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With the principle of “Quality Parts,Customers Priority,Honest Operation,and Considerate Service”,our business mainly focus on the distribution of electronic components. Line cards we deal with include Microchip,ALPS,ROHM,Xilinx,Pulse,ON,Everlight and Freescale. Main products comprise IC,Modules,Potentiometer,IC Socket,Relay,Connector.Our parts cover such applications as commercial,industrial, and automotives areas.

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## Contact us

Tel: +86-755-8981 8866 Fax: +86-755-8427 6832

Email & Skype: [info@chipsmall.com](mailto:info@chipsmall.com) Web: [www.chipsmall.com](http://www.chipsmall.com)

Address: A1208, Overseas Decoration Building, #122 Zhenhua RD., Futian, Shenzhen, China

## Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (Warp 2 Speed IGBT), 90 A



SOT-227

PRODUCT SUMMARY	
$V_{CES}$	600 V
$I_C$ DC	90 A at 90 °C
$V_{CE(on)}$ typical at 100 A, 25 °C	2.40 V
$I_F$ DC	108 A at 90 °C
Package	SOT-227

**FEATURES**

- NPT warp 2 speed IGBT technology with positive temperature coefficient
- Square RBSOA
- HEXFRED® antiparallel diodes with ultrasoft reverse recovery
- Fully isolated package
- Very low internal inductance ( $\leq 5$  nH typical)
- Industry standard outline
- UL approved file E78996
- Material categorization: For definitions of compliance please see [www.vishay.com/doc?99912](http://www.vishay.com/doc?99912)


**RoHS  
COMPLIANT**
**BENEFITS**

- Designed for increased operating efficiency in power conversion: UPS, SMPS, welding, induction heating
- Easy to assemble and parallel
- Direct mounting to heatsink
- Plug-in compatible with other SOT-227 packages
- Higher switching frequency up to 150 kHz
- Lower conduction losses and switching losses
- Low EMI, requires less snubbing

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS				
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MAX.	UNITS
Collector to emitter voltage	$V_{CES}$		600	V
Continuous collector current	$I_C$	$T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	147	A
		$T_C = 90\text{ °C}$	90	
Pulsed collector current	$I_{CM}$		300	
Clamped inductive load current	$I_{LM}$		300	
Diode continuous forward current	$I_F$	$T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	180	
		$T_C = 90\text{ °C}$	108	
Gate-to-emitter voltage	$V_{GE}$		$\pm 20$	V
Power dissipation, IGBT	$P_D$	$T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	625	W
		$T_C = 90\text{ °C}$	300	
Power dissipation, diode	$P_D$	$T_C = 25\text{ °C}$	379	
		$T_C = 90\text{ °C}$	182	
Isolation voltage	$V_{ISOL}$	Any terminal to case, $t = 1$ min	2500	V



<b>ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS</b> ( $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)						
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Collector to emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{BR(CES)}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	
Collector to emitter voltage	$V_{CE(on)}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, I_C = 100\text{ A}$	-	2.4	2.8	V
		$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, I_C = 100\text{ A}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	3	3.4	
		$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, I_C = 100\text{ A}, T_J = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	3.3	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	3	3.9	5.0	
		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	2.5	-	
Temperature coefficient of threshold voltage	$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1\text{ mA}$ (25 °C to 125 °C)	-	- 10	-	mV/°C
Collector to emitter leakage current	$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$	-	7	100	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.5	6.0	mA
		$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}, T_J = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	6	10	
Forward voltage drop, diode	$V_{FM}$	$I_C = 100\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	-	1.6	2.1	V
		$I_C = 100\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.56	2.0	
		$I_C = 100\text{ A}, V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}, T_J = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.53	-	
Gate to emitter leakage current	$I_{GES}$	$V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{ V}$	-	-	$\pm 200$	nA

<b>SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS</b> ( $T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)								
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS		
Total gate charge (turn-on)	$Q_g$	$I_C = 100\text{ A}, V_{CC} = 480\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$	-	460	690	nC		
Gate to emitter charge (turn-on)	$Q_{ge}$		-	160	250			
Gate to collector charge (turn-on)	$Q_{gc}$		-	70	130			
Turn-on switching loss	$E_{on}$	$I_C = 100\text{ A}, V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, R_g = 5\text{ }\Omega, L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}, T_J = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.39	-	mJ		
Turn-off switching loss	$E_{off}$		-	1.10	-			
Total switching loss	$E_{tot}$		-	1.49	-			
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$		Energy losses include tail and diode recovery. Diode used 60APH06	-	245	-	ns	
Rise time	$t_r$			-	53	-		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$			-	240	-		
Fall time	$t_f$			-	63	-		
Turn-on switching loss	$E_{on}$			$I_C = 100\text{ A}, V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}, R_g = 5\text{ }\Omega, L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.52	-	mJ
Turn-off switching loss	$E_{off}$				-	1.24	-	
Total switching loss	$E_{tot}$				-	1.76	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	240		-	ns		
Rise time	$t_r$	-	54		-			
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	250	-				
Fall time	$t_f$	-	80	-				
Reverse bias safe operating area	RBSOA	$T_J = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 300\text{ A}, R_g = 22\text{ }\Omega, V_{GE} = 15\text{ V to } 0\text{ V}, V_{CC} = 400\text{ V}, V_P = 600\text{ V}, L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}$	Fullsquare					
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 50\text{ A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 200\text{ V}$	-	95	-	ns		
Diode peak reverse current	$I_{rr}$		-	10	-	A		
Diode recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	480	-	nC		
Diode reverse recovery time	$t_{rr}$	$I_F = 50\text{ A}, dI_F/dt = 200\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}, V_R = 200\text{ V}, T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	144	-	ns		
Diode peak reverse current	$I_{rr}$		-	16	-	A		
Diode recovery charge	$Q_{rr}$		-	1136	-	nC		



THERMAL AND MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS					
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
Maximum junction and storage temperature	$T_J, T_{Stg}$	- 40	-	150	$^{\circ}C$
Junction to case	IGBT	-	-	0.20	$^{\circ}C/W$
	Diode	-	-	0.33	
Case to sink thermal resistance, flat greased surface	$R_{thCS}$	-	0.1	-	
Mounting torque, on terminals and heatsink	T	-	-	1.3	Nm
Weight		-	30	-	g
Case style		SOT-227			

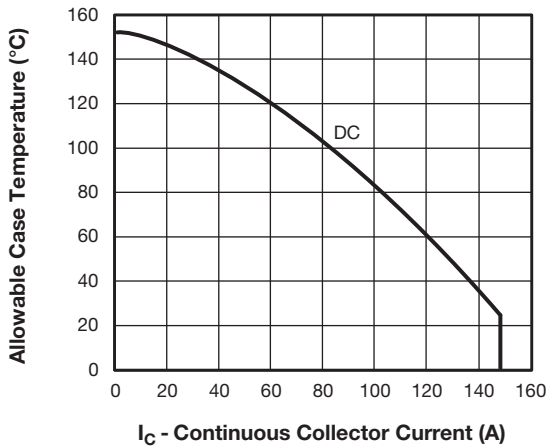


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC IGBT Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

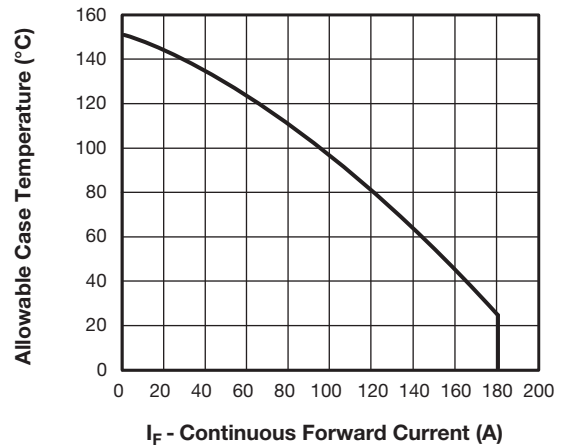


Fig. 3 - Maximum Allowable Forward Current vs. Case Temperature, Diode Leg

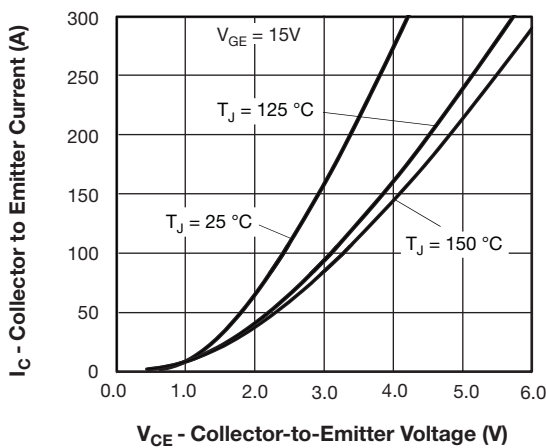


Fig. 2 - Typical Collector to Emitter Voltage (V)

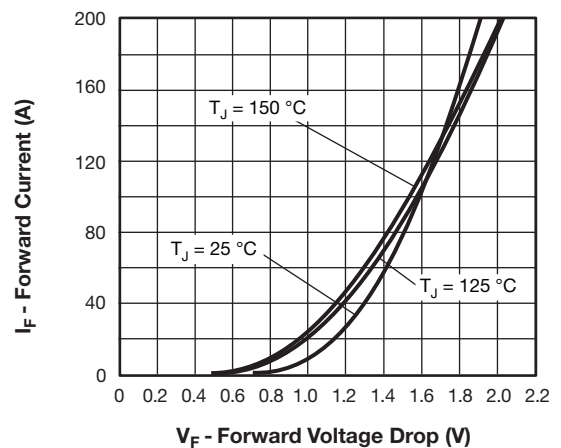


Fig. 4 - Typical Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

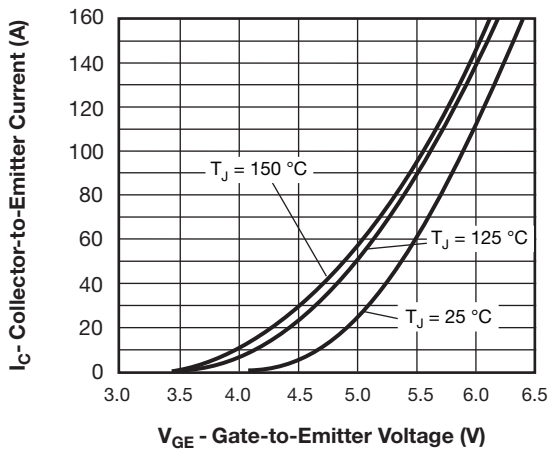


Fig. 5 - Typical IGBT Transfer Characteristics

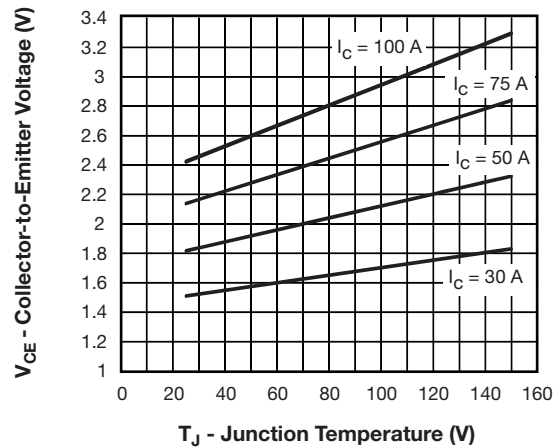


Fig. 8 - Typical IGBT Collector to Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

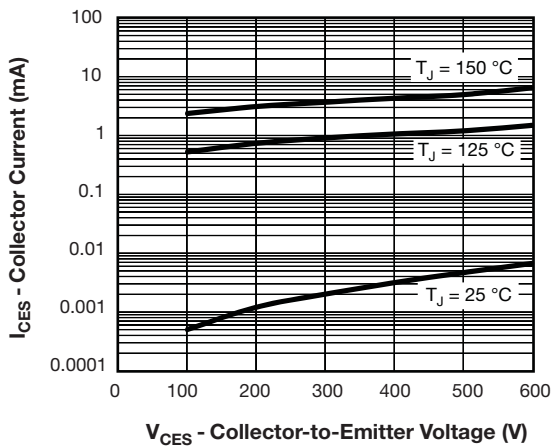


Fig. 6 - Typical IGBT Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current

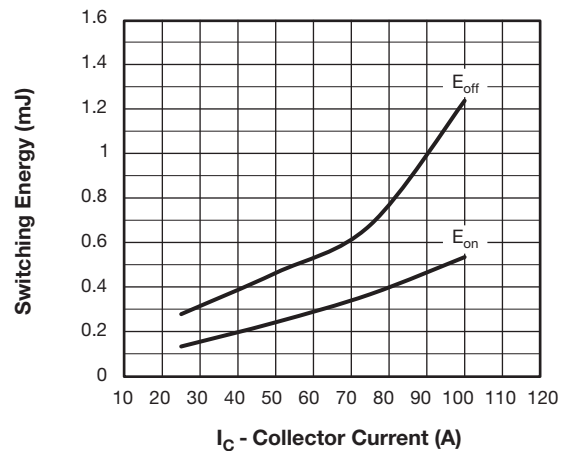


Fig. 9 - Typical IGBT Energy Losses vs.  $I_C$   
 $T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ ,  
 $R_g = 5\text{ }\Omega$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , Diode used: 60APH06

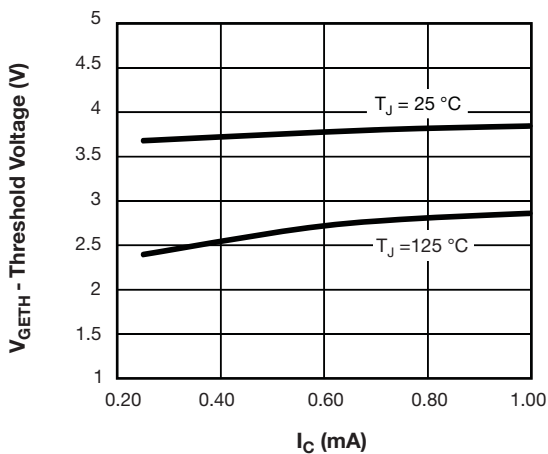


Fig. 7 - Typical IGBT Threshold Voltage

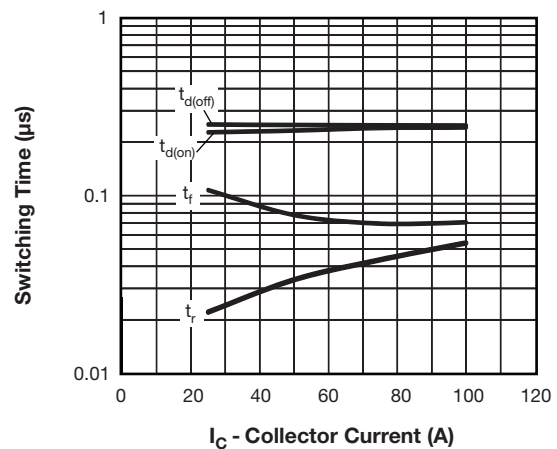


Fig. 10 - Typical IGBT Switching Time vs.  $I_C$   
 $T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ ,  
 $R_g = 5\text{ }\Omega$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , Diode used: 60APH06

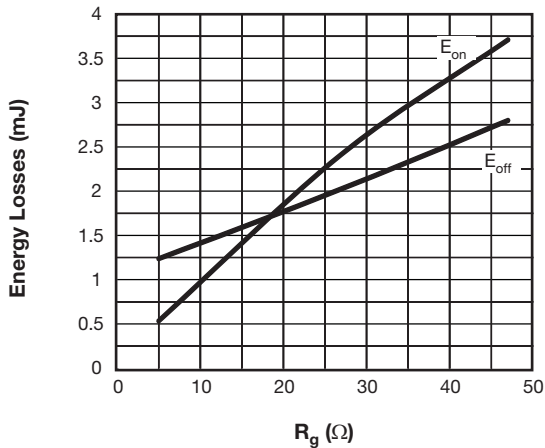


Fig. 11 - Typical IGBT Energy Loss vs.  $R_g$   
 $T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $I_C = 100\text{ A}$ ,  $L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ ,  
 $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , Diode used: 60APH06

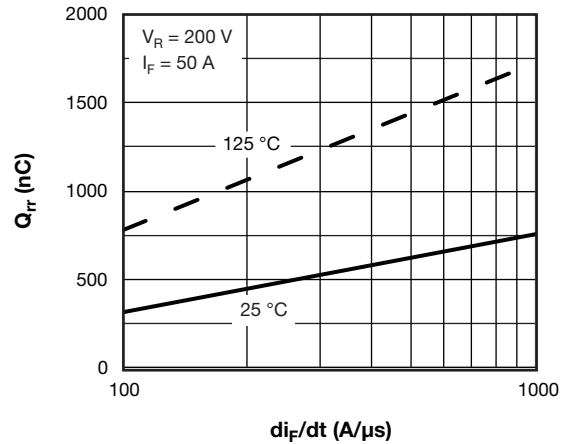


Fig. 14 - Typical Stored Charge vs.  $di_F/dt$  of Diode

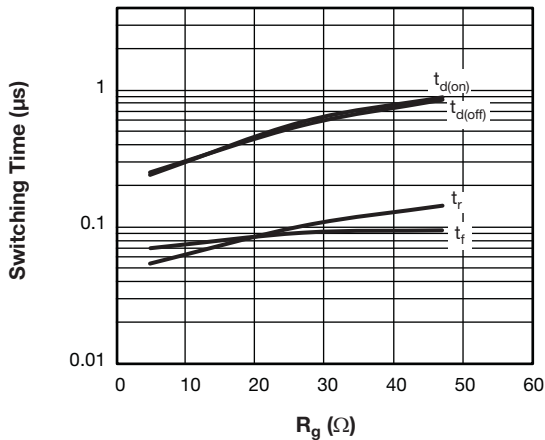


Fig. 12 - Typical IGBT Switching Time vs.  $R_g$   
 $T_J = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $L = 500\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 360\text{ V}$ ,  
 $I_C = 100\text{ A}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , Diode used: 60APH06

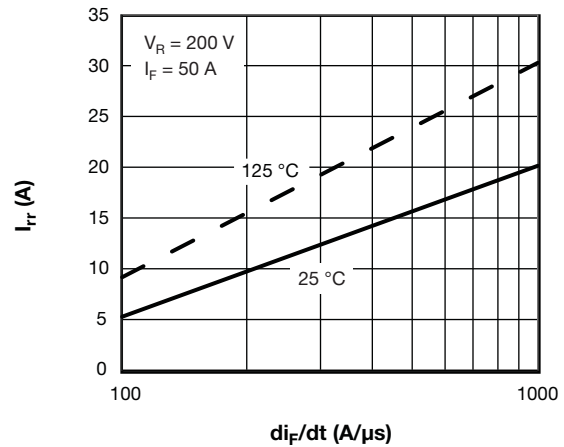


Fig. 15 - Typical Reverse Recovery Current vs.  $di_F/dt$  of Diode

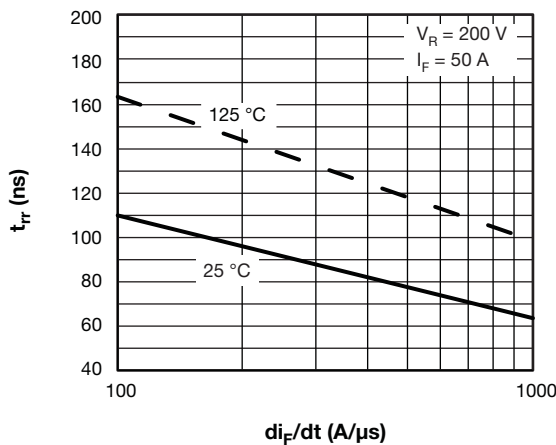


Fig. 13 - Typical Reverse Recovery Time vs.  $di_F/dt$ , of Diode

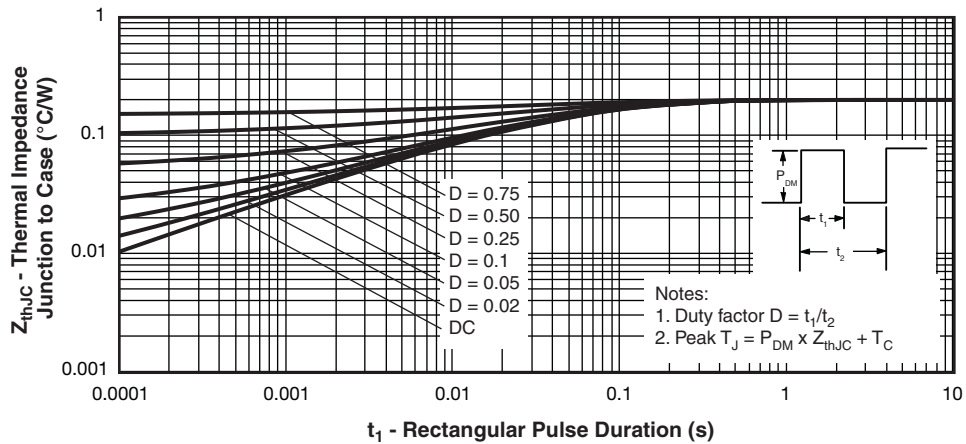


Fig. 16 - Maximum Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics, IGBT

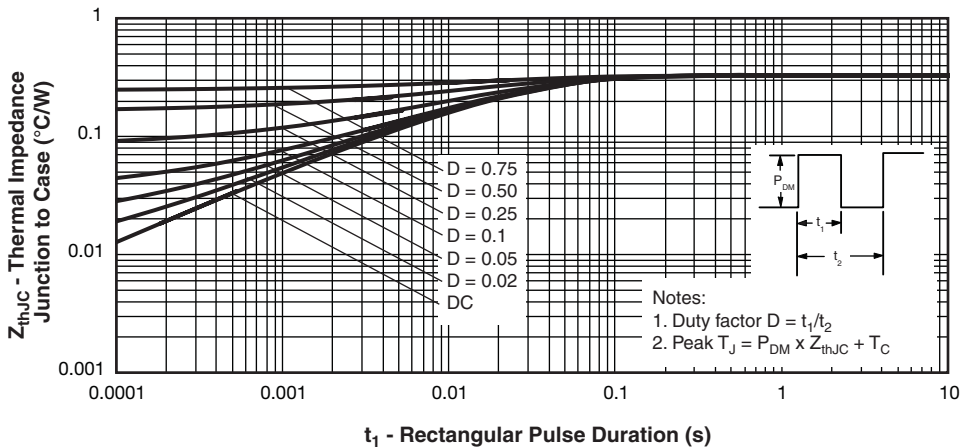


Fig. 17 - Maximum Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics, Diode

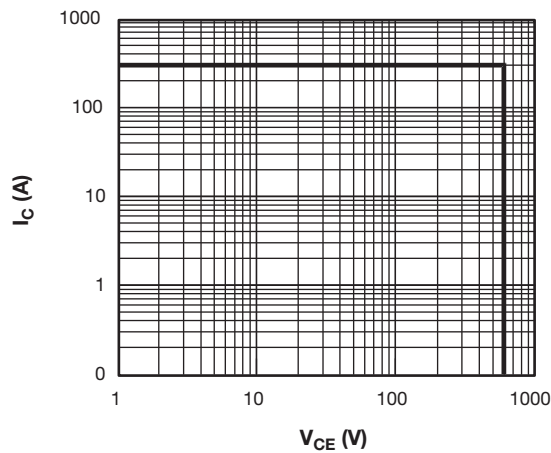
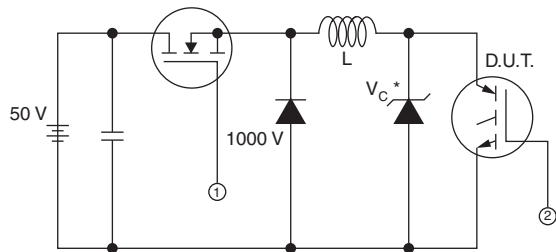
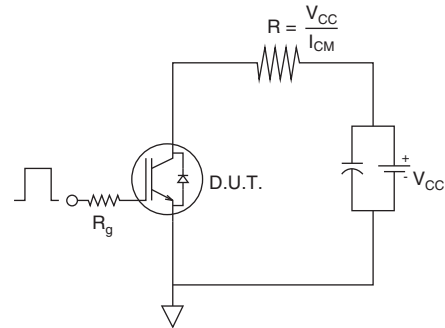


Fig. 18 - IGBT Reverse BIAS SOA,  $T_J = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$

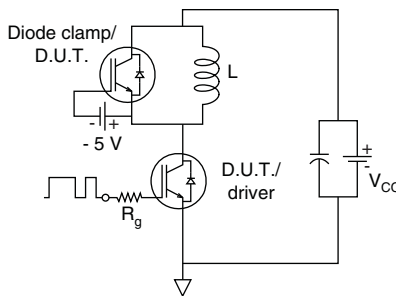


\* Driver same type as D.U.T.;  $V_C = 80\%$  of  $V_{ce(max)}$   
 \* Note: Due to the 50 V power supply, pulse width and inductor will increase to obtain  $I_d$

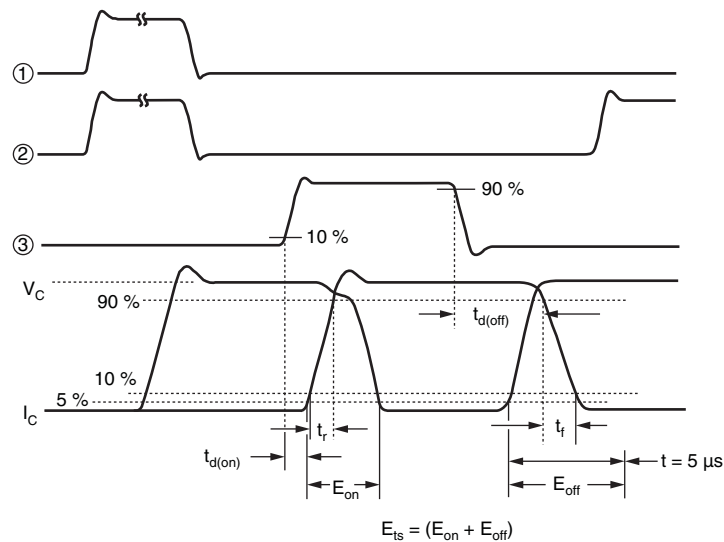
19a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit



19b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit



20a - Switching Loss Test Circuit



20b - Switching Loss Waveforms Test Circuit



**ORDERING INFORMATION TABLE**

Device code	<b>VS-</b>	<b>G</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>A</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>U</b>
	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧

- 1** - Vishay Semiconductors product
- 2** - Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistor (IGBT)
- 3** - B = IGBT Generation 5
- 4** - Current rating (90 = 90 A)
- 5** - Circuit configuration (D = Single switch with antiparallel diode)
- 6** - Package indicator (A = SOT-227)
- 7** - Voltage rating (60 = 600 V)
- 8** - Speed/type (U = Ultrafast IGBT)

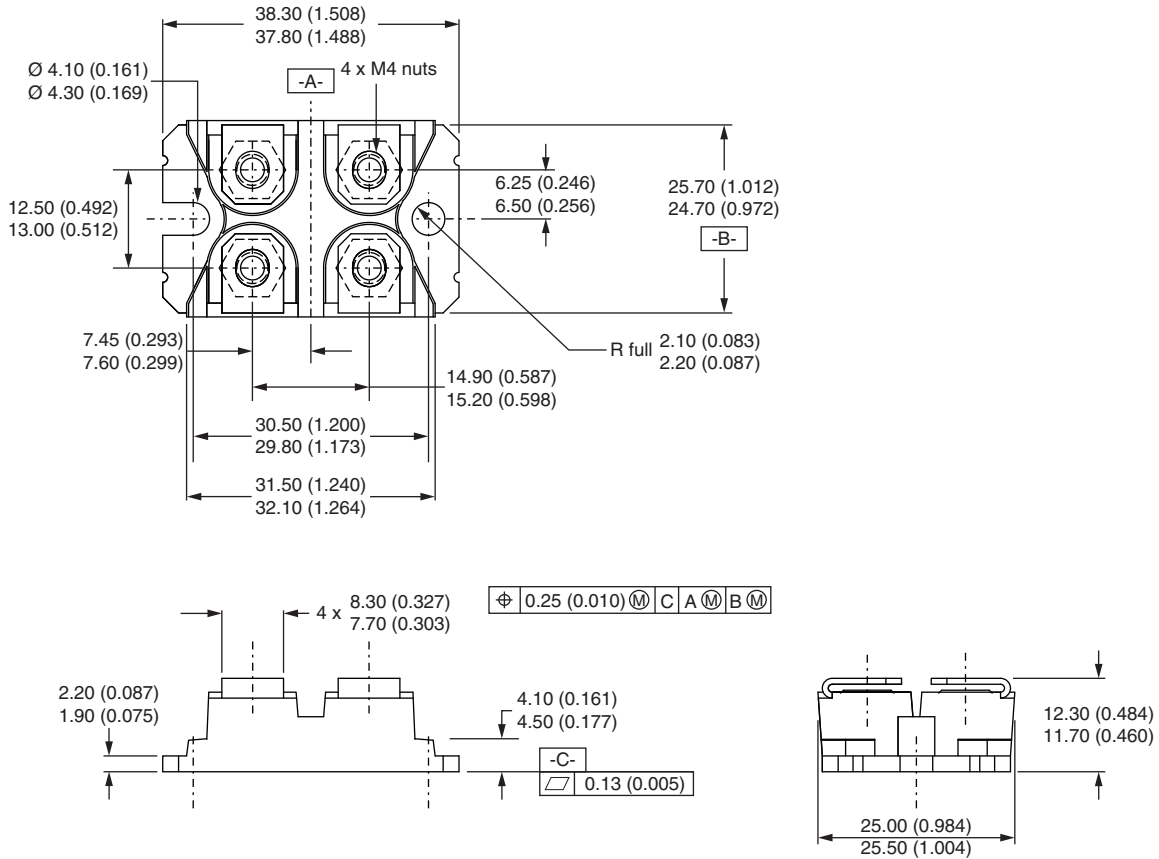
CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION		
CIRCUIT	CIRCUIT CONFIGURATION CODE	CIRCUIT DRAWING
Single switch diode	D	<div style="display: inline-block; vertical-align: top; margin-left: 20px;"> <p>Lead Assignment</p> </div>

LINKS TO RELATED DOCUMENTS	
Dimensions	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95423">www.vishay.com/doc?95423</a>
Packaging information	<a href="http://www.vishay.com/doc?95425">www.vishay.com/doc?95425</a>



### SOT-227 Generation II

**DIMENSIONS** in millimeters (inches)



**Note**

- Controlling dimension: millimeter



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**Please note that some Vishay documentation may still make reference to RoHS Directive 2002/95/EC. We confirm that all the products identified as being compliant to Directive 2002/95/EC conform to Directive 2011/65/EU.**

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