 0.5  |
| E      | 2.0 ± 0.5  |
| U      | 4.0 ± 0.5  |
| W1     | 17.5 ± 0.5 |
| W2     | 21.4 ± 1.0 |

## 16.4. Packing (Note)

Either one reel or ten reels of photocouplers are packed in a shipping carton.

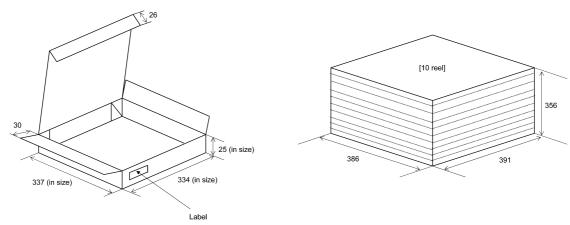


Fig. 16.4.1 1 reel/carton (unit: mm)

Fig. 16.4.2 10 reel/carton (unit: mm)

Note: Taping reel diameter:  $\phi 330 \pm 2 \text{ mm}$ 

#### 16.5. Label Format

- (1) Carton: The label provides the part number, quantity, lot number, the Toshiba logo, etc.
- (2) Reel: The label provides the part number, the taping name, quantity, lot number, etc.



## 16.6. Ordering Information

When placing an order, please specify the part number, tape type and quantity as shown in the following example.

Example) TLP387(TPL,E(T 3000 pcs

Part number: TLP387

Tape type: TPL (L-direction)

[[G]]/RoHS COMPATIBLE: E (Note 1)

Domestic ID (Country/Region of origin: Thailand): T Quantity (must be a multiple of 3000): 3000 pcs

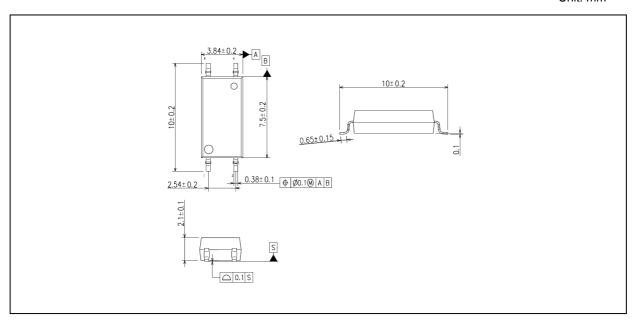
Note 1: Please contact your Toshiba sales representative for details on environmental information such as the product's RoHS compatibility.

RoHS is the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronics equipment.



## **Package Dimensions**

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.128 g (typ.)

|                  | Package Name(s) |
|------------------|-----------------|
| TOSHIBA: 11-4P1A |                 |



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