imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



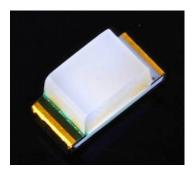
Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China





Standard Product Specifications



Features

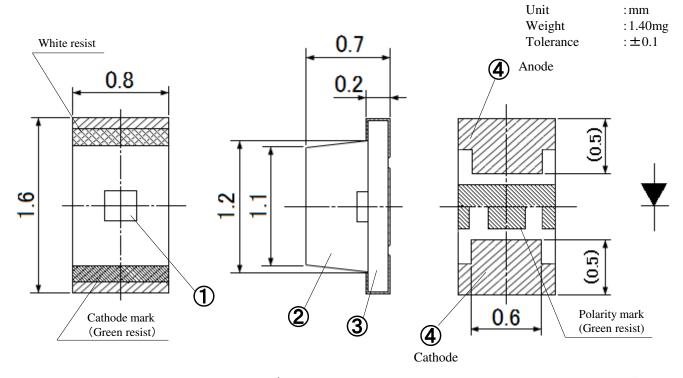
Package	1608 Flat lens type, Milky white resin, Blue color emitting LED Outer dimension 1.6 x 0.8 x 0.7mm (L x W x H)
Product features	 Equivalent to JEDEC level 2a (IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020D) Lead-free soldering compatible RoHS compliant

Recommended Applications

·Light source for indicators for Automotive, Consumer equipment etc.



Outline dimensions

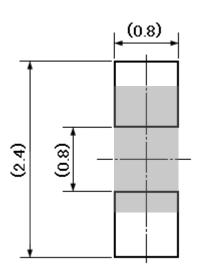


NO.	PART NAME	MATERIAL	QTY.
1	LED die	InGaN	1
2	Mold resin	Silicorne	1
3	Substrate	Glass fabrics	1
4	Electrode	Copper (Au plating)	2

Note : The cutting burr of the substrate and electrodes doesn't contain size of the product.

Recommended pad

Unit:mm





Specifications

[Product overview]

DIE MATERIAL	InGaN
EMITTING COLOR	Blue
RESIN COLOR	Milky white

【 Absolute maximum ratings 】

Absolute maximum ratings			(Ta=25°C)	<u>.</u>
ITEM	SYMBOL	MAXIMUM RATINGS	UNITS	
Power dissipation	P _d	88.8	mW	
Forward current	I _F	25	mA	
Repetitive peak forward current "1ms, 1/10 duty"	I _{FRM}	100	mA	
I _F Derate linearly from "85°C"	$\Delta I_{ m F}$	1.0	mA/°C	
I _{FRM} Derate linearly from "85°C"	$\Delta I_{ m FRM}$	4.0	mA/°C	
Reverse voltage	V _R	5	v	
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +100	°C	
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +110	°C	
Electro static discharge threshold "HBM"	ESD	1,000	v	Notes 1
Soldering temperature "Reflow soldering"	T _{sld}	260	°C	Notes2
Junction Temperature	Tj	125	°C]

 $Notes 1 \qquad ESD \ testing \ method: EIA J4701/300(304) \ \ Human \ Body \ Model \ (HBM) \ \ 1.5 k \Omega, 100 pF$

Notes2 Please refer to page 8, "Soldering Conditions".

【 Thermal characteristics 】

(Ta=25°C				
ITEM	SYMBOL	TYP.	UNITS	
Thermal resistance [Junction - Ambient]	R _{th(j-a)}	450	°C/W	Notes3
Thermal resistance [Junction - Solder point]	R _{th(j-s)}	300	°C/W	

Notes 3 $R_{th(j\text{-}a)}$ Measurement Condition

• Substrate : FR4(t=1.6mm)

• Pattern Size : 16mm²

	-					(Ta=25°C)
ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Forward voltage	V _F	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	2.6	3.3	3.5	v
Reverse current	I _R	$V_R = 5V$	-	-	10	μΑ
Luminous intensity	Iv	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	82	110	220	mcd
Luminous flux	$\phi_{\rm V}$	$I_F = 20mA$	-	660	-	mlm
Peak wavelength	λp	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	-	463	-	nm
Dominant wavelength	λd	$I_F = 20mA$	460	468	476	nm
Half intensity on ala	ΔθΧ	$I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	-	155	-	deg.
Half intensity angle	ΔθΥ	$I_F = 20 mA$	-	165	-	deg.

[Electro and optical characteristics]

Notes Above the table of luminous intensity (Iv) values and dominant wavelength (λd) values are the setup value of the selection machine. [Tolerance : Iv.. $\pm 10\%$, λd .. ± 1 nm]

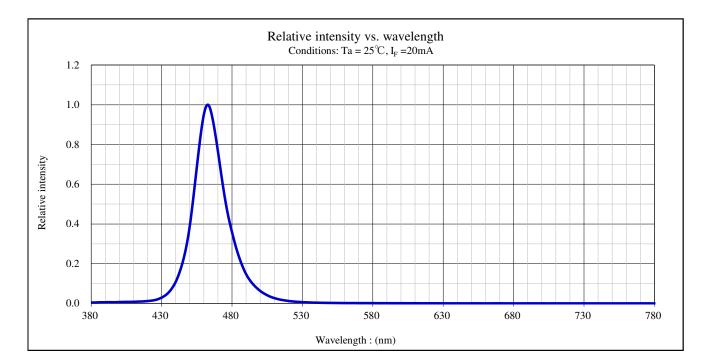
[Sorting for luminous intensity and dominant wavelength]

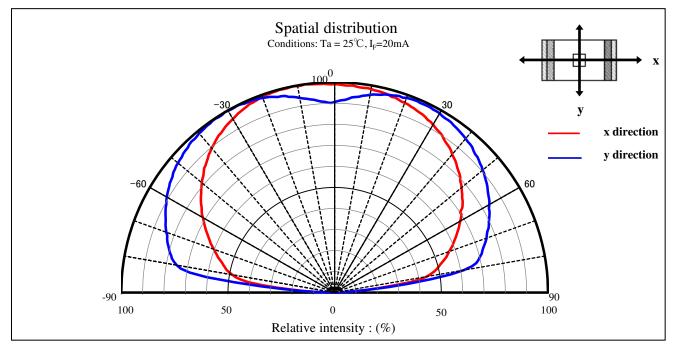
LEDs shall be sorted out into the following ranks of luminous intensity and dominant wavelength.

Luminous intensity (Iv) rank		Dominant wavelength (λd) rank			k		
	I _V (r	ncd)				(nm)	
Rank	MIN.	MAX.	Conditions	Rank	MIN.	MAX.	Conditions
BZ	82	100		А	460	464	
C1	100	120		В	464	468	I _F =20mA
C2	120	150	$I_F=20mA$ Ta=25°C	С	468	472	$I_{\rm F}=20{\rm mA}$ $Ta=25^{\circ}{\rm C}$
C3	150	180	1a-25 C	D	472	476	
C4	180	220		<u></u>	•		

Notes Above the table of luminous intensity (Iv) values and dominant wavelength (λd) values are the setup value of the selection machine. [Tolerance : Iv... $\pm 10\%$, λd ... ± 1 nm]

Technical data

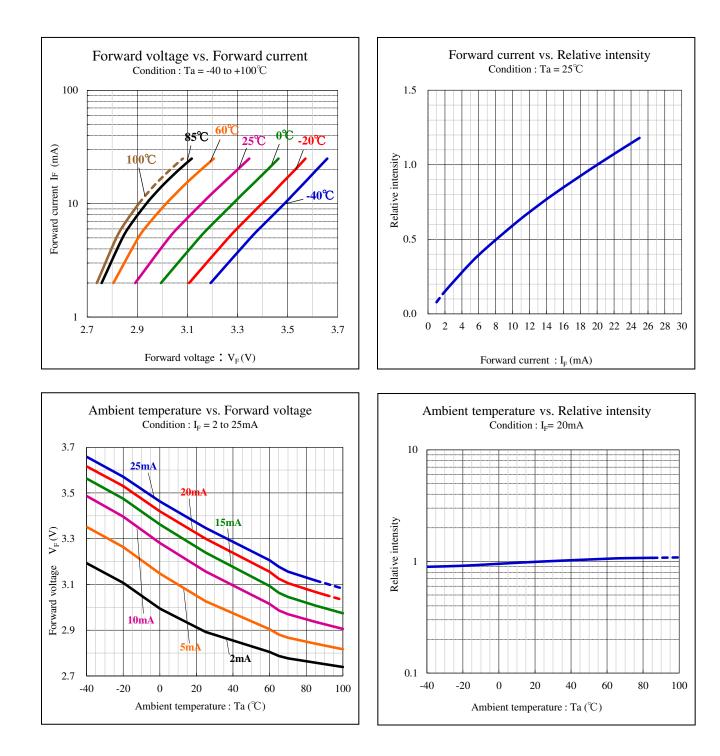






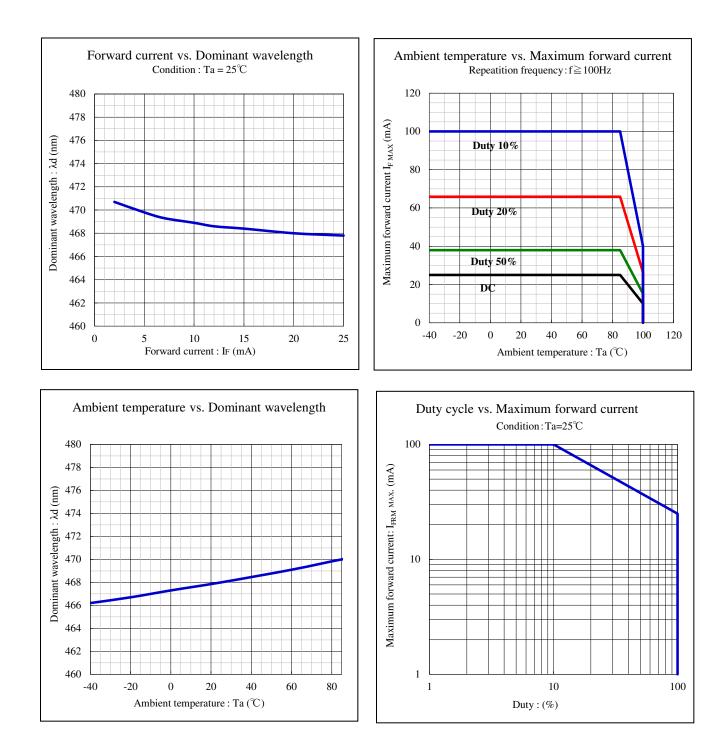
STANLEY ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

RoHS Pb-free HEAT VCKB1111CS-TR



Technical data



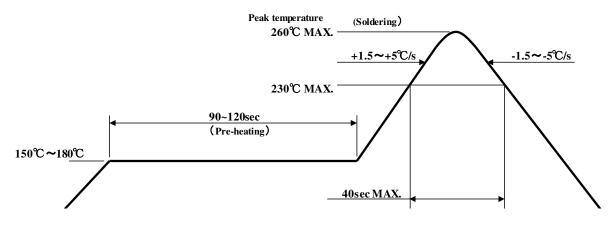




- 1. Heat stress during soldering will influence the reliability of LEDs, however that effect will vary on heating method. Also, if components of varying shape are soldered together, it is recommended to set the soldering pad temperature according to the component most vulnerable to heat (e.g., surface mount LED).
- 2. LED parts including the resin are not stable immediately after soldering (when they are not at room temperature), any mechanical stress may cause damage to the product. Please avoid such stress after soldering, especially stacking of the boards which may cause the boards to warp and any other types of friction with hard materials.
- 3. Recommended temperature profile for the Reflow soldering is listed as the temperature of the resin surface. Temperature distribution varies on heating method, PCB material, other components in the assembly, and mounting density.

Please do not repeat the heating process in Reflow process more than twice.

[Recommended Reflow Soldering Condition]



Note 1 Recommended temperature profile for the reflow soldering is listed as the temperature of the resin surface. This should be the maximum temperature for soldering. Lowering the heating temperature and decreasing heating time is very effective in achieving higher reliability.

Note 2 The reflow soldering process should be done up to twice(2 times Max). When second process is performed, interval between first and second process should be as short as possible to prevent absorption of moisture to resin of LED. The second soldering process should not be done until LEDs have returned to room temperature (by nature-cooling) after first soldering process.





- 4. If soldering manually, Stanley recommends using a soldering iron equipped with temperature control. During the actual soldering process, make sure that the soldering iron never touches the LED itself, and avoid the LED's electrode heating temperature reaching above the heating temperature of the solder pad. All repairs must be performed only once in the same spot, and please avoid reusing components.
- 5. In soldering process, immediately after iron tip is cleaned, please make sure that the soldering iron reaches the appropriate temperature before using. Also, please avoid applying any types of pressure to the soldered components before the solder has been cooled and hardened, as it may deteriorate solder performance and solder quality.

[Recommended manual soldering condition]

Temperature of iron tip	350°CMAX.
Soldering duration, time	3sec.Max.,1 time

- 7. Flow soldering (dip soldering) is not recommended for this product.
- 8. Isopropyl alcohol is recommended for cleaning. Some chemicals, including Freon substitute detergent could corrode the lens or the casing surface, which cause discoloration, cloud, crack and so on. Please review the reference chart below for cleaning. If water is used to clean (including the final cleaning process), please use pure water (not tap water), and completely dry the component. Cleaning with ultrasonic is not recommended.

Cleaning agents	Recommended / Not recommended
Isopropyl alcohol	✓ Recommended
Ethyl alcohol	✓ Recommended
Pure water	✓ Recommended
Trichloroethylene	x Not recommended
Chlorothene	x Not recommended
Acetone	x Not recommended
Thinner	x Not recommended



Handling precaution

[For electric static discharge (ESD)]

This type of LED lamp is highly sensitive to surge voltage generated by the On/Off status change and discharges of static electricity through frictions with synthetic materials, which may cause severe damage to the die or undermine its reliability. Damaged products may experience conditions such as extremely high reverse voltage, or a decrease of forward rise voltage, deteriorating its optical characteristic. Stanley products are designed to withstand up to 1,000V under the EIAJ ED-4701/300 Test #304 (HBM), and are packed with anti-static components. However, the following precautions and measures are vital in ensuring product quality during shipment.

EIAJ ED-4701/300 (304/HBM) Electrification model: C=100pF, R2=1.5KΩ

1. Electrification/Static electricity protection

Stanley recommends the following precautions in order to avoid product (die) damage from static electricity, when an operator and other materials electrified by friction coming in contact with the product.

- ① Do not place electrified non-conductive materials near the LED product. Avoid LED products from coming into contact with metallic materials.(Should the metallic material be electrified, the sudden surge voltage will most likely damage the product.)
- 2 Avoid a working process which may cause the LED product to rub against other materials.
- ③ Install ground wires for any equipment, where they can be installed, with measures to avoid static electricity surges.
- (4) Prepare a ESD protective area by placing a conductive mattress ($1M\Omega$ MAX.) and ionizer to remove any static electricity.
- (5) Operators should wear a protective wrist-strap.
- (6) Operators should wear conductive work-clothes and shoes.
- \overline{O} To handle the products directly, Stanley recommends the use of ceramic, and not metallic, tweezers.

2. Working environment

- ① A dry environment is more likely to cause static electricity. Although a dry environment is ideal for storage state of LED products, Stanley recommends an environment with approximately 50% humidity after the soldering process.
- (2) Recommended static electricity level in the working environment is less than150V, which is the same value as Integrated Circuits (which are sensitive to static electricity).



[Other precautions]

- 1. Stanley LED Lamps have semiconductor characteristics and are designed to ensure high reliability. However, the performance may vary depending on usage conditions.
- 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings are set to prevent LED lamps from failing due to excess stress (temperature, current, voltage, etc.). Usage conditions must not exceed the ratings for a moment, nor do reach one item of absolute maximum ratings simultaneously.
- 3. In order to ensure high reliability from LED Lamps, variable factors that arise in actual usage conditions should be taken it to account for designing. (Derating of TYP., MAX. forward voltage, etc.)
- 4. Please insert Straight Protective Resistors into the circuit in order to stabilize LED operation and to prevent the device from igniting due to excess current.
- 5. Please check the actual performance in the assembly because the Specification Sheets are described for LED device only.
- 6. Please refrain from looking directly at the light source of LED at high output, as it may harm your vision.
- 7. The products are designed to operate without failure in recommended usage conditions. However, please take the necessary precautions to prevent fire, injury, and other damages should any malfunction or failure arise.
- 8. The products are manufactured to be used for ordinary electronic equipment. Please contact our sales staff beforehand when exceptional quality and reliability are required, and the failure or malfunction of the products might directly jeopardize life or health (such as for airplanes, aerospace, transport equipment, medical applications, nuclear reactor control systems and so on).
- 9. The formal specification sheets shall be valid only by exchange of documents signed by both parties.



This product is baked (moisture removal) before packaging, and is shipped in moisture-proof packaging (as shown below) to minimize moisture absorption during transportation and storage. However, with regard to storing the products, Stanley recommends the use of dry-box under the following conditions is recommended. Moisture-proof bag as the packaging is made of anti-static material but packaging box is not.

[Recommended storage condition / Products warranty period]

Temperature	+5 ~ 30℃
Humidity	Under 70%

In the case of the package unopened, 6 months under [Recommended Storage Condition]. Please avoid rapid transition from low temp. condition to high temp. condition and storage in corroding and dusty environment.

[Time elapsed after package opening]

The package should not be opened until immediately prior to its use, and please keep the time frame between package opening and soldering which is **[maximum 672h]**.

If the device needs to be soldered twice, both soldering operations must be completed within 168h.

If any components should remain unused, please reseal the package and store them under the conditions described in the [Recommended Storage Condition] above.

This product must be required to perform baking process (moisture removal) for **10h(min.) to 12h(max.) at 60+/-5 degrees Celsius** if following conditions apply.

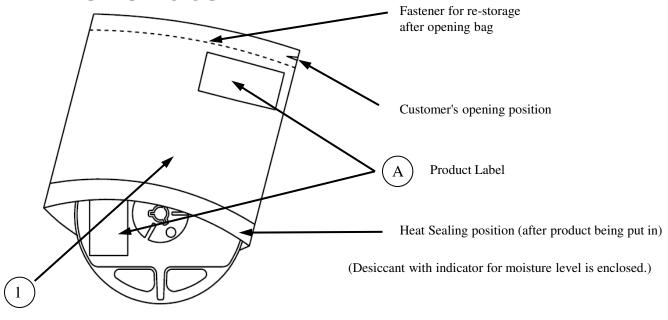
- 1.In the case of silica gel (blue) which indicates the moisture level within the package, changes or loses its blue color.
- 2. In the case of time passes for 168h after the package is opened once.

Baking process should be performed after LED having been taken out of the package.

Baking may be performed in the tape-reel form, however if it is performed with the reel stacked over one another, it may cause deformation of the reels and taping materials and later obstruct mounting. Please handle only once it has returned to room temperature. Provided that, baking process shall be 2 times MAX.

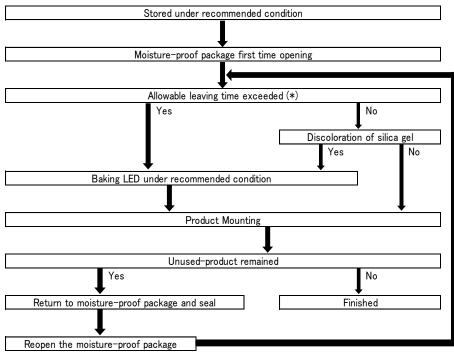


[Moisture-proof packaging specification]



NO.	PART NAME	MATERIAL	REMARKS
1	Moisture-proof bag with Aluminum layer	PET+A1+PE	with ESD protection

[Flow chart-package opening to mounting]



Allowable leaving time means the maximum allowable leaving time after opening package, which depends on each LED type.

The allowable leaving time should be calculated form the first opening of package to the time when soldering process is finished.

When judging if the allowable leaving time has exceeded or not, please subtract the soldering time. The allowable leaving time after reopening should be calculated form the first opening of package, or from the time when baking process is finished.

2017.9.14



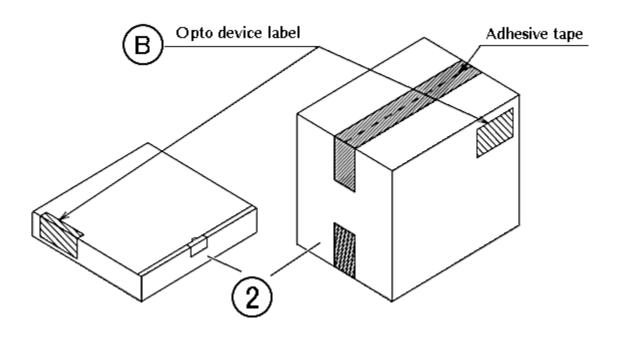
[Packing box**]**

(RoHS•ELV Compliant)

Box type	Outline dimension $L \times W \times H (mm)$	Capacity of the box
Type A	$280 \times 265 \times 45$	3 reels
Type B	310 × 235 × 265	15 reels
Type C	440 × 310 × 265	30 reels

The above measure is all the reference value.

Shipping box is selected out of the above table by shipping quantity.



Type A			Type B,C		
Material / box : Cardboard C5BF			Material / box : Cardboard K5AF Partition : Cardboard K5BF		
	NO.	PART NAME	MATELRIAL	REMARKS	
	2	Packing box	Corrugated	without ESD	

STANLEY ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

cardboard

protection



[Label specification]

(acc.to JIS-X0503(Code-39))



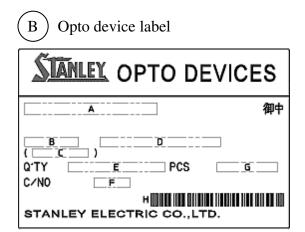
Product label

STANLEY ELECTRIC CO., LTD.-в G

- A. Parts number
- B. Bar-code for parts number
- C. Parts code (In-house identification code for each parts number)
- D. Packed parts quantity
- E. Bar-code for packed parts quantity
- F. Lot number & rank

(refer to Lot number notational system for details)

G. Bar-code for Lot number & rank



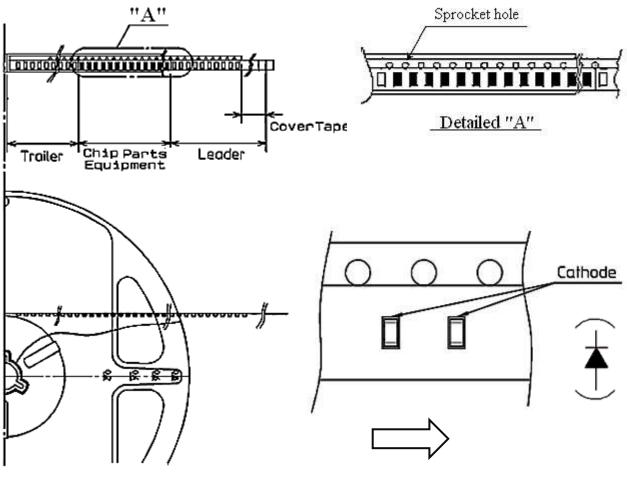
<Remarks> Bar-code font : acc.to Code-39(JIS-X0503)

- A. Customer name
- B. Parts type
- C. Parts code
- D. Parts number
- E. Packed parts quantity
- F. Carton number
- G. Shipping date
- H. Bar-code for In-house identification number



(acc.to JIS-C0806-03)

[Appearance]



Direction to take out

Note

"-TR" means Cathode Side of LEDs should be placed on the sprocket-hole side.

Items		Specifications	Remarks	
Leader area	Cover-tape	Cover-tape shall be longer than 200mm without carrier-tape	The end of cover-tape shall be held with adhesive tape.	
Leader area	Carrier-tape	Empty pocket shall be more than 10 pieces.	Please refer to the above figure for Taping & reel orientation .	
Trailer area		Empty pocket shall be more than 15 pieces.	The end of taping shall be inserted into a slit of the hub.	



(acc.to JIS-C0806-03)

[Qty. per reel]

4,000parts/reel

Minimum Qty. per reel might be 500 parts when getting less than 4,000 parts. In such case, parts of 500-unit-qty. shall be packed in a reel and the qty.shall be identified on the label

[Mechanical strength]

Cover-tape adhesive strength shall be $0.1 \sim 1.0$ N (An angle between carrier-tape and cover-tape shall be 170 deg.). Both tapes shall be so sealed that the contained parts will not come out from the tape when it is bent at a radius of 15mm.

Others

Reversed-orientation, Up-side down placing, side placing and out of spec. parts mix shall not be held. Max qty. of empty pocket per reel shall be defined as the following.

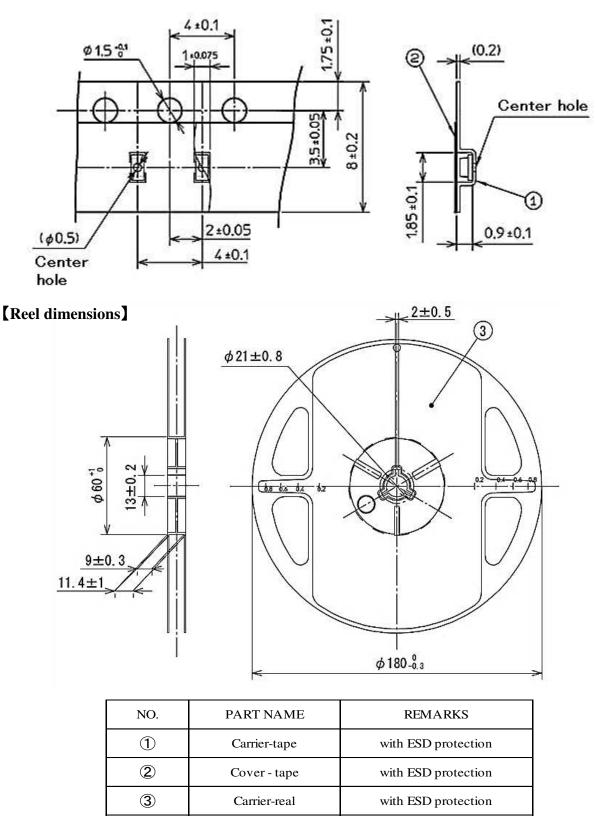
Qty./reel	Max. qty. of empty pocket	Remarks
500	1	-
1,000	1	-
1,500	2	-
2,000	2	No continuance
2,500	3	No continuance
3,000	3	No continuance
3,500	4	No continuance
4,000	4	No continuance



Unit:mm

(acc.to JIS-C0806-03)

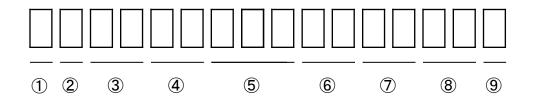
[Taping dimensions]



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STANLEY ELECTRIC CO., LTD.





- ① 1digit : Production location (Mark identify alphabet)
- (2) 1 digit : Production year (the last digit of production year shall be indicate as $2018 \rightarrow 8, 2020 \rightarrow 0, 2021 \rightarrow 1, \cdots$)
- ③ 2digits : Production month (Jan. to Sep. ,shall be indicated as 01,02,03,....)
- (4) 2digits : Production date
- ⑤ 3digits : Serial number
- (6) 2digits : Tape and reel following number
- $\overline{\mathcal{O}}$ 2digits : Luminous intensity rank.

(If luminous intensity rank is 1 digit, "-" shall be dashed on the place for the second digit. If there is no identified rank, "--" shall be used to indicate.)

(8) - 2digits : Color (Dominant wavelength) rank

(If chromaticity rank is 1 digit, "-" shall be dashed on the place for the second digit. If there is no identified rank, "--" shall be used to indicate.)

(9) - 1digit : Option rank (Stanley normally print "-" to indicate.)



Correspondence to RoHS • ELV instruction

This product is in compliance with RoHS • ELV.

Prohibition substance and it's criteria value of RoHS • ELV are as follows.

- •RoHS instruction Refer to following $(1)\sim(6)$.
- •ELV instruction Refer to following (1) \sim (4).

	Substance Group Name	Criteria Value
(1)	Lead and its compounds	1,000ppm Max
(2)	Cadmium and its compounds	100ppm Max
(3)	Mercury and its compounds	1,000ppm Max
(4)	Hexavalent chromium	1,000ppm Max
(5)	PBB	1,000ppm Max
(6)	PBDE	1,000ppm Max



1. Reliability testing result

, ,				
Test item	Standard	Test condition	Duration	Failure
Operating life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(101)	Ta=25°C I _F =25mA	1,000h	0 / 20
High temperature operating life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(101)	Ta= 85° C I _F = 25 mA	1,000h	0/20
Low temperature operating life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(101)	Ta=-40°C I _F =25mA	1,000h	0/20
Wet high temperature operating life	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(102)	Ta=60°C 90% I _F =25mA	1,000h	0 / 20
High temperature storage life	EIAJ ED-4701 /200(201)	Ta=110°C	1,000h	0 / 20
Low temperature storage life	EIAJ ED-4701 /200(202)	Ta=-40°C	1,000h	0/20
Wet high temperature storage life	EIAJ ED-4701 /200(202)	Ta=60°C 90%	1,000h	0/20
Thermal shock	EIAJ ED-4701 /100(105)	$Ta=-40^{\circ}C \sim 110^{\circ}C$ (each 15min)	1,000 cycles	0 / 20
Resistance to reflow soldering	EIAJ ED-4701 /300(301)	Moisture soak : 60°C 60% 121h Preheating : 150~ 180°C 90 to 120sec Soldering : 260°C 5sec	2 times	0/20
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) ※ 1	EIAJ ED-4701 /300(304)	C=100pF R2=1.5kΩ ±2,000V	3 times of each polarity	0/10
Vibration, Variable frequency	Variable frequency $\begin{array}{c} \text{EIAJ ED-4701} \\ /400(403) \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{c} 98.1 \text{m/s}^2 (10\text{G}) \ 100 \sim 2,000 \text{Hz 20min.} \\ \text{sweep} \qquad \text{XYZ direction} \end{array}$		2 h of each direction	0/10

※ 1 Reference test

2. Failure criteria

Item	Symbol	Conditions	Failure Criteria
Luminous Intensity	I_V	I _F =20mA	Testing Min. Value $<$ Standard Min. Value $\times 0.5$
Forward Voltage	V _F	I _F =20mA	Testing Max. Value \geq Standard Max. Value \times 1.2
Reverse Current	I _R	V _R =5V	Testing Max. Value \geq Standard Max. Value $\times 2.5$
External appearance	-	-	Notable Discoloration, Deformation and Cracking



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- 1) The technical information shown in the data sheets are limited to the typical characteristics and circuit examples of the referenced products. It does not constitute the warranting of industrial property nor the granting of any license.
- 2) For the purpose of product improvement, the specifications, characteristics and technical data described in the data sheets are subject to change without prior notice. Therefore it is recommended that the most updated specifications be used in your design.
- 3) When using the products described in the data sheets, please adhere to the maximum ratings for operating voltage, heat dissipation characteristics, and other precautions for use. We are not responsible for any damage which may occur if these specifications are exceeded.
- 4) The products that have been described to this catalog are manufactured so that they will be used for the electrical instrument of the benchmark (OA equipment, telecommunications equipment, AV machine, home appliance and measuring instrument).

The application of aircrafts, space borne application, transportation equipment, medical equipment and nuclear power control equipment, etc. needs a high reliability and safety, and the breakdown and the wrong operation might influence the life or the human body. Please consult us beforehand if you plan to use our product for the usages of aircrafts, space borne application, transportation equipment, medical equipment and nuclear power control equipment, etc. except OA equipment, telecommunications equipment, AV machine, home appliance and measuring instrument.

- 5) In order to export the products or technologies described in this data sheet which are under the "Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Law," it is necessary to first obtain an export permit from the Japanese government.
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- 7) The most updated edition of this data sheet can be obtained from the address below: <u>http://www.stanley-components.com/en/</u>