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Technical Summary for

USB Multilink Universal, Rev. C (PART# USB-ML-UNIVERSAL) and USB Multilink Universal **FX**, Rev. B (PART# USB-ML-UNIVERSAL-FX)

Support for NXP Kinetis® · MPC55xx/56xx/57xx · ColdFire® V1/ColdFire+ V1 · ColdFire V2-4 · HCS08
RS08 · HC(S)12(X) · S12Z · DSC · MPC5xx/8xx (**FX only**) · HC16/683xx (**FX only**) · STMicroelectronics SPC5

Document# PE4576, Version 1.09

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1 Introduction

USB Multilink Universal & USB Multilink Universal FX

The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX are all-in-one debug interfaces which accelerate the debug and flash programming process, saving valuable development time. Both Multilinks provide access to debug modes on a wide range of NXP microcontroller families by communicating between the target device and a laptop/PC via the target's standard debug header and the laptop/PC's USB port.

FX Note: In addition, the USB Multilink Universal FX offers up to 10X faster download speeds and can provide target power. The greatest speed boosts occur when working with synchronous devices.

Each of the supported families of NXP microcontrollers are represented by headers located inside the unit. The headers for Ports A-D & **Port H (FX only)** are dual-row with a .100" pitch, and the headers for Ports F-G are dual-row with a .050" pitch. The pin-outs for these connections and the families that they support are shown below. Port E, the 16-pin JTAG/COP connector, is not currently supported.

PORT A - JTAG/ONCE	PORT B - STANDARD ARM	PORT C - BDM	PORT D - COLDFIRE BDM
MPC55xx/56xx/57xx, DSC, STMicroelectronics SPC5	Kinetis	RS08, HCS08, HC(S)12(X), ColdFire+ V1/ColdFire V1	ColdFire V2-4
TDI 1 • • 2 GND TDO 3 • • 4 GND TCK 5 • • 6 GND NC 7 • • 8 NC/KEY* RESET 9 • • 10 TMS TVCC 11 • • 12 GND RDY/NC* 13 • • 14 JCOMP/TRST* *DSC ONLY	TVCC 1 • • 2 NC TRST 3 • • 4 GND TDI 5 • • 6 GND TMS/SWD_DIO 7 • • 8 GND TCK/SWD_CLK 9 • • 10 GND NC 11 • • 12 GND TDO 13 • • 14 GND RESET 15 • • 16 GND NC 17 • • 18 GND NC 19 • • 20 GND	BGND 1 • • 2 GND NC 3 • • 4 RESET NC 5 • • 6 TVCC S12Z BGND 1 • • 2 GND PDO* 3 • • 4 RESET PDOCLK* 5 • • 6 TVCC * indicates optional signal	NC 1 • • 2 BKPT GND 3 • • 4 DSCLK GND 5 • • 6 TCK RESET 7 • • 8 DSI TVCC 9 • • 10 DSO GND 11 • • 12 PST3/PSTDDATA7 PST2/PSTDDATA6 13 • • 14 PST1/PSTDDATA5 PST0/PSTDDATA4 15 • • 16 DDATA3/PSTDDATA3 DDATA2/PSTDDATA2 17 • • 18 DDATA1/PSTDDATA1 DDATA0/PSTDDATA0 19 • • 20 GND NC 21 • • 22 NC GND 23 • • 24 PSTCLK TVCC 25 • • 26 TA

Universal/Universal FX Pin-Outs, Ports A-D

PORT F - MINI-20	PORT G - MINI-10	PORT H - BDM
Kinetis	Kinetis	HC16/683xx FX ONLY
TVCC 1 • • 2 TMS/SWD_DIO GND 3 • • 4 TCK/SWD_CLK GND 5 • • 6 TDO NC 7 • • 8 TDI NC 9 • • 10 RESET NC 11 • • 12 TRACE_CLKOUT NC 13 • • 14 TRACE_D0 GND 15 • • 16 TRACE_D1 GND 17 • • 18 TRACE_D2 GND 19 • • 20 TRACE_D3	TVCC 1 • • 2 TMS/SWD_DIO GND 3 • • 4 TCK/SWD_CLK GND 5 • • 6 TDO NC 7 • • 8 TDI NC 9 • • 10 RESET	DS 1 • • 2 BERR GND 3 • • 4 BKPT/DSCLK GND 5 • • 6 FREEZE RESET 7 • • 8 IFETCH/DSI TVCC 9 • • 10 IPIPE/DSO
		MPC5xx/8xx FX ONLY
		VFLS0 1 • • 2 SRESET GND 3 • • 4 DSCCK GND 5 • • 6 VFLS1 RESET 7 • • 8 DSDI TVCC 9 • • 10 DSDO

Universal/Universal FX Pin-Outs, Ports F-H

The user can take advantage of debug modes to halt normal processor execution and use a computer to control the processor. The user can then directly control the target's execution, read/write registers and memory values, debug code on the processor, and program internal or external FLASH memory devices.

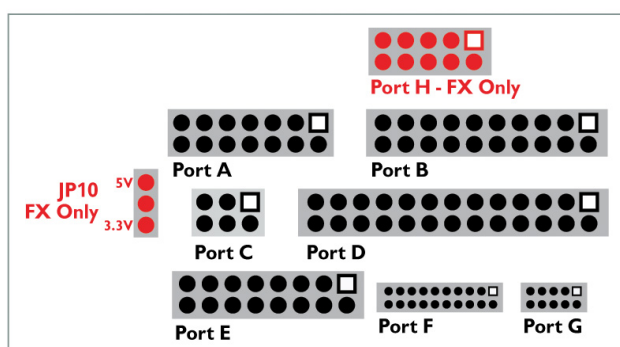
FX Note: The USB Multilink Universal FX is capable of providing power (5V or 3.3V) directly to the target processor via the TVCC pin. This removes the need for an external power supply for systems requiring 200mA of current or less. The TVCC pin should be connected even in cases when the target is self-powered.

2 Usage

The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX can communicate with Kinetis (including L-Series devices), MPC55xx/56xx/57xx & STMicroelectronics SPC5, ColdFire V1/V2/V3/V4, RS08, HCS08, HC(S)12(X), S12Z, DSC, **MPC5xx/8xx (FX only)** and **HC16/683xx (FX only)** microprocessors by connecting a ribbon cable between the target's debug header and one of the multiple ports on the Multilink. Do not attempt to use multiple ports at once, as this may damage both the target processors as well as the Multilink.

The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX interfaces will work with targets whose processor power supply is in the range of 1.8V to 5V.

On the Universal FX, if the user wishes to provide power to the target, the **JP10 Jumper (FX only)** is used to enable this option and select the voltage. A shunt at position 1-2 enables 5V, while a shunt at position 2-3 enables 3.3V. The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX have a female type B USB connector. Use a Type A to Type B male-to-male USB cable to connect the interface to the PC.



Universal/Universal FX Header Layout (Pin 1 Highlighted)

There are two LEDs on the Multilink interface. The blue LED indicates that the interface is powered and running. The yellow LED indicates that target power has been detected.

Note: If connecting to a ColdFire V2-4 processor which requires synchronous communication, such as the MCF5272 and MCF5206(E), a CABLE-CF-ADAPTER (sold separately) is required.

Note: To avoid improper connections, the red stripe of the ribbon cable should always be oriented towards Pin 1, both on the Multilink port and the target processor header.

The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX are USB devices. If a USB Hub is used, it must be a self-powered hub (i.e. with its own power supply). By default, the USB protocol used is USB 2.0.

3 Driver Installation

Before connecting the Multilink to the PC, the appropriate drivers need to be installed on the PC. The Multilink drivers are supported on Windows XP, 2000, 2003, Vista, 7, and 8. These drivers are automatically installed when installing NXP's CodeWarrior or any of PEmicro's recent software development packages. If you have installed a recent version of these then the instructions for manual installation that follow are not necessary. However, Windows 7 users who are installing software distributed before December 28, 2009 will need to obtain the latest version of the drivers and install them manually. A copy of the driver installation program may be downloaded from the "Downloads" section of PEmicro's "Support Center" located at <http://www.pemicro.com>. If you are using third-party software, make sure you have a version which supports your specific interface (Universal/FX). Once you have obtained the latest version of the driver installation program, please use the instructions below to manually install the drivers.

When the cable is plugged in, the operating system should indicate that it has found a driver for the attached interface. Follow the instructions in the "Found New Hardware Wizard" dialog for having Windows automatically install the driver.

If you connected the Multilink interface prior to installing the drivers, Windows will not have been able to find the appropriate driver and may have disabled the device. If you unplug the device and then plug it in again, Windows will automatically disable it even if you have installed the drivers. To force Windows to attempt to load the driver again, perform the following steps while the Multilink interface is plugged into the computer:

1. Open the Control Panel: Start Button [->Settings] ->Control Panel. (You will not need to select "Settings" on Vista and Windows 7).
2. Double Click the "System" Icon. (Windows 7: "System and Security")
3. Select the "Hardware" Tab. (Windows 7: "Hardware and Sound", Windows Vista: skip this step)
4. Click the "Device Manager" Button. (Windows 7: "Devices and Printers -> Device Manager")
5. The "USB Multilink 2.0" device will be shown with an exclamation point next to it. Double-click this device.
6. Click the "Reinstall Driver..." button and follow the dialog instructions to have Windows automatically install the driver. (Windows 7: First click the "Driver" tab, then select "Update Driver...")
7. If the hardware still has a yellow exclamation mark next to it, right click on it and select uninstall. The USB Multilink should disappear from the list. Unplug the USB Multilink and then plug it into the PC again. A new Hardware Found dialog will pop up; follow the dialog instructions and have Windows automatically install the driver.

4 Connecting To The Target

The following is the proper connection sequence to connect the PC to the target system via the Multilink interface:

1. Make sure the target power is OFF and the USB Multilink Universal or Universal FX is not connected to either the target or the PC
2. Open the Multilink and connect a ribbon cable from the correct Multilink port to the target. Make sure that the ribbon cable is plugged into the target with the proper orientation. PIN 1 is indicated by a 1 next to the port.
3. Connect the Multilink to the PC via a USB cable. The Blue LED on the Multilink should illuminate.
4. Turn the target power on. The Yellow LED on the Multilink should illuminate.

Before disconnecting the setup, turn the target power off.

5 Troubleshooting - Startup Reset Sequence

Note that if the Multilink does not enter debug mode, the program issues the error message "Cannot enter background mode." If you receive this message you should check your hardware with a scope, logic analyzer or logic probe. First check for power on, then check to make sure the processor oscillator is running. Finally, look for the startup sequence for your microprocessor that is listed below.

Port A – JTAG/ONCE – MPC55xx/56xx/57xx & STMicroelectronics SPC5, DSC

- a. RESET (Pin-9) is driven low (to processor).
- b. Activity appears on TCK (Pin-5), TDI (Pin-1) and TDO (Pin-3). (PC software instructs the processor to enable debug mode).
- c. RESET (Pin-9) is released by the interface and will go high.
- d. Activity appears on TCK (Pin-5), TDI (Pin-1) and TDO (Pin-3). (Debug activity).

Ports B, F, G – ARM JTAG - Kinetis

- a. RESET is driven low (to processor).
- b. Activity appears on TCK, TDI and TDO (PC software instructs the processor to enable debug mode).
- c. RESET is released by the interface and will go high.
- d. Activity appears on TCK, TDI and TDO (Debug activity).

Ports B, F, G – ARM SWD - Kinetis

- a. RESET is driven low (to processor).

- b. Activity appears on SWD_CLK and SWD_DIO (PC software instructs the processor to enable debug mode).
- c. RESET is released by the interface and will go high.
- d. Activity appears on SWD_CLK and SWD_DIO (Debug activity).

Port C – BDM

RS08, HCS08, S12Z, ColdFire V1

- a. Debug activity is seen on BKGD (Pin-1).

HC(S)12(X)

- a. BKGD (Pin-1) and RESET (Pin-4) are pulled low by the interface.
- b. After 5 milliseconds, RESET (Pin-4) is released and goes high.
- c. After 10 milliseconds, BKGD (Pin-1) is released and goes high.
- d. After 20 more milliseconds, debug activity is seen on BKGD (Pin-1).

Port D – Coldfire V2/V3/V4

- a. BKPT (Pin-2), DSI (Pin-8), and DSCLK (Pin-4) signals are driven low.
- b. RESET (Pin-7) is driven low for 20+ milliseconds and released.
- c. After RESET is released and if the processor has correctly entered background mode, the PST0 (Pin-15), PST1 (Pin-14), PST2 (Pin-13) and PST3 (Pin-12) lines should all be driven high by the processor.
- d. Activity (changing signals) is seen on the DSI, DSO, and DSCLK signals. The activity on the DSCLK and DSI lines is generated by the PC and the activity on the DSO line is generated by the processor.

Port E – JTAG/COP (Not yet supported)

Port H

HC16/683XX (FX Only)

- a. BKPT/DSCLK is pulled low (to processor).
- b. Delay ~1ms.
- c. RESET is pulled low (to processor).
- d. Delay ~20ms.
- e. RESET is released (tri state, should be pulled up on target).
- f. Wait for FREEZE (out of processor).
- g. Shifting activity appears on DSCLK, DSI and DSO.

MPC5xx/8xx (FX Only)

- a. DSCK is driven high and DSI is driven low (to processor).
- b. Delay ~1ms.
- c. HRESET or SRESET is driven low (usually this will be HReset).
- d. Delay ~20ms.
- e. HRESET is released (tri-state, should be pulled up on target).
- f. Shifting activity appears on DSCLK, DSI and DSO. (PC software communicating with target to determine if debug mode was successfully entered).

6 Firmware Updates/Architecture Selection

The Multilink Universal and Universal FX use firmware updates to change between modes of operation to support different families of NXP microcontrollers. Older versions of PEmicro's software and third-party software are not able to automatically configure these Multilinks when the target is switched to a different family of microcontrollers. If you are not using the latest version of PEmicro software, please contact us to determine if you are eligible for a discounted upgrade to the latest version of your software. You may also download a manual configuration utility for the Multilink from the Support Center or corresponding product page on our website: http://www.pemicro.com/support/downloads_find.cfm

7 Interface Libraries

PEmicro produces a set of interface libraries which allow the user to directly control the USB Multilink Universal or Universal FX from any Windows Development environment which can interact with a DLL. The interface libraries come with examples for controlling the Multilink interface from Microsoft Visual C as well as Borland Delphi. More details can be found on the Interface Libraries page on the PEmicro website: http://www.pemicro.com/products/product_processor.cfm?category=9

8 Compatible Software

The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX are supported by recent versions of NXP's CodeWarrior, Kinetis Design Studio, S32 Design Studio, and MCUXpresso, as well as third-party toolchains such as those from IAR, Keil, Cosmic, Mentor Graphics, and Atollic. They also work with PEmicro software, including our no-cost, fully-featured GDB Server Eclipse plug-in. It is recommended that you check with the vendor regarding support for your specific part. Information on compatible PEmicro software can be found in the "Products" section of www.pemicro.com.

Transition To Production Programming

The USB Multilink Universal and Universal FX are intended for development and are not designed to accommodate the demands of production programming. However, PEmicro's CYCLONE and CYCLONE FX programmers are specifically engineered to withstand the rigors of a production environment and will provide a seamless transition from the Multilink. In addition, the CYCLONE FX offers an expanded feature set which includes faster communications, larger storage, expandable storage, enhanced security, and expansion ports. More information is available online at pemicro.com/cyclone.



CYCLONE programmer

