# imall

Chipsmall Limited consists of a professional team with an average of over 10 year of expertise in the distribution of electronic components. Based in Hongkong, we have already established firm and mutual-benefit business relationships with customers from, Europe, America and south Asia, supplying obsolete and hard-to-find components to meet their specific needs.

With the principle of "Quality Parts, Customers Priority, Honest Operation, and Considerate Service", our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip, ALPS, ROHM, Xilinx, Pulse, ON, Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC, Modules, Potentiometer, IC Socket, Relay, Connector. Our parts cover such applications as commercial, industrial, and automotives areas.

We are looking forward to setting up business relationship with you and hope to provide you with the best service and solution. Let us make a better world for our industry!



# Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832 Email & Skype: info@chipsmall.com Web: www.chipsmall.com Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China



VCNL4020





### DESCRIPTION

The VCNL4020 is a fully integrated proximity and ambient light sensor. Fully integrated means that the infrared emitter is included in the package. It has 16 bit resolution. It includes a signal processing IC and features standard I<sup>2</sup>C communication interface. It features an interrupt function.

### APPLICATIONS

- Proximity sensor for mobile devices (e.g. smart phones, touch phones, PDA, GPS) for touch screen locking, power saving, etc.
- Integrated ambient light function for display/keypad contrast control and dimming of mobile devices
- Proximity/optical switch for consumer, computing and industrial devices and displays
- Dimming control for consumer, computing and industrial displays

### FEATURES

- Package type: surface mount
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 4.90 x 2.40 x 0.83
- Integrated infrared emitter, ambient light sensor, proximity sensor, and signal conditioning IC
- Interrupt function
- Supply voltage range V<sub>DD</sub>: 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Supply voltage range IR anode: 2.5 V to 5 V
- Communication via I<sup>2</sup>C interface
- I<sup>2</sup>C Bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 5 V
- Floor life: 72 h, MSL 4, acc. J-STD-020
- Low stand by current consumption: 1.5 μA
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see <u>www.vishay.com/doc?99912</u>

### **PROXIMITY FUNCTION**

- Built-in infrared emitter and photo-pin-diode for proximity function
- 16 bit effective resolution for proximity detection range ensures excellent cross talk immunity
- Programmable LED drive current from 10 mA to 200 mA in 10 mA steps
- Excellent ambient light suppression by signal modulation
- Proximity distance up to 200 mm

### AMBIENT LIGHT FUNCTION

- Built-in ambient light photo-pin-diode with close-to-human-eye sensitivity
- 16 bit dynamic range from 0.25 lx to 16 klx
- 100 Hz and 120 Hz flicker noise rejection

PRODUCT SUMMARY										
PART NUMBER	OPERATING RANGE (mm)	OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	I <sup>2</sup> C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	LED PULSE CURRENT <sup>(1)</sup> (mA)	AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx)	AMBIENT LIGHT RESOLUTION (Ix)	OUTPUT CODE			
VCNL4020	1 to 200	2.5 to 3.6	1.7 to 5	10 to 200	0.25 to 16 383	0.25	16 bit, I <sup>2</sup> C			

#### Note

<sup>(1)</sup> Adjustable through I<sup>2</sup>C interface

Rev. 1.2, 10-Oct-12

1 For technical questions, contact: <u>sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</u>



ROHS COMPLIANT

GREEN

(5-2008)





ORDERING INFORMATION									
ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	VOLUME <sup>(1)</sup>	REMARKS						
VCNL4020-GS08	Tapa and real	MOQ: 3300 pcs	4.90 mm x 2.40 mm x 0.83 mm						
VCNL4020-GS18	Tape and reel	MOQ: 13 000 pcs	4.90 mm x 2.40 mm x 0.65 mm						
VCNL4000demokit <sup>(2)</sup>	-	MOQ: 1 pc	-						

Notes

<sup>(1)</sup> MOQ: minimum order quantity

(2) VCNL4000 demokit provides USB dongle, basic software including Vishay licence. The VCNL4020 sensor board could be ordered free of charge. For your order please contact sensorstechsupport. Software updates for VCNL4020 could be downloaded from web site: www.vishay.com/optical-sensors/list/product-83476/

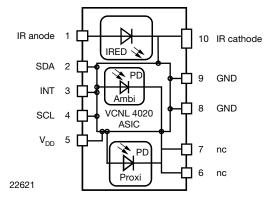
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T <sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)									
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT				
Supply voltage		V <sub>DD</sub>	- 0.3	5.5	V				
Operation temperature range		T <sub>amb</sub>	- 25	+ 85	°C				
Storage temperature range		T <sub>stg</sub>	- 25	+ 85	°C				
Total power dissipation	$T_{amb} \le 25 \ ^{\circ}C$	P <sub>tot</sub>		50	mW				
Junction temperature		Tj		100	°C				

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply voltage V <sub>DD</sub>			2.5		3.6	V
Supply voltage IR anode			2.5		5	V
I <sup>2</sup> C Bus H-level range			1.7		5	V
INT H-level range			1.7		5	V
INT low voltage	3 mA sink current				0.4	V
Current consumption	Standby current, no IRED-operation			1.5	2	μA
Current consumption proximity mode incl. IRED (averaged)	2 measurements per second, IRED current 20 mA			5		μA
	250 measurements per second, IRED current 20 mA			520		μA
	2 measurements per second, IRED current 200 mA			35		μA
	250 measurements per second, IRED current 200 mA			4		mA
	2 measurements per second averaging = 1			2.5		μA
Current consumption ambient	8 measurements per second averaging = 1			10		μA
light mode	2 measurements per second averaging = 64			160		μA
	8 measurements per second averaging = 64			640		μA
Ambient light resolution	Digital resolution (LSB count )			0.25		lx
Ambient light output	E <sub>V</sub> = 100 lx averaging = 64			400		counts
I <sup>2</sup> C clock rate range		f <sub>SCL</sub>			3400	kHz

2

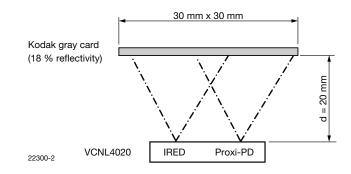






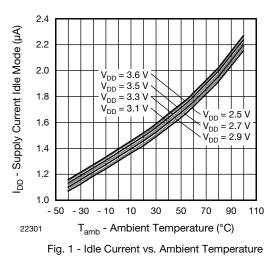
www.vishay.com

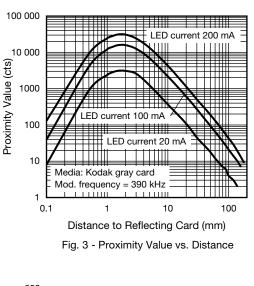
### TEST CIRCUIT

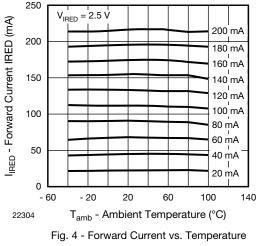


#### Note

### **BASIC CHARACTERISTICS** (T<sub>amb</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)







2.4 I<sub>DD</sub> - Supply Current Idle Mode (µA) 100 °C 2.2 2.0 80 °C 1.8 55 °C 1.6 25 °C 1.4 - 10 °C 1.2 ċC - 40 1.0 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 3.8 V<sub>DD</sub> - Supply Voltage (V) 22302 Fig. 2 - Idle Current vs. V<sub>DD</sub>

Rev. 1.2, 10-Oct-12

3 For technical questions, contact: <u>sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</u>

nc must not be electrically connected Pads 6 and 7 are only considered as solder pads



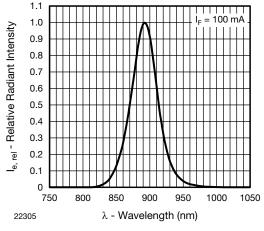


Fig. 5 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Wavelength

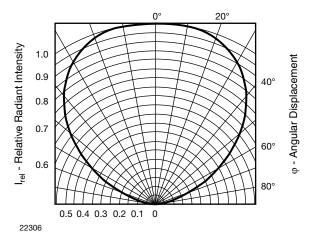
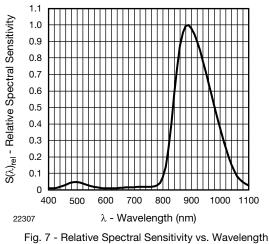


Fig. 6 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement



(Proximity Sensor)

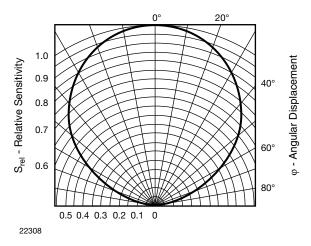


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Proximity Sensor)

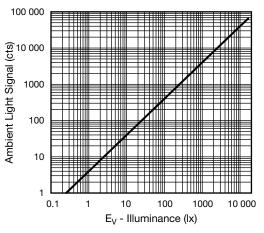
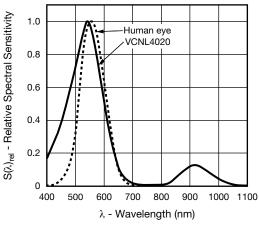
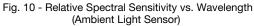


Fig. 9 - Ambient Light Value vs. Illuminance





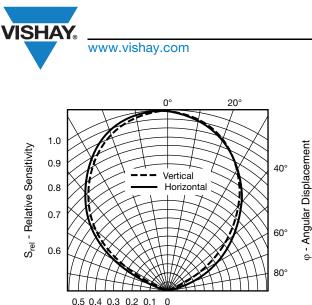
Rev. 1.2, 10-Oct-12

4 For technical questions, contact: <a href="mailto:sensorstechsupport@vishay.com">sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</a> Document Number: 83476

THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT www.vishay.com/doc?91000







22311

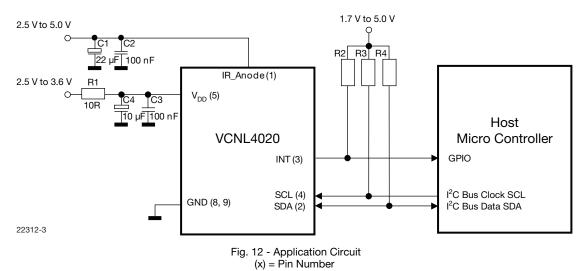
Fig. 11 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement

### (Ambient Light Sensor)

### **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

VCNL4020 is a cost effective solution of proximity and ambient light sensor with I<sup>2</sup>C bus interface. The standard serial digital interface is easy to access "Proximity Signal" and "Light Intensity" without complex calculation and programming by external controller. Beside the digital output also a flexible programmable interrupt pin is available.

#### **1. Application Circuit**



#### Note

The interrupt pin is an open drain output. The needed pull-up resistor may be connected to the same supply voltage as the application controller and the pull-up resistors at SDA/SCL. Proposed value R2 should be >1 kΩ, e.g. 10 kΩ to 100 kΩ.
 Proposed value for R3 and R4, e.g. 2.2 kΩ to 4.7 kΩ, depend also on the l<sup>2</sup>C bus speed.

For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: "Designing VCNL4020 into an Application".



### **Vishay Semiconductors**

### 2. I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

The VCNL4020 contains seventeen 8 bit registers for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I<sup>2</sup>C communication. Figure 13 shows the basic I<sup>2</sup>C communication with VCNL4020.

The built in I<sup>2</sup>C interface is compatible with all I<sup>2</sup>C modes (standard, fast and high speed).

 $I^2C$  H-level range = 1.7 V to 5 V.

Please refer to the I<sup>2</sup>C specification from NXP for details.

Send byte Write command to VCNL4020 s Slave address Wr A Register address А Data byte Ρ Receive byte Read data from VCNL4020 Slave address S Wr Register address А Р S Slave address Rd A Data byte А Р S = start condition Host action P = stop condition 22313-2 A = acknowledge VCNL4020 response Fig. 13 - Send Byte/Receive Byte Protocol

**Device Address** 

The VCNL4020 has a fix slave address for the host programming and accessing selection. The predefined 7 bit  $I^2C$  bus address is set to 0010 011 = 13h. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to 0010 011x = 26h for write, 27h for read.

### **Register Addresses**

VCNL4020 has seventeen user accessible 8 bit registers. The register addresses are 80h (register #0) to 90h (register #16).

### **REGISTER FUNCTIONS**

### **Register #0 Command Register**

Register address = 80h

The register #0 is for starting ambient light or proximity measurements. This register contains 2 flag bits for data ready indication.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
config_lock	als_data_rdy	prox_data_rdy	als_od	prox_od	als_en	prox_en	selftimed_en
			Descr	iption			
config_lock Read only bit. Value = 1							
als_data_rdy Read only bit. Value = 1 when ambient light measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #5, reg #6) is read.							
prox_c	lata_rdy	Read only bit. Value = 1 when proximity measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #7, reg #8) is read.					
als	s_od	sequence of rea	a single on-demar idings and stores egisters #5(HB) an	nd measurement for the averaged resu d #6(LB).	or ambient light. I It. Result is availa	f averaging is ena ble at the end of	bled, starts a conversion for
pro	x_od			nd measurement for nead		s #7(HB) and #8(L	_B).
als	s_en	R/W bit. Enable	s periodic als mea	asurement			
pro	x_en	R/W bit. Enable	s periodic proximi	ity measurement			
selftimed_en R/W bit. Enables state machine and LP oscillator for self timed measurements; no measurement performed until the corresponding bit is set						asurement is	

Note

With setting bit 3 and bit 4 at the same write command, a simultaneously measurement of ambient light and proximity is done. Beside als\_en and/or prox\_en first selftimed\_en needs to be set. On-demand measurement modes are disabled if selftimed\_en bit is set. For the selftimed\_en mode changes in reading rates (reg #4 and reg #2) can be made only when b0 (selftimed\_en bit) = 0. For the als\_od mode changes to the reg #4 can be made only when b4 (als\_od bit) = 0; this is to avoid synchronization problems and undefined states between the clock domains. In effect this means that it is only reasonable to change rates while no selftimed conversion is ongoing.

www.vishay.com

**Vishay Semiconductors** 

### **Register #1 Product ID Revision Register**

Register address = 81h. This register contains information about product ID and product revision.

Register data value of current revision = 21h.

TABLE 2 -	TABLE 2 - PRODUCT ID REVISION REGISTER #1										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0							
	Produ	uct ID		Revision ID							
			Descr	iption							
Produ	Product ID Read only bits. Value = 2										
Revis	ion ID	Read only bits. Value = 1									

### **Register #2 Rate of Proximity Measurement**

Register address = 82h.

TABLE 3 - PROXIMITY RATE REGISTER #2											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0						
n/a Rate of Proximity Measurement (no. o measurements per second)											
Description											
Proxin	nity rate	R/W bits. 000 - 1.95 meas 001 - 3.90625 m 010 - 7.8125 meas 011 - 16.625 meas 100 - 31.25 meas 101 - 62.5 meas 110 - 125 meas 111 - 250 meas	easurements/s easurements/s asurements/s surements/s urements/s	AULT)							

Note

• If self\_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

### **Register #3 LED Current Setting for Proximity Mode**

Register address = 83h. This register is to set the LED current value for proximity measurement.

The value is adjustable in steps of 10 mA from 0 mA to 200 mA.

This register also contains information about the used device fuse program ID.

TABLE 4 - IR LED CURRENT REGISTER #3										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0							
Fuse prog ID         IR LED current value										
Description										
Fuse p	Fuse prog ID         Read only bits.           Information about fuse program revision used for initial setup/calibration of the device.									
IR LED cu	IR LED current valueR/W bits. IR LED current = Value (dec.) x 10 mA.Valid Range = 0 to 20d. e.g. 0 = 0 mA , 1 = 10 mA,, 20 = 200 mA (2 = 20 mA = DEFAULT)LED Current is limited to 200 mA for values higher as 20d.									



### **Register #4 Ambient Light Parameter Register**

Register address = 84h.

TABLE 5 -	TABLE 5 - AMBIENT LIGHT PARAMETER REGISTER #4										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
Cont. conv. mode		als_rate		Auto offset compensation	Averaging function (number of measurements per run)						
			Desc	ription							
R/W bit. Continuous conversion mode.         Enable = 1; Disable = 0 = DEFAULT         Cont. conversion mode         This function can be used for performing faster ambient light measurements. This mode should on used with ambient light on-demand measurements. Do not use with self-timed mode. Please refer application information chapter 3.3 for details about this function.											
Ambient light m	easurement rate	R/W bits. Ambie 000 - 1 samples 001 - 2 samples 010 - 3 samples 011 - 4 samples 100 - 5 samples 101 - 6 samples 110 - 8 samples 111 - 10 sample	s/s = DEFAULT s/s s/s s/s s/s s/s	ment rate							
Auto offset c	compensation	<ul> <li>R/W bit. Automatic offset compensation.</li> <li>Enable = 1 = DEFAULT; Disable = 0</li> <li>In order to compensate a technology, package or temperature related drift of the ambient light values there is a built in automatic offset compensation function.</li> <li>With active auto offset compensation the offset value is measured before each ambient light measurement and subtracted automatically from actual reading.</li> </ul>									
Averagin	g function	average value on Number of conv	the number of sing	gle conversions do <sup>L_value</sup> e.g. 0 = 1 co 0: 101)	Ũ						

Note

• If self\_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actually cycled.

### Register #5 and #6 Ambient Light Result Register

Register address = 85h and 86h. These registers are the result registers for ambient light measurement readings. The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #5 and the low byte in register #6.

TABLE 6 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #5									
Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0									
Description									
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of ambient light measurement result									

TABLE 7 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #6										
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0									
	Description									
Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of ambient light measurement result										

www.vishay.com

### Vishay Semiconductors

### Register #7 and #8 Proximity Measurement Result Register

Register address = 87h and 88h. These registers are the result registers for proximity measurement readings. The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #7 and the low byte in register #8.

TABLE 8 - PROXIMITY RESULT REGISTER #7									
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0								
Description									
Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of proximity measurement result									

TABLE 9 - PROXIMITY RESULT REGISTER #8										
Bit 7	7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0									
	Description									
Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of proximity measurement result										

### **Register #9 Interrupt Control Register**

Register address = 89h.

ABLE 10	- INTERRUP	CONTROL	REGISTER #	9			
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	Int count exceed		n/a	INT_PROX_ ready_EN	INT_ALS_ ready_EN	INT_THRES_EN	INT_THRES
			Desci	ription			
Int count	t exceed	R/W bits. These threshold 000 - 1 count = 001 - 2 count 010 - 4 count 011 - 8 count 100 -16 count 101 - 32 count 110 - 64 count 111 - 128 count	DEFAULT	number of consect	utive measureme	nts needed above/	below the
INT_PROX	_ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion at proximity d	lata ready		
INT_ALS_	ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion at ambient da	ita ready		
INT_TH	RES_EN	R/W bit. Enable	s interrupt genera	tion when high or	low threshold is e	exceeded	
INT_THF	RES_SEL		esholds are appli are applied to als	ed to proximity me measurements	easurements		



### Register #10 and #11 Low Threshold

Register address = 8Ah and 8Bh. These registers contain the low threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #10 and the low byte in register #11.

TABLE 11 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #10											
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0										
	Description										
R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of low threshold value											

TABLE 12 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #11										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
Description										
	R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of low threshold value									

### Register #12 and #13 High Threshold

Register address = 8Ch and 8Dh. These registers contain the high threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #12 and the low byte in register #13.

TABLE 13 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #12										
Bit 7	Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0									
	Description									
R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of high threshold value										

TABLE 14 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #13										
Bit 7	Bit 7         Bit 6         Bit 5         Bit 4         Bit 3         Bit 2         Bit 1         Bit 0									
Description										
	R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of high threshold value									

### **Register #14 Interrupt Status Register**

Register address = 8Eh. This register contains information about the interrupt status for either proximity or ALS function and indicates if high or low going threshold exceeded.

TABLE 15	TABLE 15 - INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER #14										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1								
	n,	/a		int_prox_ready	int_als_ready	int_th_low	int_th_hi				
	Description										
int_pro:	x_ready	R/W bit. Indicate	es a generated in	terrupt for proximi	ty						
int_als	_ready	R/W bit. Indicate	es a generated in	terrupt for als							
int_th	int_th_low R/W bit. Indicates a low threshold			d exceed							
int_t	int_th_hi R/W bit. Indicates a high threshold exceed										

Note

Once an interrupt is generated the corresponding status bit goes to 1 and stays there unless it is cleared by writing a 1 in the corresponding bit. The int pad will be pulled down while at least one of the status bit is 1.



### **Register #15 Proximity Modulator Timing Adjustment**

Register address = 8Fh.

TABLE 16	ABLE 16 - PROXIMITY MODULATOR TIMING ADJUSTMENT #15											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit							
М	Modulation delay time Proximity frequency Modulation dead time				ne							
			Desci	iption								
Modulatior	delay time R/W bits. Setting a delay time between IR LED signal and IR input signal evaluation. This function is for compensation of delays from IR LED and IR photo diode. Also in respect to the possibility for setting different proximity signal frequency. Correct adjustment is optimizing measurements is goal level. (DEFAULT = 0)											
signal level. (DEFAULT = 0)         R/W bits. Setting the proximity IR test signal frequency         The proximity measurement is using a square IR signal as meas         possible:         00 = 390.625 kHz (DEFAULT)         01 = 781.25 kHz         10 = 1.5625 MHz         11 = 3.125 MHz						ent signal. Four dit	ferent values are					
Modulation dead time       R/W bits. Setting a dead time in evaluation of IR signal at the slopes of the IR signal         Modulation dead time       This function is for reducing of possible disturbance effects.         This function is reducing signal level and should be used carefully.						of the IR signal. (	DEFAULT = 1)					

Note

- The settings for best performance will be provided by Vishay. With first samples this is evaluated to:
- Delay Time = 0; Dead Time = 1 and Prox Frequency = 0. With that register#15 should be programmed with 1 (= default value).

### Register #16 Ambient IR Light Level Register

Register address = 90h.

This register is not intended to be used by customer.

### **3. IMPORTANT APPLICATION HINTS AND EXAMPLES**

### 3.1 Receiver standby mode

In standby mode the receiver has the lowest current consumption of about 1.5  $\mu$ A. In this mode only the I<sup>2</sup>C interface is active. This is always valid, when there are no measurement demands for proximity and ambient light executed. Also the current sink for the IR-LED is inactive, so there is no need for changing register #3 (IR LED current).

### 3.2 Data Read

In order to get a certain register value, the register has to be addressed without data like shown in the following scheme. After this register addressing, the data from the addressed register is written after a subsequent read command.

Receive byte Read data from VCNL4020										
S	Slave address	Wr	A	Register address	А	Р				
S	Slave address	Rd	A	Data byte	А	Ρ				
S = start condition     Host action       P = stop condition     VCNL4020 response										
	Fia. 14 - Sen	d Bvte	e/Rec	eive Bvte Protocol						

The stop condition between these write and read sequences is not mandatory. It works also with a repeated start condition.

### Note

• For reading out 2 (or more) subsequent registers like the result registers, it is not necessary to address each of the registers separately. After one read command the internal register counter is increased automatically and any subsequent read command is accessing the next register.

### **Vishay Semiconductors**

www.vishay.com

Example: read register "Ambient Light Result Register" #5 and #6:

Addressing:command: 26h, 85h (VCNL4020\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Write\_Adr., Ambient Light Result Register #5 [85])

Read register #5:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Read\_Adr., {High Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #5 [85])}

Read register #6:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020\_I<sup>2</sup>C\_Bus\_Read\_Adr., {Low Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #6 [86])}

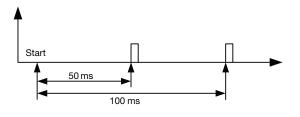
### 3.3 Continuous Conversion Mode in Ambient Light Measurement

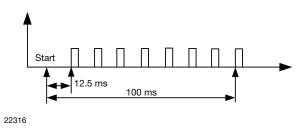
In the following is a detail description of the function "continuous conversion" (bit 7 of register #4)

### Standard mode (bit 7 of reg #4 = 0):

In standard mode the ambient light measurement is done during a fixed time frame of 100 ms. The single measurement itself takes actually only appr. 300 µs.

The following figures show examples of this measurement timing in standard mode using averaging function 2 and 8 as examples for illustration (possible values up to 128).





22315

Fig. 15 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 2; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 2 Measurements Fig. 16 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 8 Measurements

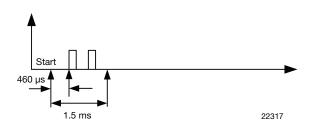
#### Note

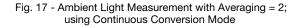
•  $\geq$  Independent of setting of averaging the result is available only after 100 ms.

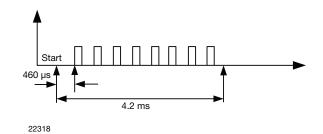
### Continuous conversion mode (bit 7 of register #4 = 1):

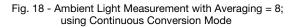
In continuous conversion mode the single measurements are done directly subsequent after each other.

See following examples in figure 17 and 18





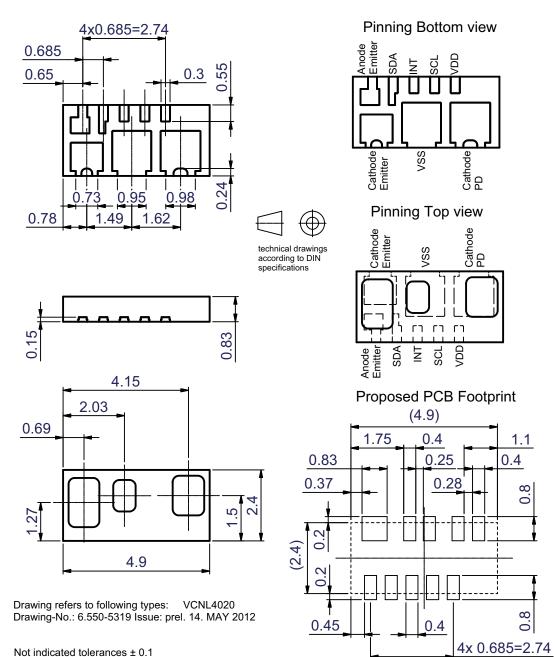




12

VISHAY, www.vishay.com

### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS** in millimeters

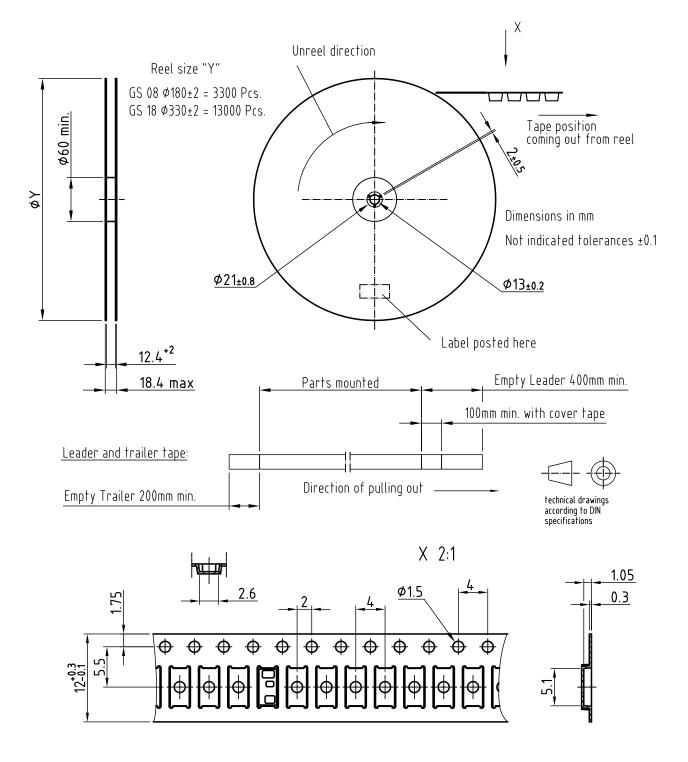


13

For technical questions, contact: <u>sensorstechsupport@vishay.com</u> THIS DOCUMENT IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. THE PRODUCTS DESCRIBED HEREIN AND THIS DOCUMENT ARE SUBJECT TO SPECIFIC DISCLAIMERS, SET FORTH AT <u>www.vishay.com/doc?91000</u>



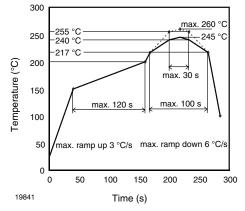
### TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 9.700-5387.01-4 Issue: prel; 22.11.11



### SOLDER PROFILE



www.vishay.com

Fig. 19 - Lead (Pb)-free Reflow Solder Profile acc. J-STD-020

### DRYPACK

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

### FLOOR LIFE

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 72 h

Conditions:  $T_{amb} < 30\ ^\circ C,\ RH < 60\ \%$ 

Moisture sensitivity level 4, acc. to J-STD-020.

### DRYING

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020 or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40 °C (+ 5 °C), RH < 5 %.



Vishay

# Disclaimer

ALL PRODUCT, PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND DATA ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN OR OTHERWISE.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc., its affiliates, agents, and employees, and all persons acting on its or their behalf (collectively, "Vishay"), disclaim any and all liability for any errors, inaccuracies or incompleteness contained in any datasheet or in any other disclosure relating to any product.

Vishay makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of the products for any particular purpose or the continuing production of any product. To the maximum extent permitted by applicable law, Vishay disclaims (i) any and all liability arising out of the application or use of any product, (ii) any and all liability, including without limitation special, consequential or incidental damages, and (iii) any and all implied warranties, including warranties of fitness for particular purpose, non-infringement and merchantability.

Statements regarding the suitability of products for certain types of applications are based on Vishay's knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on Vishay products in generic applications. Such statements are not binding statements about the suitability of products for a particular application. It is the customer's responsibility to validate that a particular product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular application. Parameters provided in datasheets and/or specifications may vary in different applications and performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including typical parameters, must be validated for each customer application by the customer's technical experts. Product specifications do not expand or otherwise modify Vishay's terms and conditions of purchase, including but not limited to the warranty expressed therein.

Except as expressly indicated in writing, Vishay products are not designed for use in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications or for any other application in which the failure of the Vishay product could result in personal injury or death. Customers using or selling Vishay products not expressly indicated for use in such applications do so at their own risk. Please contact authorized Vishay personnel to obtain written terms and conditions regarding products designed for such applications.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted by this document or by any conduct of Vishay. Product names and markings noted herein may be trademarks of their respective owners.

# **Material Category Policy**

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as RoHS-Compliant fulfill the definitions and restrictions defined under Directive 2011/65/EU of The European Parliament and of the Council of June 8, 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) - recast, unless otherwise specified as non-compliant.

Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.

Vishay Intertechnology, Inc. hereby certifies that all its products that are identified as Halogen-Free follow Halogen-Free requirements as per JEDEC JS709A standards. Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to the IEC 61249-2-21 definition. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to IEC 61249-2-21 conform to JEDEC JS709A standards.