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RoHS

COMPLIANT

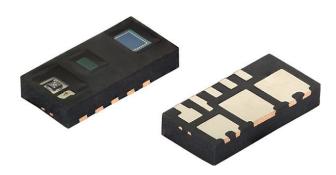
HALOGEN

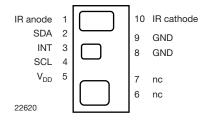
FREE GREEN



Vishay Semiconductors

High Resolution Digital Biosensor for Wearable Applications with I²C Interface





DESCRIPTION

The VCNL4020C is a fully integrated biosensor and ambient light sensor. Fully integrated means that the infrared emitter is included in the package. It has 16 bit resolution. It includes a signal processing IC and features standard I²C communication interface. It features an interrupt function.

APPLICATIONS

- Wearables
- Health monitoring
- Pulse oximetry

FEATURES

- · Package type: surface mount
- Package form: SMD
- Dimensions (L x W x H in mm): 4.90 x 2.40 x 0.83
- Integrated modules: infrared emitter (IRED), ambient light sensor (ALS), photo diode (PD), and signal conditioning IC
- Interrupt function
- Supply voltage range V_{DD}: 2.5 V to 3.6 V
- Supply voltage range IR anode: 2.5 V to 5 V
- Communication via I²C interface
- I2C bus H-level range: 1.7 V to 5 V
- Floor life: 72 h, MSL 4, according to J-STD-020
- Low stand by current consumption: 1.5 μA
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishav.com/doc?99912

OPTICAL BIOSENSORS FUNCTION

- Built-in infrared emitter and broader sensitivity photodiode allows to also work with green and red LEDs
- 16 bit effective resolution ensures excellent cross talk immunity
- Programmable LED drive current from 10 mA to 200 mA in 10 mA steps
- Excellent ambient light suppression through signal modulation

AMBIENT LIGHT FUNCTION

- Built-in ambient light photo-pin-diode with close-to-human-eye sensitivity
- 16 bit dynamic range from 0.25 lx to 16 klx
- 100 Hz and 120 Hz flicker noise rejection

	PRODUCT							
	PART NUMBER	OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	I ² C BUS VOLTAGE RANGE (V)	LED PULSE CURRENT ⁽¹⁾ (mA)	AMBIENT LIGHT RANGE (lx)	SPECTRAL BANDWIDTH RANGE $\lambda_{0.5}$ (nm)	OUTPUT	ADC RESOLUTION BIOSENSOR / AMBIENT LIGHT SENSOR
Ī	VCNL4020C	2.5 to 3.6	1.7 to 5	10 to 200	0.25 to 16 383	550 to 970	16 bit, I ² C	16 bit / 16 bit

Note

(1) Adjustable through I2C interface



ORDERING INFORMATION								
ORDERING CODE	PACKAGING	VOLUME (1)	REMARKS					
VCNL4020C-GS08	Tape and reel	MOQ: 3300 pcs	4.90 mm x 2.40 mm x 0.83 mm					
VCNL4020C-GS18	таре апо геег	MOQ: 13 000 pcs	4.90 HIIII X 2.40 HIIII X 0.63 HIIII					
SENSORSTARTERKIT (2)	-	MOQ: 1 pc	-					

Notes

Please visit www.vishay.com/moreinfo/vcnldemokit/ for more information.

Contact any catalog distributor or a local Vishay sales representative to purchase the sensor starter kit and contact sensorstechsupport@vishay.com to receive an add-on sensor board.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T _{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)										
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT					
Supply voltage		V _{DD}	-0.3	5.5	V					
Operation temperature range		T _{amb}	-25	+85	°C					
Storage temperature range		T _{stg}	-25	+85	°C					
Total power dissipation	T _{amb} ≤ 25 °C	P _{tot}	-	50	mW					
Junction temperature		T _j	-	100	°C					

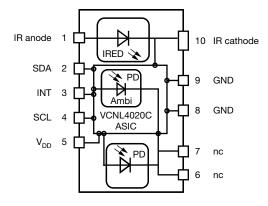
BASIC CHARACTERISTICS (T _{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)											
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITION	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT					
Supply voltage V _{DD}			2.5	-	3.6	V					
Supply voltage IR anode			2.5	-	5	V					
I ² C bus H-level range			1.7	-	5	V					
INT H-level range			1.7	-	5	V					
INT low voltage	3 mA sink current		-	-	0.4	V					
Current consumption	Standby current, no LED-operation		-	1.5	2	μΑ					
	2 measurements per second, LED current 20 mA		-	5	-	μΑ					
Current consumption pulse mode incl. LED	250 measurements per second, LED current 20 mA		-	520	-	μA					
(averaged)	2 measurements per second, LED current 200 mA		-	35	-	μA					
	250 measurements per second, LED current 200 mA		-	4	-	mA					
	2 measurements per second averaging = 1		-	2.5	-	μA					
Current consumption ambient	8 measurements per second averaging = 1		-	10	-	μA					
light mode	2 measurements per second averaging = 64		-	160	-	μΑ					
	8 measurements per second averaging = 64		-	640	-	μΑ					
Ambient light resolution	Digital resolution (LSB count)		-	0.25	-	lx					
Ambient light output	E _V = 100 lx averaging = 64	E _V = 100 lx - 400 -		-	counts						
I ² C clock rate range		f _{SCL}	-	-	3400	kHz					

⁽¹⁾ MOQ: minimum order quantity

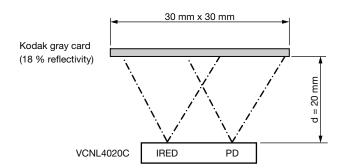
⁽²⁾ A sensor starter kit is available, along with an add-on demo board for each of the sensors.



CIRCUIT BLOCK DIAGRAM



TEST CIRCUIT



Note

nc must not be electrically connected
 Pads 6 and 7 are only considered as solder pads

BASIC CHARACTERISTICS (T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

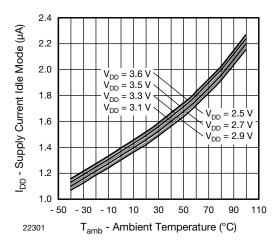


Fig. 1 - Idle Current vs. Ambient Temperature

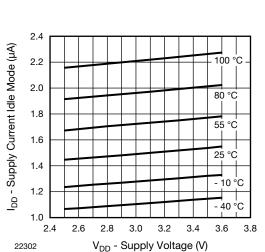


Fig. 2 - Idle Current vs. V_{DD}

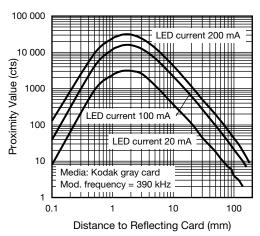


Fig. 3 - Proximity Value vs. Distance

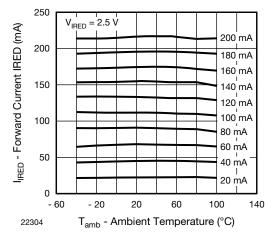


Fig. 4 - Forward Current vs. Temperature



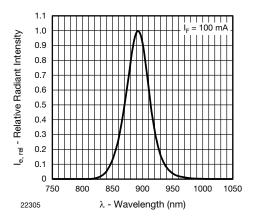


Fig. 5 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Wavelength

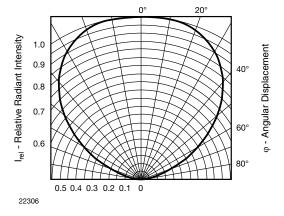


Fig. 6 - Relative Radiant Intensity vs. Angular Displacement

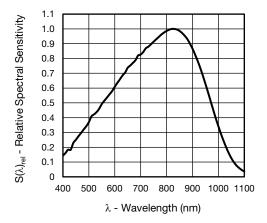


Fig. 7 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength (Biosensor)

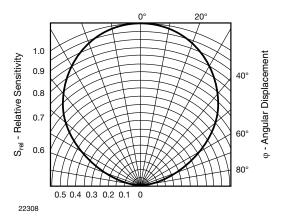


Fig. 8 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Proximity Sensor)

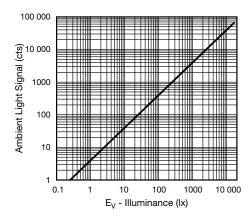


Fig. 9 - Ambient Light Value vs. Illuminance

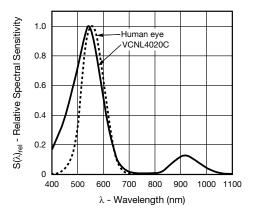


Fig. 10 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength (Ambient Light Sensor)



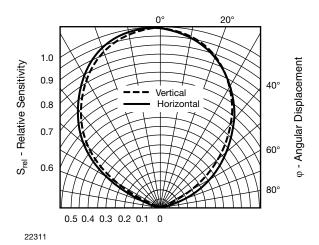


Fig. 11 - Relative Radiant Sensitivity vs. Angular Displacement (Ambient Light Sensor)

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The digital biosensor VCNL4020C needs just one decoupling-C at V_{DD} if connected to a regulated power supply.

IR cathode needs no external connection as the connection to the driver is done internally, but this allows also for adding external LEDs / IREDs to the driver.

1. Application Circuit

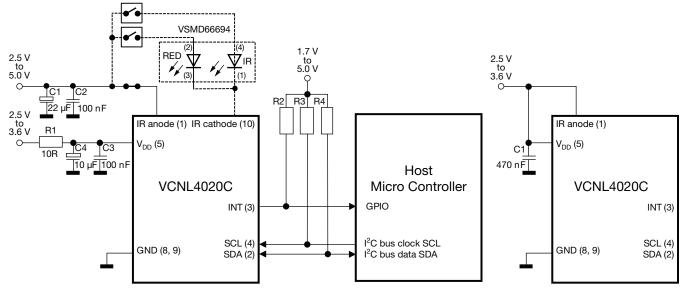


Fig. 12 - Application Circuit (x) = Pin Number

Note

The interrupt pin is an open drain output. The needed pull-up resistor may be connected to the same supply voltage as the application controller and the pull-up resistors at SDA / SCL. Proposed value R2 should be >1 kΩ, e.g. 10 kΩ to 100 kΩ.
 Proposed value for R3 and R4, e.g. 2.2 kΩ to 4.7 kΩ, depend also on the I²C bus speed.
 For detailed description about set-up and use of the interrupt as well as more application related information see AN: "Designing VCNL4020C into an Application".



2. I²C Interface

The VCNL4020C contains seventeen 8 bit registers for operation control, parameter setup and result buffering. All registers are accessible via I²C communication. Figure 13 shows the basic I²C communication with VCNL4020C.

The built in I²C interface is compatible with all I²C modes (standard, fast and high speed).

 I^2C H-level range = 1.7 V to 5 V.

Please refer to the I²C specification from NXP for details.

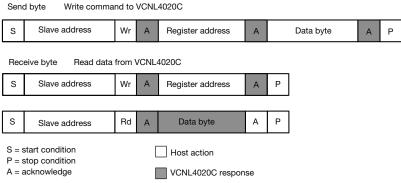


Fig. 13 - Send Byte/Receive Byte Protocol

Device Address

The VCNL4020C has a fix slave address for the host programming and accessing selection. The predefined 7 bit I^2C bus address is set to 0010 011 = 13h. The least significant bit (LSB) defines read or write mode. Accordingly the bus address is set to 0010 011x = 26h for write, 27h for read.

Register Addresses

VCNL4020C has seventeen user accessible 8 bit registers. The register addresses are 80h (register #0) to 90h (register #16).

REGISTER FUNCTIONS

Register #0 Command Register

Register address = 80h

The register #0 is for starting ambient light or biosensor measurements. This register contains 2 flag bits for data ready indication.

TABLE 1 - COMMAND REGISTER #0											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
config_lock	als_data_rdy	bs_data_rdy	als_od	bs_od	als_en	bs_en	selftimed_en				
Description											
confiç	g_lock	Read only bit. V	alue = 1								
als_da	ıta_rdy		Read only bit. Value = 1 when ambient light measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #5, reg #6) is read.								
bs_da	ta_rdy	Read only bit. Value = 1 when biosensor measurement data is available in the result registers. This bit will be reset when one of the corresponding result registers (reg #7, reg #8) is read.									
als	_od	R/W bit. Starts a single on-demand measurement for ambient light. If averaging is enabled, starts a sequence of readings and stores the averaged result. Result is available at the end of conversion for reading in the registers #5(HB) and #6(LB).									
bs.	_od	R/W bit. Starts a single on-demand measurement for biosensor. Result is available at the end of conversion for reading in the registers #7(HB) and #8(LB).									
als	_en	R/W bit. Enables periodic als measurement									
bs.	_en	R/W bit. Enables periodic biosensor measurement									
selftim	ned_en	R/W bit. Enables state machine and LP oscillator for self timed measurements; no measurement is performed until the corresponding bit is set									

Note

• With setting bit 3 and bit 4 at the same write command, a simultaneously measurement of ambient light and biosensor is done. Beside als_en and / or bs_en first selftimed_en needs to be set. On-demand measurement modes are disabled if selftimed_en bit is set. For the selftimed_en mode changes in reading rates (reg #4 and reg #2) can be made only when b0 (selftimed_en bit) = 0. For the als_od mode changes to the reg #4 can be made only when b4 (als_od bit) = 0; this is to avoid synchronization problems and undefined states between the clock domains. In effect this means that it is only reasonable to change rates while no selftimed conversion is ongoing.



Register #1 Product ID Revision Register

Register address = 81h. This register contains information about product ID and product revision.

Register data value of current revision = 21h.

TABLE 2 -	TABLE 2 - PRODUCT ID REVISION REGISTER #1											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0					
	Produ	uct ID		Revision ID								
			Descr	ription								
Produ	Product ID Read only bits. Value = 2											
Revis	ion ID	Read only bits.	Value = 1									

Register #2 Rate of Biosensor Measurement

Register address = 82h.

TABLE 3 - BIOSENSOR RATE REGISTER #2											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
n/a Rate of biosensor Measurement (no. of measurements per second)											
Description											
Biosen	sor rate	R/W bits. 000 - 1.95 meas 001 - 3.90625 m 010 - 7.8125 meas 100 - 31.25 meas 101 - 62.5 meas 110 - 125 meas 111 - 250 meas	AULT)								

Note

• If self_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

Register #3 LED Current Setting for Biosensor Mode

Register address = 83h. This register is to set the LED current value for biosensor measurement.

The value is adjustable in steps of 10 mA from 0 mA to 200 mA.

This register also contains information about the used device fuse program ID.

TABLE 4 -	TABLE 4 - LED CURRENT REGISTER #3											
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0					
Fuse prog ID LED current value												
	Description											
Fuse p	orog ID	Read only bits. Information about fuse program revision used for initial setup/calibration of the device.										
LED curr	ent value	R/W bits. LED current = Value (dec.) x 10 mA. Valid Range = 0 to 20d. e.g. 0 = 0 mA, 1 = 10 mA,, 20 = 200 mA (2 = 20 mA = DEFAULT) LED Current is limited to 200 mA for values higher as 20d.										



Register #4 Ambient Light Parameter Register

Register address = 84h.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
Cont. conv. mode		als_rate		Auto offset compensation	Averaging function (number of measurements per run)				
	•		Des	cription	•				
Cont. conv	ersion mode	Enable = 1; Di This function of used with amb	R/W bit. Continuous conversion mode. Enable = 1; Disable = 0 = DEFAULT This function can be used for performing faster ambient light measurements. This mode should only be used with ambient light on-demand measurements. Do not use with self-timed mode. Please refer to the application information chapter 3.3 for details about this function.						
Ambient light m	neasurement rate	000 - 1 sample	es/s = DEFAULT es/s es/s es/s es/s es/s es/s	ement rate					
Auto offset o	compensation	Enable = 1 = [In order to cor there is a built With active au	R/W bit. Automatic offset compensation. Enable = 1 = DEFAULT; Disable = 0 In order to compensate a technology, package or temperature related drift of the ambient light values there is a built in automatic offset compensation function. With active auto offset compensation the offset value is measured before each ambient light measurement and subtracted automatically from actual reading.						
Averagin	g function	R/W bits. Averaging function. Bit values sets the number of single conversions done during one measurement cycle. Result is the average value of all conversions. Number of conversions = 2 ^{decimal_value} e.g. 0 = 1 conv., 1 = 2 conv, 2 = 4 conv.,7 = 128 conv. DEFAULT = 32 conv. (bit 2 to bit 0: 101)							

Note

• If self_timed measurement is running, any new value written in this register will not be taken over until the mode is actualy cycled.

Register #5 and #6 Ambient Light Result Register

Register address = 85h and 86h. These registers are the result registers for ambient light measurement readings.

The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #5 and the low byte in register #6.

TABLE 6 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #5										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
			Descr	ription						
	Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of ambient light measurement result									

TABLE 7 -	TABLE 7 - AMBIENT LIGHT RESULT REGISTER #6										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0				
	Description										
	Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of ambient light measurement result										



Register #7 and #8 Biosensor Measurement Result Register

Register address = 87h and 88h. These registers are the result registers for biosensor measurement readings.

The result is a 16 bit value. The high byte is stored in register #7 and the low byte in register #8.

TABLE 8 - BIOSENSOR RESULT REGISTER #7										
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
	Description									
	Read only bits. High byte (15:8) of biosensor measurement result									

TABLE 9 - BIOSENSOR RESULT REGISTER #8										
Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0									
Description										
	Read only bits. Low byte (7:0) of biosensor measurement result									

Register #9 Interrupt Control Register

Register address = 89h.

TABLE 10	TABLE 10 - INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER #9									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0			
	Int count exceed		n/a	INT_BS_ ready_EN	INT_ALS_ ready_EN	INT_THRES_EN	INT_THRES_ SEL			
	Description									
Int coun	R/W bits. These bits contain the r threshold 000 - 1 count = DEFAULT 001 - 2 count 010 - 4 count 011 - 8 count 100 - 16 count 101 - 32 count 110 - 64 count 111 - 128 count			number of consec	utive measureme	nts needed above/	below the			
INT_BS_i	ready_EN	R/W bit. Enable	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation at biosensor data ready							
INT_ALS_	ready_EN	R/W bit. Enables interrupt generation at ambient data ready								
INT_THI	INT_THRES_EN R/W bit. Enables interrupt general			tion when high or	low threshold is	exceeded				
INT_THE	INT_THRES_SEL R/W bit. If 0: thresholds are applied to biosensor measurements If 1: thresholds are applied to als measurements									



Register #10 and #11 Low Threshold

Register address = 8Ah and 8Bh. These registers contain the low threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #10 and the low byte in register #11.

TABLE 11 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #10										
Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0									
Description										
	R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of low threshold value									

TABLE 12 - LOW THRESHOLD REGISTER #11										
Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0									
Description										
	R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of low threshold value									

Register #12 and #13 High Threshold

Register address = 8Ch and 8Dh. These registers contain the high threshold value. The value is a 16 bit word. The high byte is stored in register #12 and the low byte in register #13.

TABLE 13 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #12										
Bit 7	Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0									
Description										
	R/W bits. High byte (15:8) of high threshold value									

TABLE 14 - HIGH THRESHOLD REGISTER #13										
Bit 7 Bit 6 Bit 5 Bit 4 Bit 3 Bit 2 Bit 1 Bit 0										
Description										
R/W bits. Low byte (7:0) of high threshold value										

Register #14 Interrupt Status Register

Register address = 8Eh. This register contains information about the interrupt status for either biosensor or ALS function and indicates if high or low going threshold exceeded.

TABLE 15 - INTERRUPT STATUS REGISTER #14									
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0		
	n/a int_bs_ready int_als_ready int_th_low int_th_hi								
Description									
int_bs_ready R/W bit. Indicates a generated in				terrupt for biosens	or				
int_als	int_als_ready R/W bit. Indicates a generated int								
int_th	int_th_low R/W bit. Indicates a low threshold exceed								
int_t	th_hi	R/W bit. Indicat	R/W bit. Indicates a high threshold exceed						

Note

 Once an interrupt is generated the corresponding status bit goes to 1 and stays there unless it is cleared by writing a 1 in the corresponding bit. The int pad will be pulled down while at least one of the status bit is 1.



Register #15 Biosensor Modulator Timing Adjustment

Register address = 8Fh.

Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	
Modulation delay time			Biosensor	frequency	M	odulation dead tir	ne	
			Desci	ription				
Modulation delay time R/W bits. Setting a delay time between LED signal and detectors input signal evaluation. This function is for compensation of delays from LED and photo diode. Also in respect to the possib for setting different proximity signal frequency. Correct adjustment is optimizing measurement signal evel. (DEFAULT = 0)								
R/W bits. Setting the biosensor test signal frequency The biosensor measurement is using a square signal as measurement possible: 00 = 390.625 kHz (DEFAULT) 01 = 781.25 kHz 10 = 1.5625 MHz 11 = 3.125 MHz					•	t signal. Four diff	erent values are	
Modulatio	on dead time	This function is	ng a dead time in evaluation of LED signal at the slopes of the signal. (DEFAULT = 1) of the reducing of possible disturbance effects. The reducing signal level and should be used carefully.					

Note

• The settings for best performance will be provided by Vishay. With first samples this is evaluated to: Delay time = 0; dead time = 1 and BS frequency = 00. With that register #15 should be programmed with 1 (= default value).

Register #16 Ambient IR Light Level Register

Register address = 90h.

This register is not intended to be used by customer.

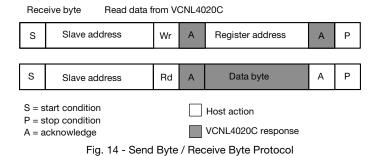
3. IMPORTANT APPLICATION HINTS AND EXAMPLES

3.1 Receiver standby mode

In standby mode the receiver has the lowest current consumption of about 1.5 μ A. In this mode only the I²C interface is active. This is always valid, when there are no measurement demands executed. Also the current sink for the LED is inactive, so there is no need for changing register #3 (LED current).

3.2 Data Read

In order to get a certain register value, the register has to be addressed without data like shown in the following scheme. After this register addressing, the data from the addressed register is written after a subsequent read command.



The stop condition between these write and read sequences is not mandatory. It works also with a repeated start condition.

Note

For reading out 2 (or more) subsequent registers like the result registers, it is not necessary to address each of the registers separately. After
one read command the internal register counter is increased automatically and any subsequent read command is accessing the next
register.



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Example: read register "Ambient Light Result Register" #5 and #6:

Addressing:command: 26h, 85h (VCNL4020C_I²C_Bus_Write_Adr., Ambient Light Result Register #5 [85])

Read register #5:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020C_I²C_Bus_Read_Adr., {High Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #5 [85])}

Read register #6:command: 27h, data (VCNL4020C_I²C_Bus_Read_Adr., {Low Byte Data of Ambient Light Result register #6 [86])}

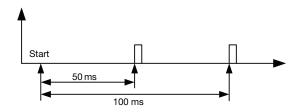
3.3 Continuous Conversion Mode in Ambient Light Measurement

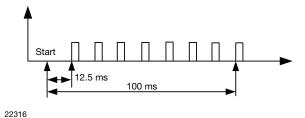
In the following is a detail description of the function "continuous conversion" (bit 7 of register #4)

Standard mode (bit 7 of reg #4 = 0):

In standard mode the ambient light measurement is done during a fixed time frame of 100 ms. The single measurement itself takes actually only appr. 300 µs.

The following figures show examples of this measurement timing in standard mode using averaging function 2 and 8 as examples for illustration (possible values up to 128).





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Fig. 15 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 2; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 2 Measurements

Fig. 16 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8; Final Measurement Result = Average of these 8 Measurements

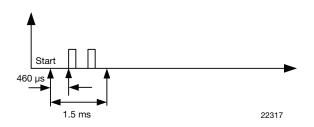
Note

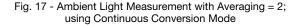
• ≥ Independent of setting of averaging the result is available only after 100 ms.

Continuous conversion mode (bit 7 of register #4 = 1):

In continuous conversion mode the single measurements are done directly subsequent after each other.

See following examples in figure 17 and 18





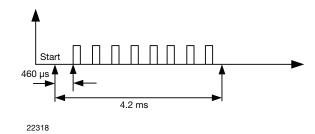
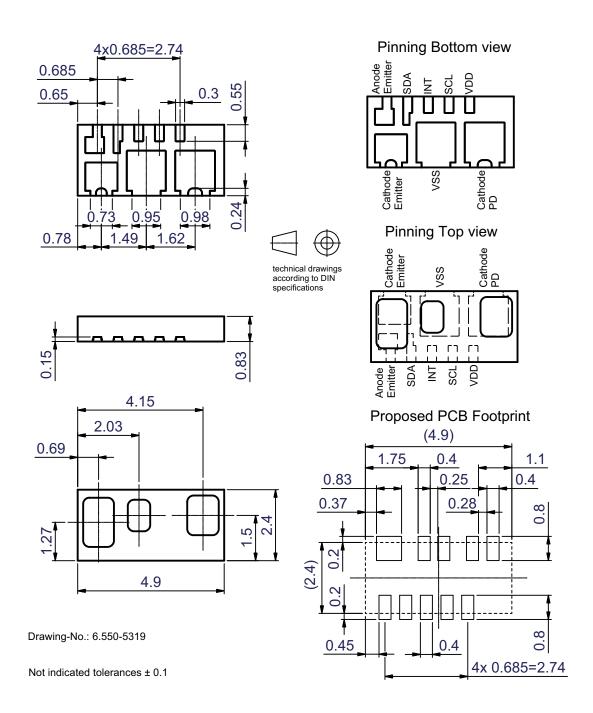


Fig. 18 - Ambient Light Measurement with Averaging = 8; using Continuous Conversion Mode

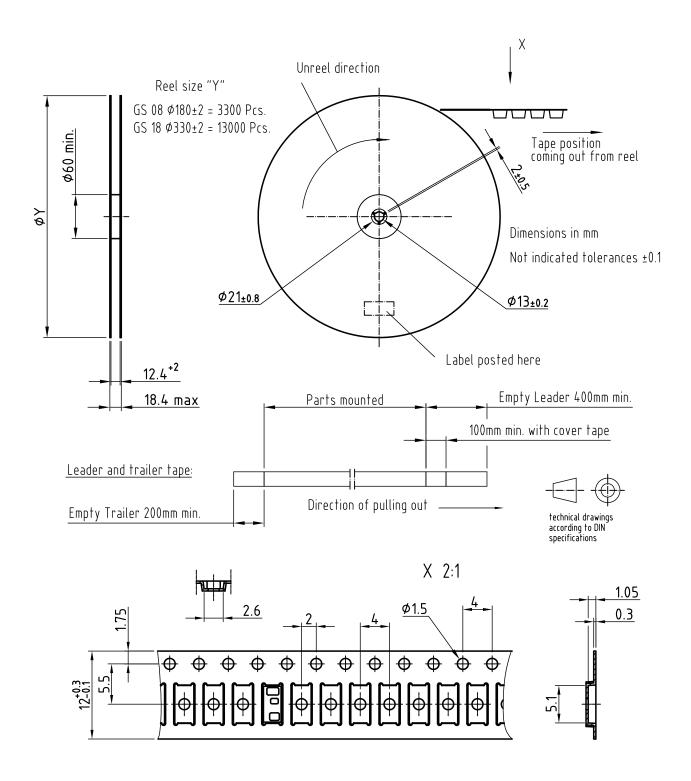




PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Drawing-No.: 9.700-5387.01-4



SOLDER PROFILE

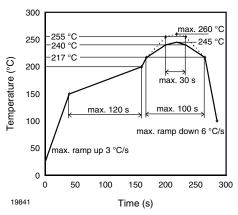


Fig. 19 - Lead (Pb)-free Reflow Solder Profile acc. J-STD-020

DRYPACK

Devices are packed in moisture barrier bags (MBB) to prevent the products from moisture absorption during transportation and storage. Each bag contains a desiccant.

FLOOR LIFE

Floor life (time between soldering and removing from MBB) must not exceed the time indicated on MBB label:

Floor life: 72 h

Conditions: T_{amb} < 30 °C, RH < 60 %

Moisture sensitivity level 4, acc. to J-STD-020.

DRYING

In case of moisture absorption devices should be baked before soldering. Conditions see J-STD-020 or label. Devices taped on reel dry using recommended conditions 192 h at 40 $^{\circ}$ C (+ 5 $^{\circ}$ C), RH < 5 $^{\circ}$ K.



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