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MOS INTEGRATED CIRCUIT $\mu PD720101$

USB 2.0 HOST CONTROLLER



The μ PD720101 complies with the Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0 and Open Host Controller Interface Specification for full-/low-speed signaling and Intel's Enhanced Host Controller Interface Specification for high-speed signaling and works up to 480 Mbps. The μ PD720101 is integrated 3 host controller cores with PCI interface and USB 2.0 transceivers into a single chip.

Detailed function descriptions are provided in the following user's manual. Be sure to read the manual before designing. μ PD720101 User's Manual: S16336E

FEATURES

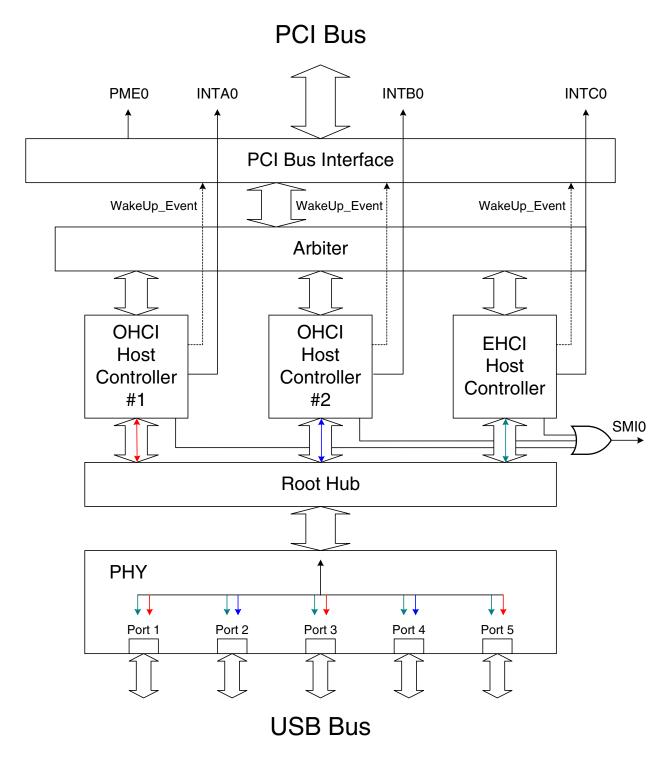
- Compliant with Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0 (Data rate 1.5/12/480 Mbps)
- · Compliant with Open Host Controller Interface Specification for USB Rev 1.0a
- Compliant with Enhanced Host Controller Interface Specification for USB Rev 1.0
- PCI multi-function device consists of two OHCI host controller cores for full-/low-speed signaling and one EHCI host controller core for high-speed signaling.
- Root hub with 5 (max.) downstream facing ports which are shared by OHCI and EHCI host controller cores.
- All downstream facing ports can handle high-speed (480 Mbps), full-speed (12 Mbps), and low-speed (1.5 Mbps) transaction.
- Configurable number of downstream facing ports (2 to 5)
- 32-bit 33 MHz host interface compliant to PCI Specification release 2.2
- Supports PCI Mobile Design Guide Revision 1.1
- Supports PCI-Bus Power Management Interface Specification release 1.1
- PCI bus bus-master access
- System clock is generated by 30 MHz X'tal or 48 MHz clock input.
 - System clock frequency should be set from system software (BIOS) or EEPROM. More detail, see μPD720101 User's Manual.
- Operational registers direct-mapped to PCI memory space
- Legacy support for all downstream facing ports. Legacy support features allow easy migration for motherboard implementation.
- 3.3 V power supply, PCI signal pins have 5 V tolerant circuit.

ORDERING INFORMATION

	Part Number	Package	Remark
	μ PD720101GJ-UEN	144-pin plastic LQFP (Fine pitch) (20×20)	
*	μ PD720101GJ-UEN-A	144-pin plastic LQFP (Fine pitch) (20×20)	Lead-free product
	μPD720101F1-EA8	144-pin plastic FBGA (12 \times 12)	
*	μPD720101F1-EA8-A	144-pin plastic FBGA (12 $ imes$ 12)	Lead-free product

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BLOCK DIAGRAM



Remark INTB0/INTC0 can be shared with INTA0 through BIOS setting. (Planning)

PCI Bus Interface	: handles 32-bit 33 MHz PCI bus master and target function which comply with PCI specification release 2.2. The number of enabled ports is set by bit in configuration space.
Arbiter	: arbitrates among two OHCI host controller cores and one EHCI host controller core.
OHCI Host Controller #1	: handles full- (12 Mbps)/low-speed (1.5 Mbps) signaling at port 1, 3, and 5.
OHCI Host Controller #2	: handles full- (12 Mbps)/low-speed (1.5 Mbps) signaling at port 2 and 4.
EHCI Host Controller	: handles high- (480 Mbps) signaling at port 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.
Root Hub	: handles USB hub function in host controller and controls connection (routing) between
	host controller core and port.
PHY	: consists of high-speed transceiver, full-/low-speed transceiver, serializer, deserializer,
	etc.
INTA0	: is the PCI interrupt signal for OHCI Host Controller #1.
INTB0	: is the PCI interrupt signal for OHCI Host Controller #2.
INTC0	: is the PCI interrupt signal for EHCI Host Controller.
SMI0	: is the interrupt signal which is specified by Open Host Controller Interface Specification
	for USB Rev 1.0a and Enhanced Host Controller Interface Specification Rev 1.0. The
	SMI signal of each OHCI Host Controller and EHCI Host Controller appears at this
	signal.
PME0	: is the interrupt signal which is specified by PCI-Bus Power Management Interface
	Specification release 1.1. Wakeup signal of each host controller core appears at this
	signal.

COMPARISON WITH THE *µ*PD720100A

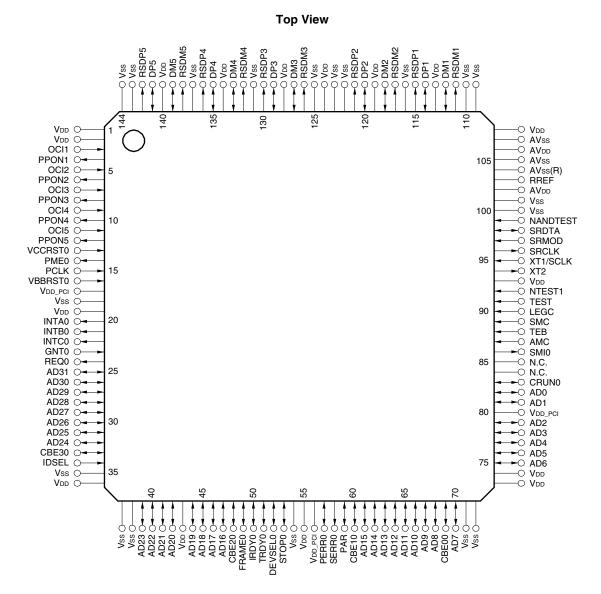
	μPD720100A	μ PD720101 (2nd generation)
EHCI revision	0.95	1.0
EHCI	1	1
ОНСІ	2	2
Legacy support	Parallel IRQ out support	No parallel IRQ support
Clock	48 MHz OSC or 30 MHz OSC/X'tal	48 MHz OSC or 30 MHz X'tal
Package	176-pin BGA (FP) or 160-pin LQFP	144-pin BGA (FP) or 144-pin LQFP

PIN CONFIGURATION

• 144-pin plastic LQFP (Fine pitch) (20 × 20)

 μ PD720101GJ-UEN

★ μPD720101GJ-UEN-A



Pin No.	Pin Name						
1	Vdd	37	Vss	73	VDD	109	Vss
2	Vdd	38	Vss	74	Vdd	110	Vss
3	OCI1	39	AD23	75	AD6	111	RSDM1
4	PPON1	40	AD22	76	AD5	112	DM1
5	OCI2	41	AD21	77	AD4	113	Vdd
6	PPON2	42	AD20	78	AD3	114	DP1
7	OCI3	43	VDD	79	AD2	115	RSDP1
8	PPON3	44	AD19	80		116	Vss
9	OCI4	45	AD18	81	AD1	117	RSDM2
10	PPON4	46	AD17	82	AD0	118	DM2
11	OCI5	47	AD16	83	CRUN0	119	Vdd
12	PPON5	48	CBE20	84	N.C.	120	DP2
13	VCCRST0	49	FRAME0	85	N.C.	121	RSDP2
14	PME0	50	IRDY0	86	SMI0	122	Vss
15	PCLK	51	TRDY0	87	AMC	123	Vss
16	VBBRST0	52	DEVSEL0	88	ТЕВ	124	Vdd
17	VDD_PCI	53	STOP0	89	SMC	125	Vss
18	Vss	54	Vss	90	LEGC	126	RSDM3
19	Vdd	55	VDD	91	TEST	127	DM3
20	INTA0	56		92	NTEST1	128	Vdd
21	INTB0	57	PERR0	93	Vdd	129	DP3
22	INTC0	58	SERR0	94	XT2	130	RSDP3
23	GNT0	59	PAR	95	XT1/SCLK	131	Vss
24	REQ0	60	CBE10	96	SRCLK	132	RSDM4
25	AD31	61	AD15	97	SRMOD	133	DM4
26	AD30	62	AD14	98	SRDTA	134	Vdd
27	AD29	63	AD13	99	NANDTEST	135	DP4
28	AD28	64	AD12	100	Vss	136	RSDP4
29	AD27	65	AD11	101	Vss	137	Vss
30	AD26	66	AD10	102	AVdd	138	RSDM5
31	AD25	67	AD9	103	RREF	139	DM5
32	AD24	68	AD8	104	AVss(R)	140	Vdd
33	CBE30	69	CBE00	105	AVss	141	DP5
34	IDSEL	70	AD7	106	AVDD	142	RSDP5
35	Vss	71	Vss	107	AVss	143	Vss
36	Vdd	72	Vss	108	Vdd	144	Vss

Remark AVss(R) should be used to connect RREF through 1 % precision reference resistor of 9.1 k Ω . Pins 84 and 85 must be clamped high on the board. • 144-pin plastic FBGA (12 × 12)

μPD720101F1-EA8

★ μPD720101F1-EA8-A

Bottom View

													_	
_	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36		14
24	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	37	13
23	70	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	83	38	12
22	69	110			137	138	139	140			121	84	39	11
21	68	109		_							122	85	40	10
20	67	108	136							141	123	86	41	9
19	66	107	135							142	124	87	42	8
18	65	106	134							143	125	88	43	7
17	64	105	133							144	126	89	44	6
16	63	104		-							127	90	45	5
15	62	103			132	131	130	129			128	91	46	4
14	61	102	101	100	99	98	97	96	95	94	93	92	47	3
13	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48	2
	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1		1
Ρ	Ν	М	L	K	J	Н	G	F	Е	D	С	В	А	

Pin No.	Pin Name						
1	Vss	37	Vdd	73	Vdd	109	NANDTEST
2	AD23	38	Vdd	74	RSDP1	110	Vss
3	AD20	39	PPON2	75	Vdd	111	AVss
4	AD18	40	OCI4	76	Vdd	112	Vss
5	CBE20	41	PPON5	77	DP3	113	DM2
6	TRDY0	42	PCLK	78	Vdd	114	RSDP2
7	SERR0	43	INTC0	79	RSDM5	115	Vss
8	AD15	44	AD31	80	Vdd	116	Vdd
9	AD12	45	AD28	81	DP5	117	RSDM4
10	AD9	46	AD25	82	Vss	118	DP4
11	AD7	47	Vdd	83	OCI1	119	Vss
12	Vss	48	Vss	84	OCI2	120	PPON1
13	VDD	49	Vss	85	OCI3	121	PPON3
14	Vdd	50	AD22	86	OCI5	122	PPON4
15	AD3	51	AD21	87	VBBRST0	123	VCCRST0
16	AD1	52	Vdd	88	INTB0	124	VDD_PCI
17	N.C.	53	AD16	89	AD30	125	INTA0
18	AMC	54	DEVSEL0	90	AD26	126	REQ0
19	XT2	55	PERR0	91	AD24	127	AD29
20	SRMOD	56	AD14	92	IDSEL	128	AD27
21	Vss	57	AD10	93	CBE30	129	IRDY0
22	RREF	58	AD8	94	AD19	130	Vss
23	Vdd	59	CBE00	95	AD17	131	Vdd
24	AVss	60	Vss	96	FRAME0	132	PAR
25	Vss	61	AD6	97	STOP0	133	SMI0
26	RSDM1	62	AD4	98	VDD_PCI	134	LEGC
27	DP1	63	AD2	99	CBE10	135	TEST
28	RSDM2	64	CRUN0	100	AD13	136	XT1/SCLK
29	DP2	65	ТЕВ	101	AD11	137	Vss
30	Vss	66	Vdd	102	AD5	138	RSDM3
31	RSDP3	67	SRDTA	103	VDD_PCI	139	DM3
32	DM4	68	AVdd	104	AD0	140	Vss
33	RSDP4	69	AVss(R)	105	N.C.	141	PME0
34	DM5	70	AVdd	106	SMC	142	Vss
35	RSDP5	71	Vss	107	NTEST1	143	Vdd
36	Vss	72	DM1	108	SRCLK	144	GNT0

Remark AVss(R) should be used to connect RREF through 1 % precision reference resistor of 9.1 k Ω . Pins 17 and 105 must be clamped high on the board.

1. PIN INFORMATION

Pin Name	I/O	Buffer Type	Active Level	Function
AD (31 : 0)	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "AD [31 : 0]" signal
CBE (3:0)0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "C/BE [3 : 0]" signal
PAR	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "PAR" signal
FRAME0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "FRAME#" signal
IRDY0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "IRDY#" signal
TRDY0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "TRDY#" signal
STOP0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "STOP#" signal
IDSEL	I	5 V PCI input		PCI "IDSEL" signal
DEVSEL0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "DEVSEL#" signal
REQ0	0	5 V PCI output		PCI "REQ#" signal
GNT0	I	5 V PCI input		PCI "GNT#" signal
PERR0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "PERR#" signal
SERR0	0	5 V PCI N-ch open drain		PCI "SERR#" signal
INTA0	0	5 V PCI N-ch open drain	Low	PCI "INTA#" signal
INTB0	0	5 V PCI N-ch open drain	Low	PCI "INTB#" signal
INTC0	0	5 V PCI N-ch open drain	Low	PCI "INTC#" signal
PCLK	I	5 V PCI input		PCI "CLK" signal
VBBRST0	I	5 V tolerant input	Low	Hardware reset for chip
CRUN0	I/O	5 V PCI I/O		PCI "CLKRUN#" signal
PME0	0	5 V PCI N-ch open drain	Low	PCI "PME#" signal
VCCRST0	I	5 V tolerant input	Low	Reset for power management
SMI0	0	5 V tolerant N-ch open drain	Low	System management interrupt output
XT1/SCLK	I	Input		System clock input or oscillator in
XT2	0	Output		oscillator out
DP (5 : 1)	I/O	USB high speed D+ I/O		USB high speed D+ signal
DM (5 : 1)	I/O	USB high speed D– I/O		USB high speed D– signal
RSDP (5 : 1)	0	USB full speed D+ Output		USB full speed D+ signal
RSDM (5 : 1)	0	USB full speed D– Output		USB full speed D- signal
OCI (5 : 1)	I (I/O)	Input	Low	USB root hub port's overcurrent status input
PPON (5 : 1)	O (I/O)	Output	High	USB root hub port's power supply control output
LEGC	I (I/O)	Input	High	Legacy support switch
SRCLK	0	Output		Serial ROM clock out
SRDTA	I/O	I/O		Serial ROM data
SRMOD	I	Input with 50 k Ω pull down R	High	Serial ROM input enable
RREF	А	Analog		Reference resistor
NTEST1	1	Input with 12 k Ω pull down R	High	Test pin

				(2/2)
Pin Name	I/O	Buffer Type	Active Level	Function
SMC	I	Input with 50 k Ω pull down R	High	Scan mode control
ТЕВ	I	Input with 50 k Ω pull down R	High	BIST enable
AMC	I	Input with 50 k Ω pull down R	High	ATG mode control
TEST	I	Input with 50 k Ω pull down R	High	Test control
NANDTEST	I	Input with 50 k Ω pull down R	High	NAND tree test enable
AVDD				VDD for analog circuit
Vdd				VDD
				5 V (5 V PCI) or 3.3 V (3.3 V PCI)
AVss				Vss for analog circuit
Vss				Vss
N.C.				No connection

Remarks 1. "5 V tolerant" means that the buffer is 3 V buffer with 5 V tolerant circuit.

- 2. "5 V PCI" indicates a PCI buffer, which complies with the 3 V PCI standard, has a 5 V tolerant circuit. It does not indicate that this buffer fully complies with 5 V PCI standard. However, this function can be used for evaluating the operation of a device on a 5 V add-in card.
- **3.** The signal marked as "(I/O)" in the above table operates as I/O signals during testing. However, they do not need to be considered in normal use.

2. HOW TO CONNECT TO EXTERNAL ELEMENTS

2.1 Handling Unused Pins

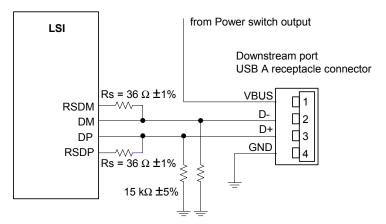
To realize less than 5 ports host controller implementation, appropriate value shall be set to Port No field in EXT1 register. And unused pins shall be connected as shown below.

Pin	Direction	Connection Method
DPx	I/O	Tied to "low".
DMx	I/O	Tied to "low".
RSDPx	0	No connection (Open)
RSDMx	0	No connection (Open)
OCIx	I	"H" clamp
PPONx	0	No connection (Open)

2.2 USB Port Connection

*

Figure 2-1. USB Downstream Port Connection

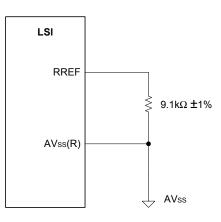


Rs + Ron (Resistance for internal driver which is active) = 45 $\Omega \pm 10\%$

 \star

2.3 PLL Capacitor Connection

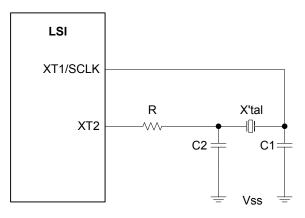




2.4 X'tal Connection



Figure 2-3. X'tal Connection



The following crystals are evaluated on our reference design board. Table 2-1 shows the external parameters.

Vender	X'tal	R	C1	C2
KDS Note 1	AT-49 30.000 MHz	100 Ω	12 pF	10 pF
NDK Note 2	AT-41 30.000 MHz	100 Ω	10 pF	10 pF
	AT-41CD2 30.000 MHz	100 Ω	10 pF	10 pF
	NX3225DA 30.000 MHz	100 Ω	10 pF	10 pF
	NX5032GA 30.000 MHz	100 Ω	10 pF	10 pF
	NX8045GB 30.000 MHz	100 Ω	10 pF	10 pF

Table 2-1. External Parameters

Notes 1. DAISHINKU CORP.

2. NIHON DEMPA KOGYO CO., LTD.

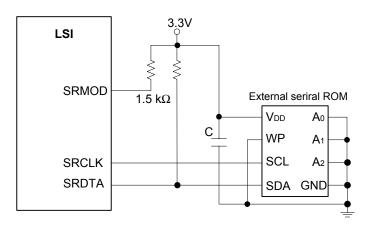
In using these crystals, contact KDS or NDK to get the specification on external components to be used in conjunction with the crystal.

KDS's home page: http://www.kdsj.co.jp NDK's home page: http://www.ndk-j.co.jp

2.5 External Serial ROM Connection







SRMOD/SRCLK/SRDTA can be opened, when serial ROM is not necessary on board.

3. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Buffer List

- 3 V input buffer with pull down resistor NTEST1, TEST, SRMOD, NANDTEST, SMC, AMC, TEB
- 3 V PCI IoL = 9 mA 3-state output buffer PPON(5:1), SRCLK
- 3 V IoL = 9 mA bi-directional buffer LEGC, SRDTA
- 3 V IoL = 9 mA bi-directional buffer with enable (OR type) OCI(5:1)
- 3 V oscillator interface
 - XT1/SCLK, XT2
- 5 V input buffer
 - VBBRST0, VCCRST0
- 5 V IoL = 12 mA N-ch open drain buffer SMI0, PME0, INTA0, INTB0, INTCO, SERRO
- 5 V PCI input buffer with enable (OR type) PCLK, GNT0, IDSEL
- 5 V PCI Io_L = 12 mA 3-state output buffer REQ0
- 5 V PCI IoL = 9 mA bi-directional buffer with input enable (OR-type) AD(31:0), CBE(3:0)0, PAR, FRAME0, IRDY0, TRDY0, STOP0, DEVSEL0, PERR0, CRUN0
- USB interface, analog signal DP(5:1), DM(5:1), RSDP(5:1), RSDM(5:1), RREF

Above, "5 V" refers to a 3 V buffer with 5 V tolerant circuit. Therefore, it is possible to have a 5 V connection for an external bus, but the output level will be only up to 3 V, which is the V_{DD} voltage. Similarly, "5 V PCI" above refers to a PCI buffer that has a 5 V tolerant circuit, which meets the 3 V PCI standard; it does not refer to a PCI buffer that meets the 5 V PCI standard.

3.2 Terminology

Terms Used in Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Meaning
Power supply voltage	Vdd, AVdd, Vdd_pci	Indicates voltage range within which damage or reduced reliability will not result when power is applied to a $V_{\rm DD}$ pin.
Input voltage	Vı	Indicates voltage range within which damage or reduced reliability will not result when power is applied to an input pin.
Output voltage	Vo	Indicates voltage range within which damage or reduced reliability will not result when power is applied to an output pin.
Operating ambient temperature	TA	Indicates the ambient temperature range for normal logic operations.
Storage temperature	Tstg	Indicates the element temperature range within which damage or reduced reliability will not result while no voltage or current are applied to the device.

Terms Used in Recommended Operating Range

Parameter	Symbol	Meaning
Power supply voltage	Vdd, AVdd, Vdd_pci	Indicates the voltage range for normal logic operations occur when $V_{\rm SS}=0$ V.
High-level input voltage	Viн	 Indicates the voltage, which is applied to the input pins of the device, is the voltage indicates that the high level states for normal operation of the input buffer. * If a voltage that is equal to or greater than the "Min." value is applied, the input voltage is guaranteed as high level voltage.
Low-level input voltage	ViL	Indicates the voltage, which is applied to the input pins of the device, is the voltage indicates that the low level states for normal operation of the input buffer. * If a voltage that is equal to or lesser than the "Max." value is applied, the input voltage is guaranteed as low level voltage.

Terms Used in DC Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Meaning
Off-state output leakage current	loz	Indicates the current that flows from the power supply pins when the rated power supply voltage is applied when a 3-state output has high impedance.
Output short circuit current	los	Indicates the current that flows when the output pin is shorted (to GND pins) when output is at high-level.
Input leakage current	h	Indicates the current that flows when the input voltage is supplied to the input pin.
Low-level output current	lo∟	Indicates the current that flows to the output pins when the rated low-level output voltage is being applied.
High-level output current	Іон	Indicates the current that flows from the output pins when the rated high- level output voltage is being applied.

3.3 Electrical Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vdd		–0.5 to +4.6	V
	AVDD		-0.5 to +4.6	V
	VDD_PCI		-0.5 to +6.0	V
Input voltage, 5 V buffer	Vi	$3.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 3.6~V$	-0.5 to +6.6	V
		$V_{\text{I}} < V_{\text{DD}} + 3.0 \ V$		
Input voltage, 3.3 V buffer	Vi	$3.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 3.6~V$	-0.5 to +4.6	V
		$V_{\text{I}} < V_{\text{DD}} + 0.5 \ V$		
Output voltage, 5 V buffer	Vo	$3.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 3.6~V$	-0.5 to +6.6	V
		$V_{\text{O}} < V_{\text{DD}} + 3.0 \text{ V}$		
Output voltage, 3.3 V buffer	Vo	$3.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 3.6~V$	-0.5 to +4.6	V
		$V_{\text{O}} < V_{\text{DD}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$		
Operating ambient temperature	TA		0 to +70	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg		-65 to +150	°C

Caution Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameters. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.

The ratings and conditions indicated for DC characteristics and AC characteristics represent the quality assurance range during normal operation.

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Operating voltage	Vdd		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
	AVDD		3.0	3.3	3.6	V
	VDD_PCI	In 3.3 V PCI	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
		In 5 V PCI	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
High-level input voltage	Vін					
3.3 V high-level input voltage			2.0		VDD	V
5.0 V high-level input voltage			2.0		5.5	V
Low-level input voltage	VIL					
3.3 V low-level input voltage			0		0.8	V
5.0 V low-level input voltage			0		0.8	V

Recommended Operating Ranges

DC Characteristics (V_{DD} = 3.0 to 3.6 V, T_A = 0 to +70°C)

Control pin block

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Off-state output current	loz	Vo = VDD or Vss		±10	μA
Output short circuit current	los ^{Note}			-250	mA
Low-level output current	lo∟				
3.3 V low-level output current		Vol = 0.4 V	9.0		mA
3.3 V low-level output current		Vol = 0.4 V	3.0		mA
5.0 V low-level output current		Vol = 0.4 V	12.0		mA
5.0 V low-level output current		Vol = 0.4 V	6.0		mA
High-level output current	Іон				
3.3 V high-level output current		Vон = 2.4 V	-9.0		mA
3.3 V high-level output current		Vон = 2.4 V	-3.0		mA
5.0 V high-level output current		Vон = 2.4 V	-2.0		mA
5.0 V high-level output current		Vон = 2.4 V	-2.0		mA
Input leakage current	h				
3.3 V buffer		VI = VDD or Vss		±10	μA
3.3 V buffer with 50 k Ω PD		$V_I = V_{DD}$		191	μA
5.0 V buffer		VI = VDD or VSS		±10	μA

Note The output short circuit time is one second or less and is only for one pin on the LSI.

PCI interface block

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
High-level input voltage	Vін		2.0	5.25	V
Low-level input voltage	Vı∟		0	0.8	V
Low-level output current	lo∟	Vol = 0.4 V	12.0		mA
High-level output current	Іон	Vон = 2.4 V	-2.0		mA
Input high leakage current	lн	V _{IN} = 2.7 V		70	μA
Input low leakage current	lı.	V _{IN} = 0.5 V		-70	μA
PME0 leakage current	loff	Vo < 3.6 V		1	μA
		Vcc off or floating			

USB interface block

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Serial resistor between DP (DM) and RSDP (RSDM)	Rs		35.64	36.36	Ω
Output pin impedance	ZHSDRV	Includes Rs resistor	40.5	49.5	Ω
Input Levels for Low-/full-speed:					
High-level input voltage (drive)	VIH		2.0		V
High-level input voltage (floating)	VIHZ		2.7	3.6	V
Low-level input voltage	VIL			0.8	V
Differential input sensitivity	VDI	(D+) − (D−)	0.2		V
Differential common mode range	Vсм	Includes VDI range	0.8	2.5	V
Output Levels for Low-/full-speed:					
High-level output voltage	Vон	R∟ of 14.25 kΩ to GND	2.8	3.6	V
Low-level output voltage	Vol	R∟ of 1.425 kΩ to 3.6 V	0.0	0.3	V
SE1	V _{OSE1}		0.8		V
Output signal crossover point voltage	VCRS		1.3	2.0	V
Input Levels for High-speed:		·			
High-speed squelch detection threshold (differential signal)	VHSSQ		100	150	mV
High-speed disconnect detection threshold (differential signal)	VHSDSC		525	625	mV
High-speed data signaling common mode voltage range	Vнscм		-50	+500	mV
High-speed differential input signaling level	See Figur	e 3-4.			
Output Levels for High-speed:					
High-speed idle state	VHSOI		-10	+10	mV
High-speed data signaling high	Vнsoн		360	440	mV
High-speed data signaling low	VHSOL		-10	+10	mV
Chirp J level (differential signal)	VCHIRPJ		700	1100	mV
Chirp K level (differential signal)	Vсніврк		-900	-500	mV

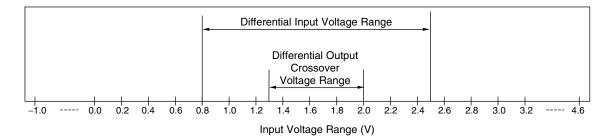


Figure 3-1. Differential Input Sensitivity Range for Low-/full-speed



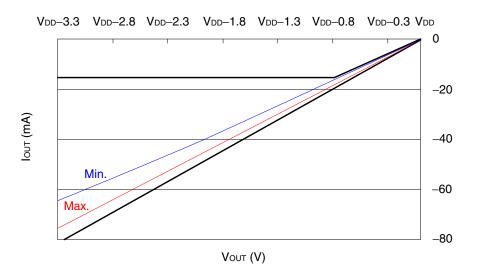
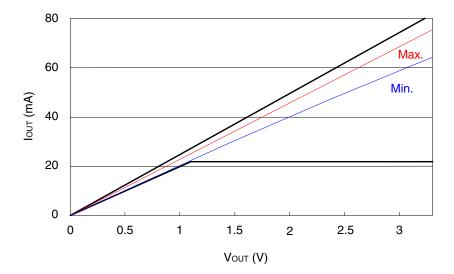


Figure 3-3. Full-speed Buffer VoL/IoL Characteristics for High-speed Capable Transceiver



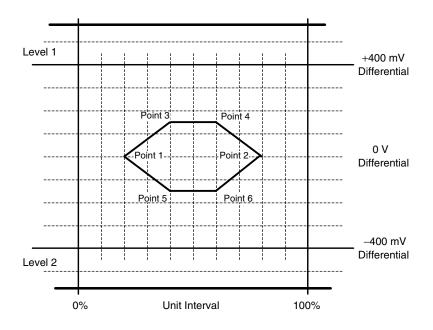
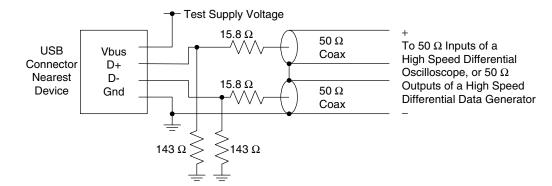


Figure 3-4. Receiver Sensitivity for Transceiver at DP/DM





Pin capacitance

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
Input capacitance	Cı	$V_{DD} = 0 V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	6	8	pF
Output capacitance	Co	fc = 1 MHz	10	12	pF
I/O capacitance	Сю	Unmeasured pins returned to 0 V	10	12	pF
PCI input pin capacitance	Cin			8	pF
PCI clock input pin capacitance	Cclk		6	8	pF
PCI IDSEL input pin capacitance				8	pF

Power consumption

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Typ. (30 MHz X'tal)	Typ. (48 MHz OSC)	Unit
Power Consumption	Pwdo-o	Device state = D0, All the ports does not connect to any function, and each OHCI controller is under UsbSuspend and EHCI controller is stopped. Note1	(30 MHz X'tal) (48 MHz OS 31.4 10.4 53.1 31.9 204.6 204.2 55.3 34.2 253.8 255.5 57.4 36.7 301.6 300.1 59.8 38.8 349.1 345.2 30.5 10.4	10.4	mA
	Pwdo-2	The power consumption under the state without suspend. Device state = D0, The number of active ports is 2. ^{Note2}			
		Full- or low-speed device(s) is (are) on the port. High-speed device(s) is (are) on the port.			mA mA
	Pwdo-3	The power consumption under the state without suspend. Device state = D0, The number of active ports is 3. Note2			
		Full- or low-speed device(s) is (are) on the port. High-speed device(s) is (are) on the port.		-	mA mA
	Pwd0-4	The power consumption under the state without suspend. Device state = D0, The number of active ports is 4. ^{Note2}			
		Full- or low-speed device(s) is (are) on the port. High-speed device(s) is (are) on the port.	-		mA mA
	Pwd0-5	The power consumption under the state without suspend. Device state = D0, The number of active ports is 5. Note2			
		Full- or low-speed device(s) is (are) on the port. High-speed device(s) is (are) on the port.			mA mA
	Pwdo_c	The power consumption under suspend state during PCI clock is stopped by CRUN0. Device state = D0.	30.5	10.4	mA
	PwD1	Device state = D1, Analog PLL output is stopped. Note 3	7.7	10.4	mA
	Pwd2	Device state = D2, Analog PLL output is stopped. Note 3	7.7	10.4	mA
	Ридзн	Device state = D3hot, VCCRST0 = High, Analog PLL output is stopped. Note 3	7.7	10.4	mA
	Pwd3c	Device state = $D3_{cold}$, VCCRST0 = Low. ^{Note 4}	0.03	3.81	mA

Notes 1. When any device is not connected to all the ports of HC, the power consumption for HC does not depend on the number of active ports.

- 2. The number of active ports is set by the value of Port No Field in PCI configuration space EXT register.
- **3.** This is the case when PCI bus state is B0.
- 4. This is the case when PCI bus state is B3.

Remark These are estimated value on Windows™ XP environment.

System clock ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Clock frequency	fclк	X'tal	-500	30	+500	MHz
			ppm		ppm	
		Oscillator block	-500	48	+500	MHz
			ppm		ppm	
Clock duty cycle	t duty		40	50	60	%

Remarks 1. Recommended accuracy of clock frequency is \pm 100 ppm.

2. Required accuracy of X'tal or oscillator block is including initial frequency accuracy, the spread of X'tal capacitor loading, supply voltage, temperature, and aging, etc.

AC Characteristics (VDD = 3.0 to 3.6 V, TA = 0 to $+70^{\circ}$ C)

PCI interface block

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Unit
PCI clock cycle time	tcyc		30		ns
PCI clock pulse, high-level width	thigh		11		ns
PCI clock pulse, low-level width	tiow		11		ns
PCI clock, rise slew rate	Scr	0.2Vpd to 0.6Vpd	1	4	V/ns
PCI clock, fall slew rate	Scf	0.2Vpd to 0.6Vpd	1	4	V/ns
PCI reset active time (vs. power supply stability)	trst		1		ms
PCI reset active time (vs. CLK start)	trst-clk		100		μs
Output float delay time (vs. RST0 \downarrow)	trst-off			40	ns
PCI reset rise slew rate	Srr		50		mV/ns
PCI bus signal output time (vs. PCLK↑)	tval		2	11	ns
PCI point-to-point signal output time (vs. PCLK [↑])	t _{val} (ptp)	REQ0	2	12	ns
Output delay time (vs. PCLK [↑])	ton		2		ns
Output float delay time (vs. PCLK [↑])	toff			28	ns
Input setup time (vs. PCLK1)	tsu		7		ns
Point-to-point input setup time (vs. PCLK↑)	t _{su} (ptp)	GNT0	10		ns
Input hold time	th		0		ns

USB interface block

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Low-speed Source Electrical Characteria	stics				
Rise time (10 to 90%)	tlr.	$C_{L} = 200 \text{ to } 600 \text{ pF},$ $R_{S} = 36 \Omega$	75	300	ns
Fall time (90 to 10%)	t∟⊧	$C_{L} = 200 \text{ to } 600 \text{ pF},$ $R_{S} = 36 \Omega$	75	300	ns
Differential rise and fall time matching	t lrfm	(tlr/tlf)	80	125	%
Low-speed data rate	t ldraths	Average bit rate	1.49925	1.50075	Mbps
Source jitter total (including frequency tolerance): To next transition For paired transitions	todji todje		-25 -14	+25 +14	ns ns
Source jitter for differential transition to SE0 transition	t ldeop		-40	+100	ns
Receiver jitter: To next transition For paired transitions	tujri tujre		-152 -200	+152 +200	ns ns
Source SE0 interval of EOP	t leopt		1.25	1.50	μs
Receiver SE0 interval of EOP	t leopr		670		ns
Width of SE0 interval during differential transition	t fst			210	ns
Full-speed Source Electrical Characteris	stics				
Rise time (10 to 90%)	tfr	CL = 50 pF, Rs = 36 Ω	4	20	ns
Fall time (90 to 10%)	tff	CL = 50 pF, Rs = 36 Ω	4	20	ns
Differential rise and fall time matching	t FRFM	(tfr/tff)	90	111.11	%
Full-speed data rate	t FDRATHS	Average bit rate	11.9940	12.0060	Mbps
Frame interval	t FRAME		0.9995	1.0005	ms
Consecutive frame interval jitter	t RFI	No clock adjustment		42	ns
Source jitter total (including frequency tolerance): To next transition For paired transitions	toji toj2		-3.5 -4.0	+3.5 +4.0	ns ns
Source jitter for differential transition to SE0 transition	t FDEOP		-2	+5	ns
Receiver jitter: To next transition For paired transitions	tjri tjr2		-18.5 -9	+18.5 +9	ns ns
Source SE0 interval of EOP	t feopt		160	175	ns
Receiver SE0 interval of EOP	t feopr		82		ns
Width of SE0 interval during differential transition	t fst			14	ns