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Rail-to-rail high output current quad operational amplifiers with standby mode and adjustable phantom ground

Features

■ Rail-to-rail input and output

■ Low noise: 9 nV/\Hz

Low distortion

■ High output current: 80 mA (able to drive 32 Ω

■ High-speed: 4 MHz, 1.3 V/µs

■ Operating range from 2.7 to 12 V

 Low input offset voltage: 900 μV max. (TS925A)

■ Adjustable phantom ground (V_{CC}/2)

■ Standby mode

■ ESD internal protection: 2 kV

Latch-up immunity

Applications

Headphone amplifiers

■ Soundcard amplifiers, piezoelectric speakers

MPEG boards, multimedia systems

 Cordless telephones and portable communication equipment

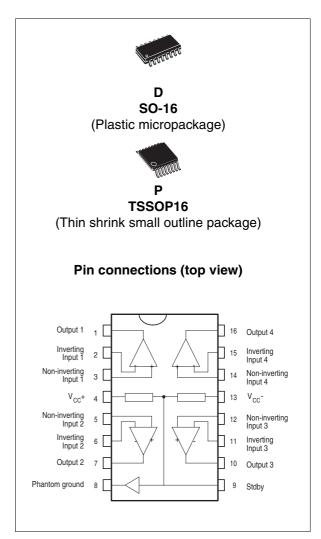
Line drivers, buffers

Instrumentation with low noise as key factor

Description

The TS925 is a rail-to-rail quad BiCMOS operational amplifier optimized and fully specified for 3- and 5-V operation.

High output current allows low load impedances to be driven. An internal low impedance phantom ground eliminates the need for an external reference voltage or biasing arrangement.



The TS925 exhibits very low noise, low distortion and high output current, making this device an excellent choice for high-quality, low-voltage or battery-operated audio/telecom systems.

The device is stable for capacitive loads up to 500 pF. When the STANDBY mode is enabled, the total consumption drops to 6 μ A ($V_{CC}=3~V$).

1 Absolute maximum ratings and operating conditions

Table 1. Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
VCC	Supply voltage (1)		14	V
Vid	Differential input voltage (2)		±1	V
V _i	Input voltage		V_{DD} -0.3 to V_{CC} +0.3	V
T _j	Maximum junction temperature		150	°C
R _{thja}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	SO-16 TSSOP16	95 95	°C/W
R _{thjc}	Thermal resistance junction to case	SO-16 TSSOP16	30 25	°C/W
		HBM Human body model ⁽³⁾	2	kV
ESD	Electrostatic discharge	MM Machine model ⁽⁴⁾	200	V
		CDM Charged device model	1	kV
	Output short circuit duration		See note ⁽⁵⁾	
	Latch-up immunity		200	mA
	Soldering temperature	10 sec, Pb-free package	260	°C

^{1.} All voltage values, except differential voltage are with respect to network ground terminal.

Table 2. Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage	2.7 to 12	V
V _{icm}	Common mode input voltage range	V_{DD} -0.2 to V_{CC} +0.2	V
T _{oper}	Operating free air temperature range	-40 to +125	°C

Differential voltages are the non-inverting input terminal with respect to the inverting input terminal. If Vid > ±1 V, the maximum input current must not exceed ±1mA. In this case (Vid > ±1V), an input series resistor must be added to limit input current.

^{3.} Human body model: 100pF discharged through a 1.5 $k\Omega$ resistor into pin of device.

^{4.} Machine model ESD: a 200 pF cap is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly into the IC with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5 Ω), into pin-to-pin of device.

^{5.} There is no short-circuit protection inside the device: short-circuits from the output to V_{cc} can cause excessive heating. The maximum output current is approximately 80 mA, independent of the magnitude of V_{cc} . Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous short-circuits on all amplifiers.

2 Electrical characteristics

Table 3. Electrical characteristics for V_{CC} = 3 V with V_{DD} = 0 V, V_{icm} = $V_{CC}/2$, R_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, T_{amb} = 25° C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DC perfo	ormance		•	•	1	
V _{io}	Input offset voltage	At T_{amb} = +25°C TS925 TS925A At $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$: TS925 TS925A			3 0.9 5 1.8	mV
DV _{io}	Input offset voltage drift			2		μV/°C
l _{io}	Input offset current	$V_{out} = 1.5V$		1	30	nA
l _{ib}	Input bias current	V _{out} = 2.5V		15	100	nA
CMR	Common mode rejection ratio	V_{icm} from 0 to 3 V $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	60	80		dB
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	$\begin{aligned} R_L &= 10k\Omega \\ R_L &= 600\Omega \\ R_L &= 32\Omega \end{aligned}$	2.90 2.87	2.63		V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	$\begin{aligned} R_L &= 10k\Omega \\ R_L &= 600\Omega \\ R_L &= 32\Omega \end{aligned}$		180	50 100	mV
A _{vd}	Large signal voltage gain	$\begin{aligned} &V_{out} = 2V_{pk\text{-}pk} \\ &R_L = 10k\Omega \\ &R_L = 600\Omega \\ &R_L = 32\Omega \end{aligned}$		200 35 16		V/mV
SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	$V_{cc} = 2.7 \text{ to } 3.3 \text{V}$	60	85		dB
l _o	Output short-circuit current		50	80		mA
I _{CC}	Total supply current	No load, $V_{out} = V_{cc/2}$		5	7	mA
I _{stby}	Total supply current in STANDBY	Pin 9 connected to V _{cc} -		6		μА
V _{enstby}	Pin 9 voltage to enable the STANDBY mode ⁽¹⁾	at $T_{amb} = +25$ °C at $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$			0.3 0.4	V
V _{distby}	Pin 9 voltage to disable the STANDBY mode ⁽¹⁾	at $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ at $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	1.1 1			V
AC perfo	ormance					
GBP	Gain bandwidth product	$R_L = 600\Omega$		4		MHz
SR	Slew rate		0.7	1.3		V/μs
Pm	Phase margin at unit gain	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$		68		Degrees

Electrical characteristics TS925

Table 3. Electrical characteristics for V_{CC} = 3 V with V_{DD} = 0 V, V_{icm} = $V_{CC}/2$, R_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, T_{amb} = 25° C (unless otherwise specified) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
GM	Gain margin	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$		12		dB
e _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1kHz		9		$\frac{\text{nV}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$V_{out} = 2V_{pk-pk},$ $f = 1kHz, A_{V} = 1,$ $R_{L} = 600\Omega$		0.01		%
Cs	Channel separation			120		dB
Phantom ground						
V _{pg}	Phantom ground output voltage	No output current	V _{cc/2} -5%	V _{cc/2}	V _{cc/2} +5%	V
I _{pgsc}	Phantom ground output short circuit current - sourced		12	18		mA
Z _{pg}	Phantom ground impedance	DC to 20kHz		3		Ω
E _{npg}	Phantom ground output voltage noise	$f = 1kHz$ $C_{dec} = 100pF$ $C_{dec} = 1nF$ $C_{dec} = 10nF^{(2)}$		200 40 17		$\frac{\text{nV}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$
I _{pgsk}	Phantom ground output short circuit current - sinked		12	18		mA

^{1.} The STANDBY mode is enabled when pin 9 is GROUNDED and disabled when pin 9 is left OPEN.

^{2.} C_{dec} is the decoupling capacitor on pin 9.

Table 4. Electrical characteristics for V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{DD} = 0 V, V_{icm} = $V_{CC}/2$, R_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, T_{amb} = 25° C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
DC perfo	ormance					
V _{io}	Input offset voltage	At T_{amb} = +25°C: TS925 TS925A At $T_{min.} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$: TS925 TS925A			3 0.9 5 1.8	mV
DV _{io}	Input offset voltage drift			2		μV/°C
I _{io}	Input offset current	$V_{out} = 2.5V$		1	30	nA
I _{ib}	Input bias current	$V_{out} = 2.5V$		15	100	nA
CMR	Common mode rejection ratio	V_{icm} from 0 to 5 V $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	60	80		dB
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	$\begin{aligned} R_L &= 10k\Omega \\ R_L &= 600\Omega \\ R_L &= 32\Omega \end{aligned}$	4.90 4.85	4.4		V
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	$\begin{aligned} R_L &= 10k\Omega \\ R_L &= 600\Omega \\ R_L &= 32\Omega \end{aligned}$		300	50 120	mV
A _{vd}	Large signal voltage gain	$V_{out} = 2V_{pk-pk}$ $R_L = 10k$ $R_L = 600\Omega$ $R_L = 32\Omega$		200 40 17		V/mV
SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	$V_{cc} = 3 \text{ to } 5V$	60	85		dB
Io	Output short-circuit current		50	80		mA
I _{CC}	Total supply current	No load, $V_{out} = V_{cc/2}$		6	8	mA
I _{stby}	Total supply current in STANDBY	Pin 9 connected to V _{cc} -		6		μΑ
V _{enstby}	Pin 9 Voltage to enable the STANDBY mode ⁽¹⁾	at $T_{amb} = +25$ °C at $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$			0.3 0.4	V
V _{distby}	Pin 9 voltage to disable the STANDBY mode ⁽¹⁾	at $T_{amb} = +25^{\circ}C$ at $T_{min} \le T_{amb} \le T_{max}$	1.1 1			V
AC perfo	ormance					
GBP	Gain bandwidth product	$R_L = 600\Omega$		4		MHz
SR	Slew rate		0.7	1.3		V/µs
Pm	Phase margin at unit gain	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$		68		Degrees
GM	Gain margin	$R_L = 600\Omega$, $C_L = 100pF$		12		dB

Electrical characteristics TS925

Table 4. Electrical characteristics for V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{DD} = 0 V, V_{icm} = $V_{CC}/2$, R_L connected to $V_{CC}/2$, T_{amb} = 25° C (unless otherwise specified) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
e _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1kHz		9		$\frac{\text{nV}}{\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$\begin{aligned} &V_{out} = 2V_{pk-pk}, \\ &f = 1kHz, A_v = 1, \\ &R_L = 600\Omega \end{aligned}$		0.01		%
Cs	Channel separation 120		dB			
Phanton	n ground					
V _{pg}	Phantom ground output voltage	No output current	V _{cc/2} -5%	V _{cc/2}	V _{cc/2} +5%	V
I _{pgsc}	Phantom ground output short circuit current - sourced		12	18		mA
Z _{pg}	Phantom ground impedance	DC to 20kHz		3		Ω
E _{npg}	Phantom ground output voltage noise	$f = 1 \text{kHz}$ $C_{\text{dec}} = 100 \text{pF}$ $C_{\text{dec}} = 1 \text{nF}$ $C_{\text{dec}} = 10 \text{nF}^{(2)}$		200 40 17		<u>nV</u> √Hz
I _{pgsk}	Phantom ground output short circuit current - sinked		12	18		mA

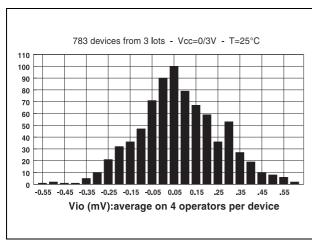
^{1.} The STANDBY mode is enabled when pin 9 is GROUNDED and disabled when pin 9 is left OPEN.

^{2.} C_{dec} is the decoupling capacitor on pin 9.

TS925 Electrical characteristics

Figure 1. Input offset voltage distribution

Figure 2. Total supply current vs. supply voltage with no load



5.5

4.4

4.4

3.3

3.3

1.1

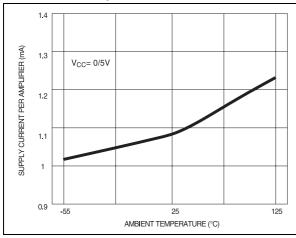
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SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V)

Figure 3. Supply current/amplifier vs. temperature

Figure 4. Output short circuit current vs. output voltage



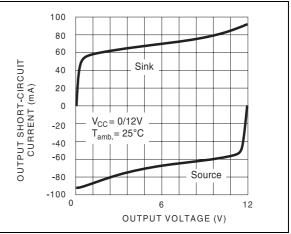
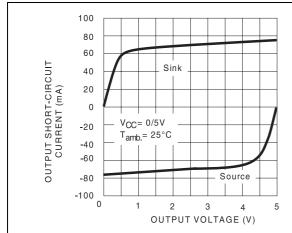
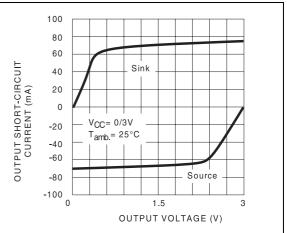


Figure 5. Output short circuit current vs. output voltage

Figure 6. Output short circuit current vs. output voltage

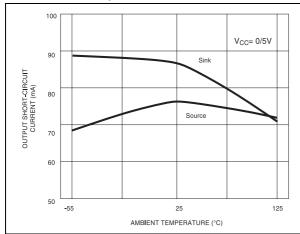




Electrical characteristics TS925

Figure 7. Output short circuit current vs. temperature

Figure 8. Voltage gain and phase vs. frequency



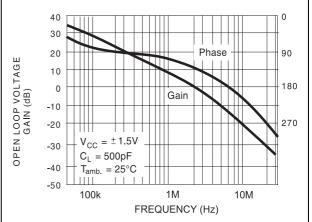
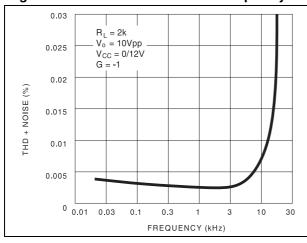


Figure 9. Distortion + noise vs. frequency

Figure 10. THD + noise vs. frequency



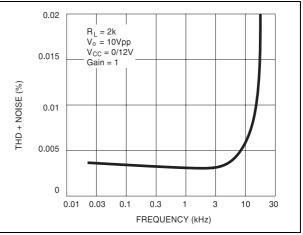
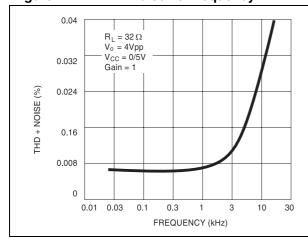


Figure 11. THD + noise vs. frequency

Figure 12. THD + noise vs. frequency



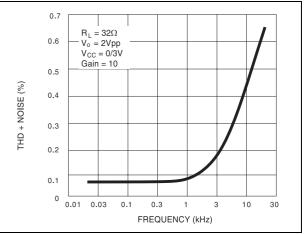


Figure 13. Equivalent input noise vs. frequency

18 1111111 $V_{CC} = \pm 1.5V$ 16 $R_S = 100\,\Omega$ en - EQUIVALENT INPUT NOISE VOLTAGE (nv/vHz) 14 $T_{amb.} = 25^{\circ}C$ 12 10 8 6 2 0 100 100k 10 1 k 10k FREQUENCY (Hz)

Figure 14. Total supply current vs. standby input voltage

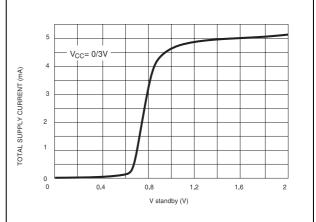
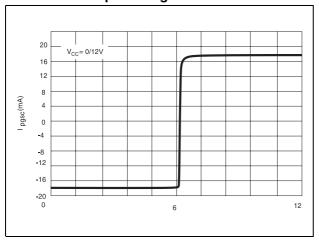


Figure 15. Phantom ground short circuit output current vs. phantom ground output voltage



3 Using the TS925 as a preamplifier and speaker driver

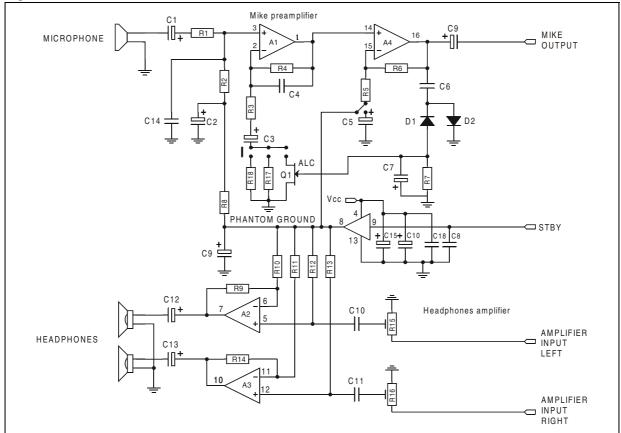
The TS925 is an input/output rail-to-rail quad BiCMOS operational amplifier. It can operate with low supply voltages (2.7 V) and drive output loads as low as 32 Ω

This section illustrates these features by providing an example of how the device can be used as a preamplifier and speaker driver.

The application circuit is shown in *Figure 16*.

- Operators A1 and A4 are used in a preamplifier configuration.
- Operators A2 and A3 are used in a push-pull configuration driving a headset.
- The phantom ground is used as a common reference level (V_{CC}/2).
- The power supply is delivered by two LR6 batteries (2 x 1.5 V nominal).

Figure 16. Electrical schematic



3.1 Preamplifier configuration

The operators A1 and A4 are wired with a non-inverting gain of respectively:

- A1# (R4/(R3+R17))
- A4# R6/R5

With the following values:

- R4 = 22 k Ω R3 = 50 Ω R17 = 1.2 k Ω
- R6 = 47 k Ω R5 = 1.2 k Ω

The gain of the preamplifier chain is therefore equal to 58 dB.

Alternatively, the gain of A1 can be adjusted by choosing a JFET transistor Q1 instead of R17. This JFET voltage controlled resistor arrangement forms an automatic level control (ALC) circuit, useful in many microphone preamplifier applications. The mean rectified peak level of the output signal envelope is used to control the preamplifier gain.

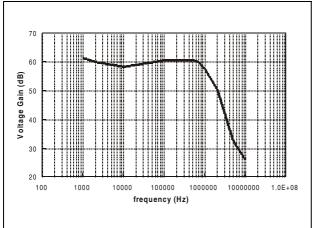
3.2 Headphone amplifier

The operators A2 and A3 are organized in a push-pull configuration with a gain of 5. The stereo inputs can be connected to a CD player and the TS925 can directly drive the head-phone speakers. This configuration shows the ability of the circuit to drive a 32 Ω load with a maximum output swing and high fidelity suitable for sound and music.

Figure 19 shows the available signal swing at the headset outputs: two other rail-to-rail competitor parts are employed in the same circuit for comparison (note the much-reduced clipping level and crossover distortion).

Figure 17. Frequency response of the global preamplifier chain

Figure 18. Voltage noise density vs. frequency at preamplifier output



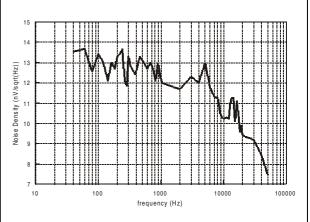
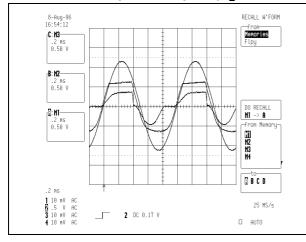
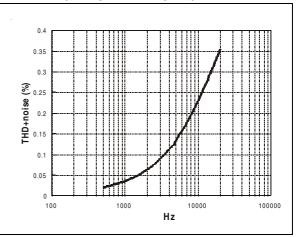


Figure 19. Maximum voltage swing at headphone outputs ($R_L = 32 \Omega$)

Figure 20. THD + noise vs. frequency (headphone outputs)





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TS925 Package information

4 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK[®] packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK[®] specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK[®] is an ST trademark.

Package information TS925

4.1 SO-16 package information

Figure 21. SO-16 package mechanical drawing

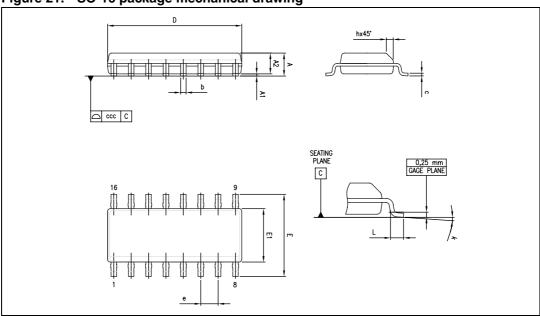


Table 5. SO-16 package mechanical data

Dimensions						
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches	
nei.	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
А			1.75			0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25			0.049		
b	0.31		0.51	0.012		0.020
С	0.17		0.25	0.007		0.010
D ⁽¹⁾	9.80	9.90	10.00	0.386	0.390	0.394
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244
E1 ⁽²⁾	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157
е		1.27			0.050	
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050
k	0		8			
ccc			0.10			0.004

Does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs not to exceed 0.15 mm in total.

Does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash or protrusions not to exceed 0.25 mm per side.

TS925 Package information

4.2 TSSOP16 package information

Figure 22. TSSOP16 package mechanical drawing

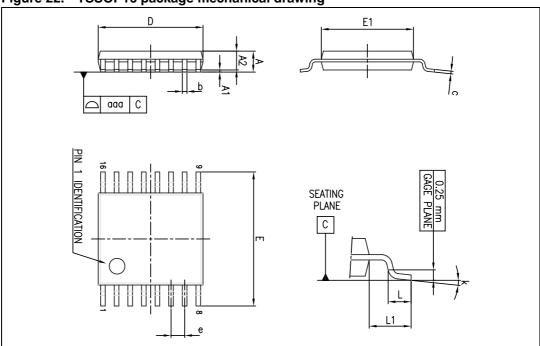


Table 6. TSSOP16 package mechanical data

			Dimer	nsions		
Ref.		Millimeters			Inches	
	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Α			1.20			0.047
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002		0.006
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	0.031	0.039	0.041
b	0.19		0.30	0.007		0.012
С	0.09		0.20	0.004		0.008
D	4.90	5.00	5.10	0.193	0.197	0.201
Е	6.20	6.40	6.60	0.244	0.252	0.260
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	0.169	0.173	0.177
е		0.65			0.0256	
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1		1.00			0.039	
aaa			0.10			0.004

Ordering information TS925

5 Ordering information

Order code	Temperature range	Package	Packing	Marking	
TS925ID/IDT		SO-16	Tube and tape & reel	925	
TS925IPT	-40°C to +125°C	TSSOP16	Tape & reel	9231	
TS925AID/AIDT	-40 C to +125 C	SO-16	Tube and tape & reel	925AI	
TS925AIPT		TSSOP16	Tape & reel	923AI	

TS925 Revision history

6 Revision history

Table 7. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
01-Feb-2001	1	Initial release. Product in full production.
01-Nov-2005	2	The following changes were made in this revision: Chapter on Macromodels removed from the datasheet. Data updated in <i>Table 3. on page 3</i> . Data in tables in <i>Electrical characteristics on page 3</i> reformatted for easier use. Minor grammatical and formatting changes throughout.
10-Mar-2009	3	Document reformatted. Removed DIP package information in <i>Chapter 4</i> and associated order codes in <i>Chapter 5</i> . Updated SO-16 and TSSOP16 package drawings and dimensions in <i>Chapter 4</i> .
28-Apr-2011	4	Modified CMR conditions in <i>Table 3</i> and <i>Table 4</i> .

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