

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China









Features and Benefits

Operating voltage range from 2.2V to
18V
Very high magnetic sensitivity
CMOS technology
Chopper-stabilized amplifier stage

Low current consumption

Open drain output

☐ Thin SOT23 3L and flat TO-92 3L both RoHS Compliant packages

Application Examples

ч	Automotive, Industrial and Consume
	Solid-state switch
	Brushless DC motor commutation

Brushless DC motor commutation

☐ Speed detection

Linear position detectionAngular position detection

■ Proximity detection

Ordering Code

Product Code	Temperature Code	Package Code	Option Code	Packing Form Code
US4881	E	UĂ	AAA-000	BU
US4881	K	UA	AAA-000	BU
US4881	L	UA	AAA-000	BU
US4881	E	SE	AAA-000	RE
US4881	K	SE	AAA-000	RE
US4881	L	SE	AAA-000	RE

Legend:

Temperature Code: L for Temperature Range -40 °C to 150 °C

E for Temperature Range -40 °C to 85 °C K for Temperature Range -40 °C to 125 °C

Package Code: UA for TO-92(Flat), SE for TSOT3

Packing Form: RE for reel, BU for Bulk,

ordering example: US4881EUA-AAA-000-BU

2 General Description

The Melexis US4881 is a bipolar Hall-effect switch designed in mixed signal CMOS technology.

The device integrates a voltage regulator, Hall sensor with dynamic offset cancellation system, Schmitt trigger and an open-drain output driver, all in a single package.

The low operating voltage and extended choice of temperature ranges make it suitable for use in automotive, industrial and consumer low voltage applications.

The device is delivered in a Thin Small Outline Transistor (TSOT) for surface mount process and in a Plastic Single In-Line (TO-92 flat) for throughhole mount.

Both 3-lead packages are RoHS compliant.

1 Functional Diagram

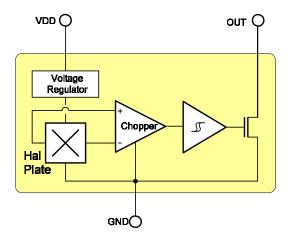




Table of Contents 1 Functional Diagram 1 2 General Description......1 4 Absolute Maximum Ratings......3 6 General Electrical Specifications4 7 Magnetic Specifications 4 8 Output Behaviour versus Magnetic Pole4 9 Detailed General Description......5 10 Unique Features...... 5 11 Performance Graphs 6 11.1 Magnetic parameters vs. T_A.......6 12 Test Conditions....... 7 12.1 Supply Current 7 12.4 Magnetic Thresholds7 13 Application Information...... 8 13.4 Application Comments8 14 Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with different soldering processes......9 15 ESD Precautions.......9 16 Package Information......10

3 Glossary of Terms

MilliTesla (mT), Gauss Units of magnetic flux density:

1mT = 10 Gauss

RoHS Restriction of Hazardous Substances

TSOT Thin Small Outline Transistor (TSOT package) – also referred with the Melexis

package code "SE"

ESD Electro-Static Discharge
BLDC Brush-Less Direct-Current

4 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Units
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	20	V
Supply Current	I_{DD}	50	mA
Output Voltage	V _{OUT}	20	V
Output Current	I _{OUT}	50	mA
Storage Temperature Range	Ts	-50 to 150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	TJ	165	°C
ESD Sensitivity (AEC Q100 002)	-	2.5	kV

Table 1: Absolute maximum ratings

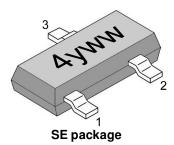
Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

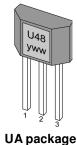
Operating Temperature Range	Symbol	Value	Units
Temperature Suffix "E"	T_{A}	-40 to 85	°C
Temperature Suffix "K"	TA	-40 to 125	°C
Temperature Suffix "L"	T_{A}	-40 to 150	°C

5 Pin Definitions and Descriptions

SE Pin №	UA Pin №	Name	Туре	Function
1	1	VDD	Supply	Supply Voltage pin
2	3	OUT	Output	Open Drain Output pin
3	2	GND	Ground	Ground pin

Table 2: Pin definitions and descriptions





9



6 General Electrical Specifications

DC Operating Parameters $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 12V$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Supply Voltage	V_{DD}	Operating	2.2		18	V
Supply Current	I_{DD}	$B < B_{RP}$	1.5		5	mA
Output Saturation Voltage	V_{DSon}	$I_{OUT} = 20 \text{mA}, B > B_{OP}$			0.5	V
Output Leakage Current	Ioff	$B < B_{RP}, V_{OUT} = 24V$		0.01	10	μA
Output Rise Time	t_r	$R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$		0.25		μs
Output Fall Time	$t_{\rm f}$	$R_L = 1k\Omega$, $C_L = 20pF$		0.25		μs
Maximum Switching Frequency	Fsw			10		kHz
SE Package Thermal Resistance	R _{TH}	Single layer (1S) Jedec board		301		°C/W
UA Package Thermal Resistance	R _{TH}			200		°C/W

Table 3: Electrical specifications

7 Magnetic Specifications

DC Operating Parameters $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{DD} = 12V$ (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Operating Point	BOP		-1		6	mT
Release Point	B_{RP}		-6		1	mT
Hysteresis	B _{HYST}		2		6	mT

Table 4: Magnetic specifications

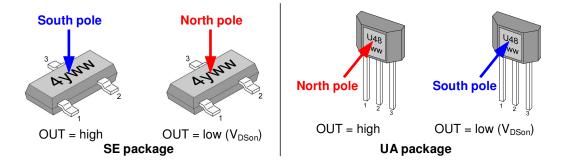
Note: For typical values, please refer to the performance graphs in section 11

8 Output Behaviour versus Magnetic Pole

DC Operating Parameters $T_A = -40$ °C to 150 °C, $V_{DD} = 2.2$ V to 18V (unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Test Conditions (SE)	OUT (SE)	Test Conditions (UA)	OUT (UA)
South pole	B < B _{RP}	High	$B > B_{OP}$	Low
North pole	B > Bop	Low	B < B _{RP}	High

Table 5: Output behaviour versus magnetic pole





9 Detailed General Description

Based on mixed signal CMOS technology, Melexis US4881 is a Hall-effect device with very high magnetic sensitivity. It allows using generic magnets, weak magnets or larger air gap.

The chopper-stabilized amplifier uses switched capacitor technique to suppress the offset generally observed with Hall sensors and amplifiers. The CMOS technology makes this advanced technique possible and contributes to smaller chip size and lower current consumption when compared to the bipolar technology. The small chip size is also an important factor to minimize the effect of physical stress.

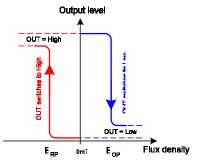
This combination results in more stable magnetic characteristics and enables faster and more precise design.

The operating voltage from 2.2V to 18V, "L", "K" and "E" operating temperature ranges and low current consumption make this device especially suitable for automotive, industrial and consumer low voltage applications.

The output signal is open-drain type. Such output allows simple connectivity with TTL or CMOS logic by using a pull-up resistor tied between a pull-up voltage and the device output.

10 Unique Features

The US4881 exhibits bipolar magnetic switching characteristics. Therefore, it operates with both south and north poles.

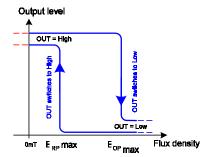


Latch characteristic

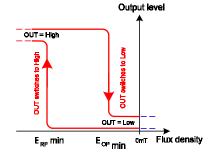
Typically, the device behaves as a latch with symmetric operating and release switching points ($B_{OP}=|B_{RP}|$). This means magnetic fields with equivalent strength and opposite direction drive the output high and low.

Removing the magnetic field (B \rightarrow 0) keeps the output in its previous state. This latching property defines the device as a magnetic memory.

Depending on the magnetic switching points, the device may also behave as a unipolar positive switch (B_{OP} and B_{RP} strictly positive) or unipolar negative switch with inversed output (B_{OP} and B_{RP} strictly negative). That is the output can be set high and low by using only one magnetic pole. In such case, removing the magnetic field changes the output level.



Unipolar positive switch characteristic



Unipolar negative switch characteristic

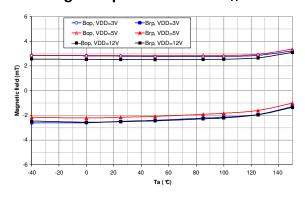
In latch, positive or negative switch behaviour, a magnetic hysteresis B_{HYST} keeps B_{OP} and B_{RP} separated by a minimal value. This hysteresis prevents the output from oscillating near the switching point.

3901004881 Page 5 of 12 Data Sheet Rev 013 Mar/12

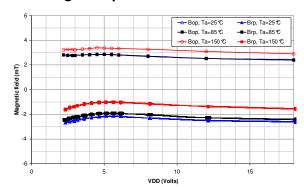


11 Performance Graphs

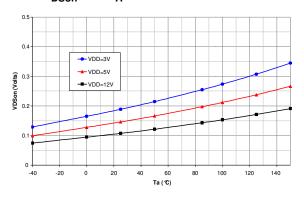
11.1 Magnetic parameters vs. T_A



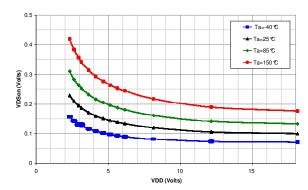
11.2 Magnetic parameters vs. V_{DD}



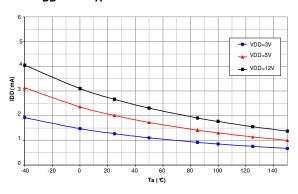
11.3 V_{DSon} vs. T_A



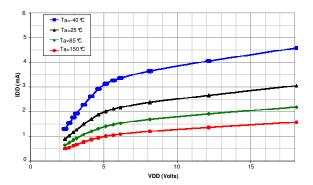
11.4 V_{DSon} vs. V_{DD}



11.5 IDD vs. TA

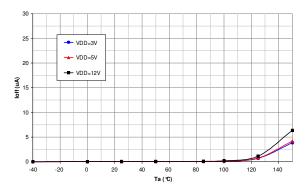


11.6 I_{DD} vs. V_{DD}

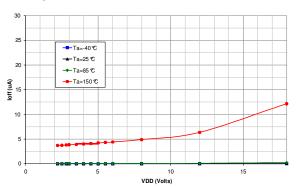




11.7 I_{OFF} vs. T_A



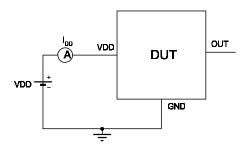
11.8 I_{OFF} vs. V_{DD}



12 Test Conditions

Note: DUT = Device Under Test

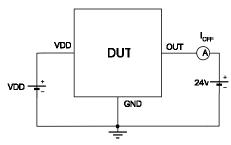
12.1 Supply Current



Note 1 - The supply current $_{\rm DD}$ represents the static supply current. OUT is left open during measurement.

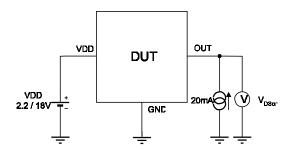
Note 2 - The device is put under magnetic field with B<B_{RP}.

12.3 Output Leakage Current



Note 1 - The device is put under magnetic field with B<B $_{\rm RP}$

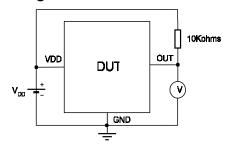
12.2 Output Saturation Voltage



Note 1 - The output saturation voltage $V_{\rm DSen}$ is measured at $V_{\rm DD}$ = 2.2V and $V_{\rm DD}$ = 18V

Note 2 - The device is put under magnetic field with B>E_{op}.

12.4 Magnetic Thresholds



Note 1 - B_{OP} is determined by putting the device under magnetic field swept from E_{RPmin} up to B_{OPmax} until the output is switched on.

Note 2 - B_{RP} is determined by putting the device under magnetic field swept from E_{OPmax} down to B_{RPmin} until the output is switched off.

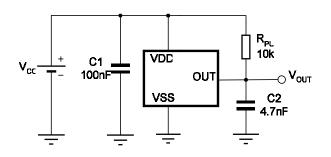
Data Sheet

Mar/12

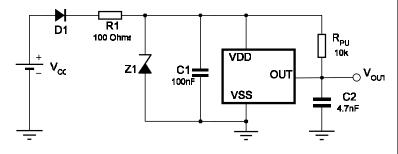


13 Application Information

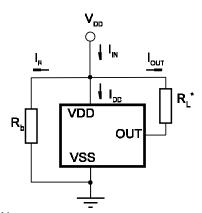
13.1 Typical Three-Wire Application Circuit



13.3 Automotive and Harsh, Noisy Environments Three-Wire Circuit



13.2 Two-Wire Circuit



Note:

With this circuit, precise ON and OFF currents can be detected using only two connecting wires.

The resistors RL and Rb can be used to bias the input current. Refer to the part specifications for limiting values.

 $\begin{array}{l} B_{RP}: \quad I_{OFF} = I_R \ + I_{DD} = V_{DD}/R_b + I_{DD} \\ B_{OP}: \quad I_{ON} = I_{OFF} + I_{OUT} = I_{OFF} + V_{DD}/R_L \end{array}$

13.4 Application Comments

For proper operation, a 100nF bypass capacitor should be placed as close as possible to the device between the V_{DD} and ground pin.

For reverse voltage protection, it is recommended to connect a resistor or a diode in series with the V_{DD} pin. When using a resistor, three points are important:

- the resistor has to limit the reverse current to 50mA maximum (V_{CC} / R1 \leq 50mA)
- the resulting device supply voltage V_{DD} has to be higher than V_{DD} min ($V_{DD} = V_{CC} R1 \cdot I_{DD}$)
- the resistor has to withstand the power dissipated in reverse voltage condition ($P_D = V_{CC}^2/R1$)

When using a diode, a reverse current cannot flow and the voltage drop is almost constant (≈0.7V).

Therefore, a $100\Omega/0.25W$ resistor for 5V application and a diode for higher supply voltage are recommended. Both solutions provide the required reverse voltage protection.

When a weak power supply is used or when the device is intended to be used in noisy environment, it is recommended that figure 13.3 from the Application Information section is used.

The low-pass filter formed by R1 and C1 and the zener diode Z1 bypass the disturbances or voltage spikes occurring on the device supply voltage V_{DD} . The diode D1 provides additional reverse voltage protection.



14 Standard information regarding manufacturability of Melexis products with different soldering processes

Our products are classified and qualified regarding soldering technology, solderability and moisture sensitivity level according to following test methods:

Reflow Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices)

- IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
 Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices (classification reflow profiles according to table 5-2)
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-A113
 Preconditioning of Nonhermetic Surface Mount Devices Prior to Reliability Testing (reflow profiles according to table 2)

Wave Soldering SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

- EN60749-20
 - Resistance of plastic- encapsulated SMD's to combined effect of moisture and soldering heat
- EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B106 and EN60749-15
 Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices

Iron Soldering THD's (Ihrough Hole Devices)

EN60749-15
 Resistance to soldering temperature for through-hole mounted devices

Solderability SMD's (Surface Mount Devices) and THD's (Through Hole Devices)

 EIA/JEDEC JESD22-B102 and EN60749-21 Solderability

For all soldering technologies deviating from above mentioned standard conditions (regarding peak temperature, temperature gradient, temperature profile etc) additional classification and qualification tests have to be agreed upon with Melexis.

The application of Wave Soldering for SMD's is allowed only after consulting Melexis regarding assurance of adhesive strength between device and board.

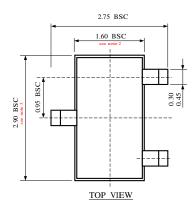
Melexis is contributing to global environmental conservation by promoting **lead free** solutions. For more information on qualifications of **RoHS** compliant products (RoHS = European directive on the Restriction Of the use of certain Hazardous Substances) please visit the quality page on our website: http://www.melexis.com/quality.aspx

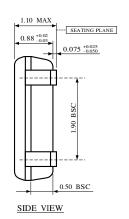
15 ESD Precautions

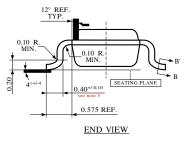
Electronic semiconductor products are sensitive to Electro Static Discharge (ESD). Always observe Electro Static Discharge control procedures whenever handling semiconductor products.

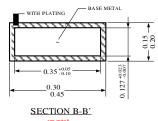
16 Package Information

16.1 SE Package (TSOT-3L)









Notes:

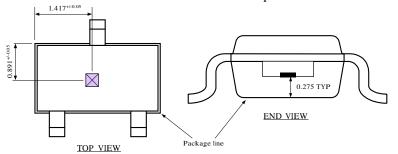
- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters
- Outermost plastic extreme width does not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- Outermost plastic extreme length does not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.25mm per side.
- The lead width dimension does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.07mm total in excess of the lead width dimension at maximum material condition.
- 5. Dimension is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- 6. Dimension on SECTION B-B' applies to the flat section of the lead between 0.08 mm and 0.15 mm from the lead tip.
- 7. Formed lead shall be planar with respect to one another with 0.076mm at seating plane.

Marking:

Top side: 4yww

4 = part number (US4881) y = last digit of year ww = calendar week

Hall plate location

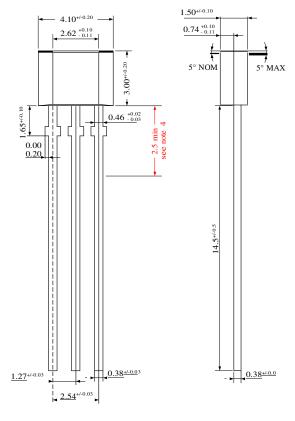


Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters



16.2 UA Package (TO-92 flat)



Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters
- 2. Package dimension exclusive molding flash.
- 3. The end flash shall not exceed 0.127 mm on each side.
- To preserve reliability, it is recommended to have total lead length equal to 2.5mm minimum, measured from the package line.

Marking:

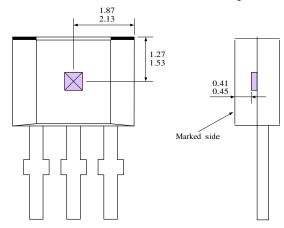
 1^{st} Line : U48 - Part number (US4881)

2nd Line: yww

y - last digit of year ww - calendar week



Hall plate location



Notes:

1. All dimensions are in millimeters

17 Disclaimer

Devices sold by Melexis are covered by the warranty and patent indemnification provisions appearing in its Term of Sale. Melexis makes no warranty, express, statutory, implied, or by description regarding the information set forth herein or regarding the freedom of the described devices from patent infringement. Melexis reserves the right to change specifications and prices at any time and without notice. Therefore, prior to designing this product into a system, it is necessary to check with Melexis for current information. This product is intended for use in normal commercial applications. Applications requiring extended temperature range, unusual environmental requirements, or high reliability applications, such as military, medical life-support or life-sustaining equipment are specifically not recommended without additional processing by Melexis for each application.

The information furnished by Melexis is believed to be correct and accurate. However, Melexis shall not be liable to recipient or any third party for any damages, including but not limited to personal injury, property damage, loss of profits, loss of use, interrupt of business or indirect, special incidental or consequential damages, of any kind, in connection with or arising out of the furnishing, performance or use of the technical data herein. No obligation or liability to recipient or any third party shall arise or flow out of Melexis' rendering of technical or other services.

© 2012 Melexis NV. All rights reserved.

For the latest version of this document, go to our website at www.melexis.com

Or for additional information contact Melexis Direct:

Europe, Africa, Asia: America:
Phone: +32 1367 0495 Phone: +1 248 306 5400
E-mail: sales europe@melexis.com E-mail: sales usa@melexis.com

ISO/TS 16949 and ISO14001 Certified